Newport Mercury.

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The Newport Mercury,

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THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1758, and is now in its one hundred and thirty-seventh year. It is the oldest newspaper in the Union, and, with less than half a dozen exceptions, the oldest printed in the English language. It is a large quarto weekly of fifty-six columns filled with interesting reading—editorial, State, local and general news, well selected miscellany and valuable farmers' and household departments.—Reaching so many households in this and other States, the limited space given to advertising is very valuable to business men.

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Societies Occupying Mercury Hall.

NEWPORT COUNCIL No. 31, Order United American Mechanics, Edward M. Gladding, Councillor; James E. Mathewson, Recording Secretary, meets every Monday evening.

KOSCIUSZKO LODGE No 42, I. O. of O. F., Geo. T. Lewis, Noble Grand; Herbert A. Kaull, Secretary; meets every Tuesday evening.

MALBONE LODGE No 63, N. E. O. P., Richard B. Scott, Warden; James H. Goddard, Secretary; meets 1st and 3d Wednesday evenings in each month.

THE NEWPORT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, A. K. McMahon, President; Alexander McClellan, Secretary; meets 2d and 4th Wednesday evenings of each month.

OCEAN LODGE, No. 7, A. O. U. W., Geo. H Boyd, Master Workman; Geo. A. Pritchard, Recorder; meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings.

PERSEVERANCE LODGE, No. 236, K. of H., Dictator, Samuel Peck; Reporter, C. H Chace; meets 2d and 4th Thursday evenings.

REDWOOD LODGE No. 11, K. of P., John T. Holt, Chancellor Commander; Julius Latz, Keeper of Records and Seal; meets every Friday evening.

DAVIS DIVISION No. 8, U. R. K. of P., Sir Knight Captain, Everett I. Horton; William D. Tew, Recorder; meets last Friday evening in each month.

Local Matters.

Thames Street to be Fixed at Once.

The Highway Committee voted to contract with the Narragansett Improvement Company of Providence, to cover Thames street from the Post Office to Bridge street with sheet asphalt similar to that laid a few years ago on lower Thames street. Work will be begun at once and it is expected be completed by the middle of next month. The committee will visit Providence next Tuesday to inspect the work now being done by the company in that city.

The Merry Dance.

Next week the social element in Newport will be kept in a giddy whirl, for entertainments and dances are to follow each other in quick succession. Monday evening Engine Co. No. 5 will give a ball at Odd Fellows Hall. Tuesday night the hall will be occupied by the Aquidneck Cycle Club and their friends. The Unity Club will give a musical entertainment at their parlors on the same evening. This will close the Club's session for this season. Wednesday evening Davis Division, K. of P., will give a social at Odd Fellows Hall, Thursday night the Verzine Club and its friends will trip the light fantastic at Odd Fellows Hall, and Friday night Weenat Shassit Tribe of Red Men will give a masquerade and ghost dance at Masonic Hall.

Rev. E. C. Bass, D. D., pastor of the First M. E. church, and Mrs. Bass were tendered a reception Wednesday evening by the members of the church. A very interesting programme of vocal and instrumental music was rendered and stereoptican views of a local nature were given by Mr. George Chase. Refreshments were served during the evening and the whole affair proved a most delightful one.

At the close of the regular drill meeting of the Newport Artillery Co., Tuesday evening Hon. John Hare Powel, in behalf of Major T. K. Gibbs, presented the Gibbs medal for the best individual score in rifle practice for the year, to Private H. M. Ackers, who was declared the winner last week.

Lieut. H. L. Willoughby is expected to return to Newport Thursday, April 24, and the Naval Reserves, of which he is the commanding officer, are arranging to give a complimentary drill in honor of the occasion.

The 6 o'clock service of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held at the Central Baptist church tomorrow. Rev. R. W. Wallace, of the United Congregational Church, will be in charge.

The contract to supply the new hose reel for Engine Company, No. 1, ordered by the City Council some weeks ago, has been awarded to Gleason & Bailey Co., of New York.

Easter Day.

Tomorrow will be Easter Day and it will be observed by the several churches in our city by special musical programmes and special sermons appropriate to the season. At Trinity church the morning service will be held at 10:30 o'clock and choral even song at 8 o'clock. The music will be under the direction of Mr. Irving P. Irons, with Mr. Alfred G. Langley as organist.

At Zabriskie Memorial church there will be an early celebration of the Holy Eucharist at 8 o'clock A. M., Morning Prayer at 10:30 A. M., and a second celebration at 10:45 A. M. A special musical programme has been arranged by the organist and choirmaster, Mr. Harry Perrelet Girard, and will be rendered by the full vested choir of the church. At 2:30 P. M. the children of the Sunday School will sing their Easter carols in the church and at 7:30 P. M. there will be choral even song.

At Emmanuel Church the services will be a celebration of the Holy Communion at 7.30 A. M., Morning Prayer and a second celebration at 10.45 A. M., and a Sunday School Carol service at 3 o'clock P. M. The usual service at 7.30 P. M. will be omitted.

At St. Mary's and St. Joseph's (R.C.) churches there will be special masses and the music will, as usual, be of a high order.

The musical programmes at several of the churches are as follows:

Trinity Church.

MORNING SERVICE.

Christ Our Passover.....Tours
Te Deum in B minor.....Dudley Buck
Benedictus in D.....Field
Holy Eucharist
Introit, "Why Seek ye the Living?" .....E. J. Hopkins
Kyrie.....Reed
Gloria Tibi.....Pleyel
Gloria Patri.....Hayes
Offertorium, "They Have Taken Away My Lord".....Stainer
Sanctus
Benedictus
Benedictus Qui Venit
Agnus Dei
Gloria in Excelsis
Post communion, "Nunc Dimittis".....Tonus Regius

CHORAL EVENSONG.

Creed
Versicles and Responses.....Tallis
Magnificat in F.....Tours
Nunc Dimittis in F.....Tours
Anthem, Christ our Passover.....Tours
Why Seek Ye the Living?.....Hopkins
They have Taken Away My Lord...Stainer
Soprano Solo, I Know That My Redeemer Liveth.....Handel

St. George's.

MORNING SERVICE, 10:45 A. M.

Christ our Passover.....Clare
Te Deum, in D.....Field
Jubilate in D.....Sullivan
Kyrie, in E flat.....Cramer
Offertorium, "I am He that Liveth".....King
Sanctus, Benedictus qui venit, Agnus Dei, Gloria in Excelsis, } in E flat.....Cramer
Nunc Dimittis.....Tonus Regius

EVENING SERVICE 7:45 P. M.

Psalter.....Gregorian
Magnificat, in D.....Field
Nunc Dimittis, in D.....Field
Offertorium, "The Resurrection".....Shelley

St. Joseph's.

CHILDREN'S MASS, 8 A. M.

"Christ the Lord is Risen Today," "I Know that My Redeemer Liveth," and "Hail the Holy Day of Days," by the Junior choir.

HIGH MASS, 10:30 A. M.

Processional.....Organ
Vini Aquam.....Sanctuary Choir
Kyrie.....Mozart's VII Mass
Gloria.....Mozart's XII Mass
Credo.....Gartz's II Mass
Offertory, Easter Anthem, Sanctus, Benedictus and Agnus Dei.....Mozart's VII Mass
Recessional, "Christ the Lord is Risen Today".....Sanctuary Choir

VESPERS, 7:30 P. M.

Processional.....Organ
Dixit Dominus.....Millard
Beatus Vir, Laudate Pueri and Laudate Dominum.....Lambert
Easter Anthem, "Haec Dies"
Magnificat.....Goch
Regina Coeli.....Sanctuary Choir
O Salutaris.....Hassinger
Tantum Ergo.....Lambert
Laudate Dominum.....Goch
Recessional, "Hail the Holy Day of Days." .....Sanctuary Choir

St. Mary's.

HIGH MASS, 10:30 A. M.

Selection, Organ.....Salome
Kyrie, Gloria, Credo, } .....Young
Offertory, "Alleluia," Easter hymn.
Sanctus, Agnus Dei.....Lambillotte
Paschal Mass in D

VESPERS, 7:30 P. M.

Dominie and Dixit.....Generale
Laudate Dominum.....Millard
Solo, "Jerusalem," Mr. J. J. Butler.
Magnificat.....Generale
Regina Coeli.....Werner
O Salutaris, Duet, Mrs. Fredericks and Mr. Butler.
Tantum Ergo.....Berge

Channing Memorial.

MORNING SERVICE, AT 10:45

Organ Prelude, Andante G Minor....Guilmant
Anthem, "My Heart is Fixed".....Whiting
Gloria.....Gregorian
Response after prayer, "My Father".....Mendelssohn
Anthem, "Come See the Place Where Jesus Lay".....Parker
Sermon, I. Cor. XV: 19—"The Resurrection Body."
Hymn, "Nearer, My God to Thee."
Andantino, Offertory.....Salome
Postlude, Triumphal Chorus.....Guilmant

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATION, 7 P. M.

Meditation, organ.....Lemaigne
Anthem, "Christ our Passover".....Buck
Carol, "Hark, I Hear Sweet Voices"...Lincoln
Chorus, "Hearts are Glad and Faces Bright" .....Cobb
"The Angels' Easter Song" soprano solo, with violin obligato.....Brewer
"Winter Days are O'er".....Raymond
"Ye Happy Easter Bells".....S. L. J.
"In the Gray Church Tower".....Emerson
"Ye Iron Bars are Broken".....Burnett
"Twas a Bluebird Told the Story".....Thayer
"Come Forth and Bring your Garlands" .....Kolmar
"On our Way Rejoicing".....Havergal
"The Clouds of Night are Passed".....Bailey

United Congregational.

MORNING SERVICE.

"Awake up my Glory".....Barnby
"The Strife is O'er".....Mendelssohn
"Easter Day".....Van de Water
(Solo by Miss Hayes.)

EVENING SERVICE.

Carol, "Shout ye High Heavens".....Dow
Carols by the Sunday School.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Titus are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Titus on Broadway.

Mrs. J. G. Johnson of Providence is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Henry H Gifford.

The City Hall Question.

A second hearing on the question of a new city hall was held at the State House, Monday evening. The attendance was not as large as at the first meeting and the discussion brought out little that was new. The full committee presided and Alderman Tilley, after calling the meeting to order, stated that the Sheffield property at the head of Washington square could be bought for the purposes proposed for $40,000 or at a price fixed by three fair-minded men, and also announced that the entire Castloff estate had nowbeen offered the committee, increasing the price for the Turner, March and Castloff estates, on Touro, School, Mary and High streets, to $51,580.

Councilman Comstock was the first to reply to the chairman's call for remarks, and renewed his advocacy of the old State House for a city hall, he believing that it would be but a short time before Providence would be the only capital of Rhode Island. He was followed by Mr. Erastus P. Allan, who said that while the Sheffield property had been his first choice at the last hearing he was now of the opinion that the Bull estate offered the greater advantages. Mr. E. W. Higbee thought the Sheffield place the natural site for a city hall, and ex-Alderman P. J. Boyle advocated the Conkling estate as a first choice, and the Watson lot as a second. Ex-Councilman W. A. Peckham favors either the Sheffield or Bull properties, but thought the latter the most convenient. Mr. George P. Lawton was for the Sheffield estate, and said that for $80,000, the price asked for the Bull property, the whole tract, from the park to Spring street, could be bought. He also suggested that the tax assessors might use some of the values established by this inquiry to this city's profit. Ex-Councilman John Cromin spoke for the Watson estate, while Mr. R C. Derby thought the present city hall occupied the proper location, and Mr. J. M. K. Southwick looked upon the Cee estate as the most central and best adapted for a city hall site. Messrs. H. A. Townsend, Thomas S. Nason, E. P. Marsh and Martin E. Bennett advocated the Bull lot, Messrs. J. H. Barney and J. G. Topham the Sheffield, and Mr. James McLeish, the Watson. Mr. Peter Turner had no preference for any particular location, but hoped that if a city hall was built it would not be placed amidst unsightly surroundings.

Methodist Ministers.

The N. E. Southern Methodist Conference closed its 55th session, Monday night, after one of the busiest days ever experienced. The assignments to Newport and adjacent towns are: First Methodist, Rev. E. C. Bass; Thames street, Rev. J. H. McDonald; Swedish, Rev. Charles Paulson; Middletown, Rev. F. L. Brooks; Portsmouth, Rev. J. N. Geisleo; Little Compton, Rev. W. E. Kugler.

In addition to these, assignments of interest to our readers from the fact that the clergymen are well known in this city are Rev. G. W. Hunt, to the South street church, Franklin, Mass.; Rev. W. I. Ward, East Weymouth, Mass.; Rev. G. H. Butler, Hillsgrove; Rev. W. H. Butler, Hull, Mass.; Rev. J. A. L. Rich, Asbury street and Rev. H. B. Cady, Chesnut street, Providence; Rev. W. A. Luce, First church, Fall River; Rev. E. F. Jones, Summerfield; Rev. J. F. Cooper, County street, and Rev. B. F. Simon, Fourth street, New Bedford; Rev. Joseph Hollingshead, Pascoag, R. I.; Rev. O. W. Scott, Willimantic.

The twentieth anniversary of the dedication of Touro chapel (Mt. Zion A. M. E. Church) was observed in a fitting manner Monday evening. Rev. William H. Thomas, of Providence, a former pastor, exhibited pictures of the different pastors and gave a resume of their work. Rev. I. S. Yeamans, the present minister, delivered an interesting address. The exercizes were interspersed with vocal and instrumental music and readings by members of the church. Refreshments were served at the close of the entertainment.

At the annual meeting of the Trustees of Long Wharf and Public Schools, held on Wednesday, April 10, 1895, the following officers were elected for the year ensuing: President, James C. Swan; Secretary and Treasurer, John S. Coggeshall; Auditing Committee, R. S. Barker, J. H. Hammett. The Board of Trustees remain the same as last year.

Tomorrow morning at the Shiloh Baptist church Rev. Mr. Jeter will preach on "The Resurrection of Jesus Christ" and in the evening he will give another of his picture sermons, the subject being "The World's Redeemer." The Sunday school will be at 12 o'clock noon.

General Burnside Assemble, No. 64, Royal Society of Good Fellows, received a visitation from the board of Grand Officers Monday evening. A turkey supper was served at the close of the meeting.

Base Ball.

The members of the Rogers High School team have been assigned positions as follows: Duncan McLean, catcher; J. M. King, pitcher and captain; W. C. Cozzens, Jr., 1st base; Frank Corbett, 2nd base; George Brownell, 3rd base; L. Carry, short stop; T. C. Albro, left field; S. Smith, centre field; Michael Sullivan, right field; Frank Fullerton, substitute.

Cozzens, Albro and Fullerton are members of the high school department of the Townsend Industrial School.

Notwithstanding all reports to the contrary, Manager Doe of New Bedford states that Steere has not signed with that team for the present season. Newport would do well to make a bid for him.

The schedule of the now Interscholastic league has been announced as follows:

April 20—Rogers vs. New Bedford, at Newport.
April 23—New Bedford vs. Fall River, at Fall River.
May 2—Fall River vs. Rogers, at Newport.
May 11—Rogers vs. New Bedford, at New Bedford.
May 15—Fall River vs. New Bedford, at New Bedford.
May 18—Rogers vs. Fall River, at Fall River.

In addition to their games in the league the local High School team is endeavoring to arrange independent dates with the Brown Freshmen, Bulkeley High School of New London, Providence High School, and the Friends' School of Providence.

The Newports have scheduled games with the Cuban Giants as follows: July 15 and 16, Aug. 8, 9 and 10, and Sept. 12, 13 and 14.

The management is now arranging the schedule of games for the summer and as soon as this is completed the season tickets will be on sale.

Manager Wilmarth hopes to secure two games with the Boston Athletic Association on the Fourth of July, but, if unable to do so, he will bring the Newton Athletics here on that day. The Woonsockets will play here on June 20.

SUPREME COURT.

Common Pleas Division—April Term.

The April term of the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court opened at the State House Monday morning, Judge Douglas presiding. The grand jury was empaneled with Joseph G. Dennis of Portsmouth as foreman. They had only one case to consider and after being out about two hours they reported an indictment against Ezer H. Northam, colored, for assault with a dangerous weapon. Northam, who is out on bail, was ordered brought into court Monday, when he will plead. The calling of the docket resulted in the usual continuances and the assignment of the following: Wager vs. Fish, April 16; Georgia A. Bowen vs. David J. McKim, April 15; William F. Barlow Jr., vs. Peter Grant alias et al., April 17; Llewellyn G. Savage et al. vs. Dalton E. Young, April 18; Michael Nahan vs. John Nahan, April 1st; Patrick H. Horgan vs. Edward F. O'Brien, April 19; Globe Yarn Mills vs. Newport Web Co., April 19; Kate Field et al. vs. Probate Court of Newport, April 20.

The case of State vs. William C. Anthony, which was continued from the last term of this court, will in all probability go over to the June session on account of the illness of his counsel, Messrs. C. A. Aldrich and P. J. Galvin. The former has been excused by the court from trying any of his cases at this term, and Mr. Galvin is still at the Hot Springs.

The court adjourned Monday afternoon until next Monday morning.

The Boys' Brigade.

The first company of the Boys Brigade, organized and drilled for the past several weeks by Rev. Isaac Newton Phelps, was inspected at the Artillery Company's Armory by Col. Barker. The boys first took the oath of allegiance to the flag, after which Col. Barker spoke to them of the duties of a soldier. His remarks were very interesting and were listened to with marked attention. The boys were then put through flag and Bible drills by Capt. Phelps, after which Corporal John R. Austin, of the Artillery, drilled them in the manual of arms and company movements.

Next Thursday evening a supper and entertainment will be given at the First Baptist Church to raise funds to complete the Company's equipment.

Shiloh Baptist Church will give an Easter concert, exhibition and sale of useful and fancy articles on April 16, 17, and 18, the proceeds of which will be given to the church as an Easter offering. An interesting program has been arranged and the children of the Sunday School have made some very fine articles for the sale. The worthy object to which the proceeds will be devoted should not fail to secure a large attendance.

Mr. Andrew G. C. Breeze, a member of the class of '93 of the Rogers High School, has been in town this week. He is at present traveling agent for the American Bell Telephone Company.

School Board Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the school committee was held Monday evening, Chairman Barker presiding. The meeting was a lively one, and the business considerably prolonged by discussion. It was the methods practiced in introducing business rather than the business itself, however, which was discussed, and the principal result was to show a lack of harmony amongst the members.

On recommendation of the committee on Finance, the two janitors who had applied for an increase of wages were given leave to withdraw. The committee on Industrial School reported that the machine room of the building had been equipped from the $600 received from the income of the Townsend fund, and on its recommendation the equipment of the forge room at a cost of $1000 was authorized, the money to be taken from the accrued interest on the Townsend fund.

Mr. Cozzens, chairman of the committee on Text Books, gave notice that he should recommend a change in the French and German text books now in use in the Rogers High School, but his action was objected to as the matter had not been before his committee.

The petition of Frank Townsend Southwick, for the use of the Rogers High School building for the summer meeting of the New York School of Expression, under the same condition as last summer, was received and laid on the table.

The statistics of attendance in the day and evening schools for the third term of the school year, ending April 5, 1895, were given by the superintendent as follows:

Day Schools—Year register, 2523; term register, 2317; average belonging, 2069; average attending, 1897; percentage of attendance, 93.2.

Townsend Industrial School—Total number of different persons enrolled in the Townsend Industrial School courses, 1145.

Industrial and commercial (high school) classes, 95.

Sloyd—Total enrollment—Teachers, 17; boys, 299; total, 316; possible number days attendance, 2620; actual number days attendance, 2502; percentage of attendance, 95.3.

Cooking—Total enrollment, 451; possible number days attendance, 1615; actual number days attendance, 1701; percentage of attendance, 89.3.

Sewing and Dressmaking—Total enrollment, 572; possible number days attendance, 2263; actual number days attendance, 1877; percentage of attendance, 81.8.

Evening Classes (non-attendants)—Drawing, total enrollment, 77; bookkeeping, 31; cooking, 59; dressmaking, 28; total, 195; names counted twice, 14; net total, 181.

Evening work in drawing and bookkeeping ended March 22.

Superintendent Baker's report also included the following:

In 1893 several patriotic societies—among them the Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution—caused to be cast, at large expense and forwarded to the World's Fair at Chicago, a facsimile of the Centennial Liberty Bell which is located in Philadelphia. The material for the bell consisted largely of historical relics, contributed by persons from all parts of the world who had in their possession such things as medals, coins, swords, etc., formerly belonging to Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Hamilton, and other worthies of our national history. I have also heard (but I am not sure that it is a fact) that the United States government contributed disused ordinance for this purpose. More material having been given than was needed, the overflow metal has been used for the purpose of casting souvenir bells—facsimiles of the large Columbian bell, with the idea that the smaller bells might be used in schools in connection with the celebration of important national events, to teach boys and girls patriotism, and to stimulate their interest in the history of our country—especially that part of it which relates to the Revolutionary war and the adoption of the constitution. A primer of patriotism accompanies each bell. The price of the latter is $15.

Mrs. B. O. Wilbour of Bristol is the member of the committee for Rhode Island. Mrs. Wilbour has given one bell. Senator Wetmore has contributed the sum of $20, which will buy one bell and leave $5 toward another. Mr. Thomas P. Peckham and another party have added enough to buy a third bell. Other citizens of Newport have contributed towards this object, but I am unable at present to give their names. If these are accepted, I recommend that one be placed in the Lenthal school, one in the Coddington school and one in the Calvert school, since these are the largest elementary schools in the city.

The report of Principal Campbell, showing the work of the evening classes in drawing and bookkeeping, was read and received, as was also that of Truant Officer Topham, asking for authority to prosecute certain habitual truants.

Charles E. Lawton Post, No. 5, G. A. R., celebrated the 30th anniversary of Lee's surrender at Appomattox, Wednesday evening. A number of the lady friends and other invited guests were present and Rev. J. M. Craig delivered a most interesting address on the event, which brought to an end the War of the Rebellion. Remarks pertinent to the occasion were also made by Post Commander C. H. Clarke, Comrades W. S. Bailey and George A. Pritchard, and a number of war songs were rendered.

Mr. Russell K. Bryer, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia during the past week, is much improved and hopes soon to be able to be out.

CLEANINGS FROM HISTORY.

Presented by JAMES C. SWAN.

How Herod sailed out of Italy to Judea, and fought with Antigonus; and what other Things happened in Judea about that time.

By this time Herod had sailed out of Italy to Ptolemais, and had gotten together no small army, both of strangers and of his own countrymen; and marched through Galilee against Antigonus. Silo also, and Ventidius, came and assisted him, being persuaded by Dellius, who was sent by Antony to help bring back Herod. Now for Ventidius, he was employed in composing the disturbances that had been in the cities by the means of the Parthians, and for Silo, he was in Judea indeed, but corrupted by Antigonus. However, as Herod went along, his army increased every day, and all Galilee, with some small exception, joined him: but as he was marching to those that were in Masada, for he was obliged to endeavor to save those that were in that fortress, now they were besieged, because they were his relations, Joppa was a hindrance to him; for it was necessary for him to take that place first, it being a city at variance with him, that no stronghold might be left in his enemies's hands behind him when he should go to Jerusalem: and when Silo made this a pretence for rising up from Jerusalem, and was therefor pursued by the Jews, Herod fell upon them with a small body of men, and put the Jews to flight and saved Silo, when he was very poorly able to defend himself; but when Herod had taken Joppa, he made haste to set free those of his family that were in Masada. Now of the people of the country, some joined him because of the friendship they had with his father, and some because of the splendid appearance he made, and others by way of requital for the benefits they had received from both of them; but the greatest number came to him in hopes of getting somewhat from him afterward, if he once firmly settled in the kingdom.

Herod had now a strong army; and as he marched on, Antigonus laid snares and ambushes in the passes and places most proper for them; but in truth, he thereby did little or no damage to the enemy; so Herod received those of his family out of Masada, and the fortress Rezas, and then went on for Jerusalem. The soldiery also that was with Silo accompanied him all along, as did many of the citizens, being afraid of his power; and as soon as he had pitched his camp on the west side of the city, the soldiers that were set to guard that part shot their arrows and throw their darts at him; and when some sallied out in a crowd, and came to fight hand to hand with the first ranks of Herod's army, he gave orders that they should, in the first place, make proclamation about the wall, that he came for the good of the people, and for the preservation of the city, and not to bear any old grudge at even his most open enemies, but ready to forget the offences which his greatest adversaries had done him." But Antigonus, by way of reply, to what Herod had caused to be proclaimed, and this before the Romans, and before Silo also, said, that "they would not do justly, if they gave the kingdom to Herod, who was no more than a private man, and an Idumean, i. e. a half Jew; whereas they ought to bestow it on one of the royal family, as their custom was; for, that in case they at present bear an ill will to him, and had resolved to deprive him of the kingdom, as having received it from the Parthians, yet were there many others of his family that might by their law take it, and these such as had no way offended the Romans, and being of the sacerdotal family, it would be an unworthy thing to put them by." Now, while they said thus one to another, and fell to reproaching one another on both sides, Antigonus permitted his own men that were upon the wall to defend themselves; who using their bows, and showing great alacrity against their enemies easily drove them away from the towers.

And now it was that Silo discovered that he had taken bribes: for he set a good number of his soldiers to complain aloud of the want of provisions they were in, and to require money to buy them food, and that it was fit to let them go into places proper for winter quarters, since the places near the city were a desert by reason that Antigonus's soldiers had carried all away: so he set the army upon removing, and endeavored to march away: but Herod pressed Silo not to depart; and exhorted Silo's captains and soldiers not to desert him, when Cæsar and Antony, and the senate had sent him thither, for that he would provide them with plenty of all the things they wanted, and easily procure them a great abundance of what they required; after which entreaty he immediately went out into the country, and left not the least pretence to Silo for his departure, for he brought an unexpected quantity of provisions, and sent to those friends of his who inhabited about Samaria, to bring down corn, and wine, and oil, and cattle, and all other provisions to Jericho, that there might be no want of a supply for the soldiers for the time to come. Antigonus was sensible of this, and sent presently over the country such as might restrain and lie in ambush for those that went out for provisions. So these men obeyed the orders of Antigonus, and got together a great number of armed men about Jericho, and sat upon the mountains, and watched those that brought the provisions. However, Herod was not idle in the mean time: for he took ten bands of soldiers, of whom five were of the Romans and five of the Jews, with some mercenaries among them, and with some few horsemen, and came to Jericho; and as they found the city deserted, but that five hundred of them had settled themselves on the tops of the hills, with their wives and children, those he took and sent away; but the Romans fell upon the city and plundered it, and found the houses full of all sorts of good things. So the king left a garrison at Jericho, and came back again; and sent the Roman army to take their winter quarters in the countries that were come over to him, Judea and Galilee, and Samaria. And so much did Antigonus gain of Silo for the bribes he gave him, that part of the army should be quartered at Lydda, in order to please Antony. So the Romans laid their weapons aside, and lived in plenty of all things.

But Herod was not pleased with lying still, but sent out his brother Joseph against Idumea with two thousand armed footmen and four hundred horsemen; while he himself came to Samaria, and left his mother and his other relatives there, for they were already gone out of Massada; and went into Galilee to take certain places which were held by the garrisons of Antigonus; and he passed on to Sepphoris, as God sent a snow, while Antigonus's garrisons withdrew themselves, and had great plenty of provisions. He also went thence, and resolved to destroy those robbers that dwelt in the caves, and did much mischief in the country; so he sent a troop of horsemen, and three companies of armed footmen against them. They were very near a village called Arbela; and on the fortieth day after, he came himself with his whole army: and as the enemy sallied out boldly upon him, the left wing of his army gave way; but he appearing with a body of men put these to flight who were already conquerers, and recalled his men that ran away. He also pressed upon his enemies, and pursued them as far as the river Jordan, though they ran away by different roads. So he brought over to him all Galilee, excepting those that dwelt in the caves, and distributed money to every one of his soldiers, giving them a hundred and fifty drachmæ a piece, and much more to their captains, and sent them into quarters: at which time Silo came to him, because Antigonus would not give them provisions any longer, for he supplied them for no more than one month; nay, he had sent to all the country about, and ordered them to carry off the provisions that were there, and retire to the mountains, that the Romans might have no provisions to live upon, and so might perish by famine; but Herod committed the care of that matter to Pheroras, his younger brother; and ordered him to repair Alexandrium also. Accordingly he quickly made the soldiers abound with great plenty of provisions, and rebuilt Alexandrium which had been before desolate.

To be continued.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals.

Herbert L. Dyer has sold, at mortgagee's sale, to Howard Smith, A. Prescott Baker and wife, Harriett F. Brownell and Thomas A. Lawton and wife, for $3,067.63, a lot of land, with buildings, containing 2100 square feet.

William Toole has sold to Annie Toole, a lot of lands with buildings and improvements.

DeBlois, Hunter & Eldridge have sold for St. Mary's parish the Matthews property, so-called, situate on the easterly side of Thames street, containing 5,060 square feet of land, with buildings, to the Newport Gas Light Company.

Whipple & Son have rented for Mr. John Radford his large store in the new brick building at the corner of Spring and Mill streets to Mr. Patrick J. Waldron of this city, who will fit it up as a confectionery shop.

Simeon Hazard has let on lease the large house at the corner of Marlborough and Farewell streets, formerly known as the "Nichols Hostelry," to Joseph B. Millett, who will thoroughly renovate the premises and open it to the public about May 1st.

Henry C. Cronkright and wife of New York have sold to Benjamin F. Constable, also of New York, a lot of land on Oakwood Terrace and Red Cross avenue for $1, etc.

A. O'D. Taylor has let premises No. 70 Mill street, corner of Division street for Mr. John Henry Tilley to Mr. William F. Davis, secretary of the Golf club, for a year.

The Young Men's Christian Association will hold a special Easter service at the Central Baptist Church next Sunday evening at six o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by Rev. Robert W. Wallace and the music will be rendered by a choir of the following named ladies and gentlemen:

Soprano—Mrs. W. H. Tibbetts, Miss J. Buchanan, Miss Fry, Miss Speer.

Altos—Mrs. Galen Davis, Miss Sadie Bailey, Miss L. Potter.

Tenors—Mr. Geo. A. Pritchard, Mr. Galen Davis, Mr. H. W. Rankin.

Bass—Mr. A. A. Tilley, Mr. H. C. Tilley, Mr. Aug. H. Swan.

Organist—Mr. T. A. Spencer.

The selections will be the "gloria," from Mozart's 12th Mass, the old Easter anthem, "Jerusalem My Glorious Home," and Gospel hymns particularly suitable for Easter Day. Ladies are invited to be present, and invitations have been sent to the pastors of any young people's societies of the city.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Spinning Wheel Club.

President—Mrs. B. F. Thurston.
Vice President—Miss Minnie H. Peckham.
Secretary and Treasurer—Miss Ruth E. Peckham.
Captain—Mrs. F. W. Hay.
Lieutenant—Miss Maud L. Clarke.
Committee on Membership—Miss C. M. Burleigh, Mrs. A. B. Sayer, Miss Mary Rusk.

Shiloh Baptist Church.

President—Armistead Hurley.
Secretary—Rev. Henry N. Jeter.
Treasurer—Francis L. Girard.
Directors—Stephen G. Payne, John Grayson.

In response to an invitation from Rev. E. H. Porter, Rhode Island and Excelsior Lodges, I. O. O. F., will attend divine service at Emmanuel church, Sunday evening, April 28.

Mr. John Gilpin spent yesterday at Wellesley, Mass., the guest of his daughter, who is a student at Wellesley college.

Capt. H. B. Ryder, of Dennisport, Mass., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Joseph G. Perry.

CHICKAMAUGA.

By Captain P. A. MITCHEL.

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[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER XXVI.

AN IMPORTANT LETTER.

The battle of Chickamauga is over. The Army of the Cumberland has withdrawn to Chattanooga, safe for the present at least behind breastworks. Their enemies are looking down upon them from the heights that encircle the town, awaiting for them to fall an easy prey through starvation. Colonel Maynard is awaiting the result of army red tape in the matter of his court martial. The papers in the case were lost in the rout of the right and were forgotten in his efforts to save the left. At any rate, no one seemed to care anything about them. The ups and downs in military life are rapid, and since the celat attending his gallant services on the ridge his comrades were disposed to look upon his sacrifice of himself for another as rather a heroic act, after all, quite in accord with his peculiar personality.

One day—it was perhaps a week after the retreat of the Army of the Cumberland—Maynard was sitting in his tent with Jakey and the girl found on the battlefield. Jakey had turned up in due time and renewed his services with the deposed colonel. True, that colonel's position was somewhat anomalous. He was in no great need of an orderly, but was disposed to avail himself of Jakey's friendship. He had neither seen nor communicated with his wife, feeling a disinclination to do so until something definite should occur to establish his future status with the army. Jakey therefore continued to be the only friend "present for duty."

"You say," said Maynard to Jakey on the occasion mentioned, "that you left her at the house to which I told you to take her and took a hand in the fight."

"Reckon."

"Where did you get anything to fight with?"

"Dead sojer. Tuk his gun 'n cartridges."

"Upon my word! I wonder the enemy stood against such a re-enforcement."

"Waal, I shot one of 'em anyway. We was tuk by lots more 'n we uns 'n was runnin. Suddent I hearn a man say, 'Stop, thar, y' little Yankee rascal!' I turned roun 'n sor a ossifer on horseback. He called on me fo' ter surrender, 'n I up 'n shot him."

"You don't mean it!"

"Reckon."

"Then what did you do?"

"Waal, t'other uns, they went on, 'n I skedaddled."

"Well?"

"Then I went back to th' house 'n found Jennie, 'n by that time 't was gittin dark, 'n the army commenced ter retreat. We uns retreated with th' rest on 'em."

"On foot?"

"Yas, part o' the way. Jennie she got tired, so we sat down by thor road till some cavalry (Jakey had learned not to call them critter companies) came along after the infantry had all passed. One on 'em said, 'If thet hain't Colonel Maynard's orderly.' 'N with a little gal,' said mother. Then th' fust on 'em tuk me on behind him 'n t'other un tuk Jennie on before him, 'n we nus all scorred th' retreat."

"A valuable acquisition to the rear guard," observed Maynard, and he began to question the little girl. He discovered that she was the daughter of a farmer living on the battlefield who had neglected to remove his family till the last minute. Caught in the midst of a fight, all became panic stricken, and the child was separated from the rest.

While he was gaining this information an orderly came to his tent and showed him a letter postmarked County Cavan, Ireland, and addressed to the man who had assisted in the escape of Caroline Fitz Hugh. But there were features of the address which led Maynard to doubt if it was not for some other Ratigan.

"Where did you get this?" he asked.

"It came in with the mail. It's been lying unclaimed for several days, as no one knows who it is for. There was a Ratigan in the —th cavalry, but he is among the missing. The letter was taken to the headquarters of that regiment, and Colonel Burke suggested that you might know something about the man."

"Ah, yes!" said Maynard sadly. "You can tell Colonel Burke that I saw Ratigan killed. But this reminds me," he added. "I must see if I can regain his body." Then to the orderly: "I wish you would say to Major Burke that if he will give me an escort I'll go out under flag of truce and see if I can find out anything about Corporal Ratigan, whom I saw fall from his horse in the enemy's lines. Ask him to make out a request for permission to send out the flag, forward it and let me know the result."

The result was a permission to send out "the flag," and the next morning, after an early breakfast, Colonel Maynard, accompanied by Jakey and the little girl, whom Maynard hoped to restore to her parents, each mounted and all attended by a lieutenant and 20 men, set out from Chattanooga toward Mission Ridge. They met the enemy's pickets at the base of the ridge and were conducted to Rossville. Colonel Maynard at once requested that he might be accorded an interview with Colonel Fitz Hugh, if that officer survived the battle. A messenger was sent to summon him, and as he had some miles to go "the flag" party dismounted, were taken into a house, where they awaited the officer's arrival. Every attention was shown them, and they were made as comfortable as possible. Two hours after the departure of the courier Colonel Fitz Hugh rode up to the door.

There was always a certain embarrassment between those two men, which under the circumstances was quite natural, but which was heightened by the paternal dignity with which Fitz Hugh bore himself. There was much to divert them apart and much to draw them together, but it all resulted in constraint. Fitz Hugh lifted his hat to Maynard, then advanced and put out his hand. Neither seemed to think of appropriate words of greeting, and there were a few moments of silence, which were broken by Maynard referring to his mission.

"Colonel," he said, "I am the bearer of a letter for Corporal Ratigan, though the superscription gives a different title than corporal—the man who assisted me on the mission which you doubtless well remember. I saw Ratigan fall from his horse and suppose that he is dead. Am I right?"

"No, sir. Corporal Ratigan lives. He was severely wounded by a shot from your men. He managed to keep his saddle till his work was accomplished, when he fainted through loss of blood. For a time his life hung in the balance. We now hope for his recovery."

"I am rejoiced to hear it. Perhaps this letter is for him. Will you attend to its delivery?"

"If you will ride with me to Ringold, where he lies, you can deliver it in person."

"That would indeed be a pleasure. Can you get permission to take me so far within your lines?"

"I can try."

"In that case I may look, by the way, for the home of this little girl. I rescued her from the battlefield, where she was lost."

A request was sent up to headquarters for permission to take Colonel Maynard and two children to Ringold and to visit the recent field of battle by the way. While the party were waiting for a reply Maynard was introduced to a number of Confederate officers, and the story getting round that he had saved the life of a Confederate emissary, the sister of Colonel Fitz Hugh, he soon found himself an object of interest. There was little disposition to inquire into the right or wrong of his act. The service was quite sufficient, and the deposed colonel was as highly honored among the Confederates as he had been condemned by his comrades.

Permission came for Colonel Fitz Hugh to take the party forward, leaving the escort at Rossville and taking Colonel Maynard's parole not to divulge anything he might see to the Union commanders, a useless provision, for there was nothing of importance by the way for him to see.

It was a singular party that crisp October morning, entering down the Chattanooga and Lafayette road, the recent bone of contention, toward the now deserted battlefield. Maynard and Fitz Hugh rode together at the front. Then came Jakey and Jennie, both mounted like the rest, while a troop of Confederate cavalry formed the escort. The two colonels talked on everything except what was uppermost in their minds. Fitz Hugh several times attempted to guide the conversation upon Maynard's service to his sister in order that he might make a proper acknowledgment, but Maynard, foreseeing his intention, always made some remark by way of thwarting him.

"There are the heights from which you shelled the reserve marching to our relief," said Maynard, glancing to the left.

"And here our men found themselves near this coveted road, over which we are passing, when the fog lifted on Sunday morning," replied the other.

"Now we come to the horseshoe ridge. Let us ride around its base. From what the little girl has told me I fancy she lives on the road leading to Reed's bridge."

"My pop lives down thar," said the child, pointing to a cabin a mile below them.

Leaving the Chattanooga road, they followed another leading around the ridge, soon striking a third leading to Reed's bridge. When they came to the house pointed out by Jennie, a man was sitting on the fence, or one section of it which happened not to have been taken for firewood like the rest, whittling a stick. Catching sight of the child as the party rode up, he went to her, and taking her in his arms covered her with kisses. The mother, hearing the exclamations, rushed out and repeated the father's caresses.

The parents expressed as well as they were able and in their humble way their thanks to the rescuer of their child, and the party proceeded on their way.

"Goodby, Jennie," said her friend Jakey as he rode off.

"Goodby."

"Ef ye'll write me a letter, I'll make y' a doll outen a corncob. I know how ter make 'em."

"I can't write."

"Waal, I'll do it anyhow. Yer a purty nice young un ef y' air only a gal."

Riding over Reed's bridge, the party passed through the gap in the ridge beyond, and descending the east slope soon struck a road leading to Ringold. They rode into the town about noon and soon drew rein before the house where Corporal Ratigan lay wounded. Fitz Hugh and Maynard dismounted and entered together, Jakey bringing up the rear. In the hallway, her eyes large with astonishment at seeing her brother in company with Colonel Maynard, stood Caroline Fitz Hugh.

If the brother had failed in expressing his thanks to Maynard, the sister succeeded, but not by words. She grasped Maynard's hand, when suddenly, for the first time since her escape, a full realizing sense of the terrible end she had so narrowly escaped swept over her. She was looking her gratitude, with all the intensity of her expressive eyes, when her formal brother said:

"Caroline, Colonel Maynard suffered disgrace on your account. It is proper you should know how much we owe him."

This information was too much for even the strong nature of so resolute a woman. She burst into a passionate flood of tears.

"For the first time since it occurred," said Maynard gently, "I am satisfied with my act. What is the opinion of men to me beside the consciousness of having served so admirable a woman?"

Fitz Hugh threw open a door near by and led the way through it into a room where Corporal Ratigan, his ruddy locks contrasting with his pale face and the whiteness of his pillow, looked at them with the same astonishment as Miss Fitz Hugh.

"Why, colonel," he exclaimed, "are ye a prisoner?"

"No. I came by the courtesy of Colonel Fitz Hugh to deliver this letter, which I think is for you. Are you Hugh Ratigan?"

"Of um."

"Sir Hugh Ratigan?"

"No; me father was Sir Thomas Ratigan of County Cavan, Ireland."

"Perhaps there have been changes," and Maynard handed him the letter.

The corporal took it and looked first at the black seal and then at the handwriting, which he recognized at once as his mother's, and read, "To Sir Hugh Ratigan, United States Army, Tennessee, U. S. A."

"Me brother is dead," he said solemnly and then tore open the envelope.

The letter advised him, as he supposed, of the death of his elder brother, and as the title and estates of the family descended to him he was adjured to go home and attend to his affairs.

"Is it as we supposed?" asked Maynard.

"It is. Ol'm Sir Hugh true enough. Me brother, God rest 'im, is gone."

"We sympathize with you at your brother's death and rejoice with you at your own inheritance," said Fitz Hugh.

All in turn took the corporal by the hand.

"You must go home at once," said Maynard.

"How will Ol go home when Ol'm enlisted for three years or durin the war?"

"We'll have to get you out of that," said Maynard. "Your duties are more important in Ireland than as a corporal in our service. We have more than a plenty of men."

"I wish we could say the same," observed Colonel Fitz Hugh.

The visiting party, expecting to return that afternoon, had but little time to converse upon anything except Sir Hugh Ratigan's future, and this they considered fully. It was arranged that as soon as the baronet should be able to travel he was to go through the lines, apply for a discharge and go to Ireland. Colonel Fitz Hugh anticipated no difficulty in securing his permission to depart from the Confederacy, and as he was a British subject of rank it was not expected that he would be held to a strict accountability for the part he had taken in the escape of Caroline Fitz Hugh, especially as that act had been largely lost sight of in an event of greater moment—the battle of Chickamauga. These matters once settled, the party moved toward the door, where adieus were spoken, then mounted and rode away.

CHAPTER XXVII.

THE CHOICE OF A POST.

Caroline Fitz Hugh had watched over Corporal Ratigan every day since his wounding, and by careful nursing had doubtless saved his life. It was not for the corporal to fall in love with his nurse, for he had loved her ever since the day he first met her. When the visiting party had left the house, she went back to her charge, and after a few words of sympathy at the loss of his brother, putting out her hand frankly, and with a smile:

"Arise, Sir Hugh," she said. "You have been on your back long enough. You must get used to sitting up and prepare to go to Ireland and to administer your estate."

"Darlin," he said, looking up at her wistfully.

"It's time you were breaking yourself of calling me that. You must forget the Confederate 'telegraph worker,' go home and marry one of the daughters of the neighboring gentry and settle down to become 'a fine old Irish gentleman, one of the rare old stock.'"

"That's a fine picture ye're makin for me, and what'll ye be doin meantime?"

"Working for my country."

"And haven't ye promised ye would do no more telegraph workin?"

"Oh, that duty has come to an abrupt termination! I shall never attempt it again. How could I after the sacrifice you and Colonel Maynard have made for me? Besides, if seen within the Federal lines, I should be recognized, and I would then deserve my fate."

"Ye'd better abandon the cause."

"Never, so long as it is a cause. So long as my brothers continue the struggle I will be with them."

"Then so long as the Union army is fightin ye Ol'll be in its ranks."

"You'll do no such thing. You will go home, where your presence is more needed—to your mother, to your tenants. Ireland needs all her landowners such as you at home. That is your country. You have no interest here."

"And the United States is your country. You have no other."

"Rats!"

"Darlin!"

There was a silence between them for some moments. Ratigan laid his hand on hers while she was looking, with a pained expression, out of the window. In her eyes was a far look. Her companion had strengthened certain doubts which had at times come up to trouble her as to the ultimate success, the real motives which underlay her cause, and with her intense, devoted nature had led her to feel that all this vast effort put forth by her people might in the end avail nothing or would only, if successful, perpetuate a wrong. Her lover saw her troubled expression. He did not attempt to comfort her by recalling what he had said. He pushed on further.

"Darlin," he said.

"Darlin," he said, "ye're right when ye say Ol'm needed in Oireland. Go with me, darlin. Be me wife. Let all this intense effort, this sacrifice ye're putin into a cause, which Ol foresee is doomed, be given to me tenants. The estate is a large one, and there are hundreds of people for ye to befriend. There ye can work to a purpose. There yer efforts in behalf of a really downtrodden people will be for good."

"And have my brothers in the midst of this horrid struggle? I will stay here till the last one is dead, till the last blow of the hammer has rivoted our chains."

Born and bred in the south, Miss Fitz Hugh had never seen except with southern eyes. Here was a man who was giving her views never before open to her. She had a mind capable of grasping them and saw the strength, the solid sense, beneath them when properly presented.

"Darlin," said the young baronet, "the world moves on quickly. If yer people succeed in this war, in less than a quarter of a century ye'll either free yer slaves or be a blot on the face of the earth."

"Oh, Rats," she exclaimed, "why did I ever meet you? You've sapped the strength I possessed for my work. I can never again do my duty as I have done it thus far."

"Darlin," he said, drawing her nearer to him, "Ol'll replace what Ol're taken. Ol'll give ye other duties, the duties that belong to the mistress of a fine estate, the duties of a woman of high degree in a country where birth is respected far more than here. With your vigor, your strong impulses"—

"Guided by your more steady light."

"Ye may become one of the most influential women in the three kingdoms."

In her eyes came that humorous twinkle he had once seen before when she stood in her buggy in the road up in Tennessee and tantalized him for his stupidity in having been duped by her.

"It would be nice to be"—

"To be what, darlin?"

"Lady K—s," and she hid her blushes in the pillow on which his head rested.

* * * * * * *

The sun setting over Lookout mountain shone directly in the faces of Maynard and his party as returning from Ringold they rode into Chattanooga. It was a glorious October evening, and the heights towering them, covered by unseen Confederates, reposed about the town like huge lions watching a wounded animal, confident that at last it must fall into their power.

Dismounting before his tent, Maynard entered it, and there found a letter from his wife. She begged him to come to her if it were possible, and if not to write to her. He read and reread the letter again and again, and then made an attempt at a reply. After writing half a dozen, all of which he tore up, he abandoned the task in despair. His position was too uncertain. The sentence of the court martial hung over him like a sullen cloud. What could he say to her to comfort her? He well knew that the only comforting she needed was to know that he was not miserable, and of that he could not assure her.

And so matters hung for a week. Having no duties to perform, the time passed all the more slowly. The Confederates were sending occasional shells from Lookout mountain, and as they were harmless the reports were something of a relief to Maynard, breaking the monotony of the silence. He spent much of the time thinking of what he would do in case the sentence of the court were approved and carried into effect. He formed many plans, which were all abandoned. At last he settled down to the resolve that he would go to the army in the east, enlist under an assumed name and await the coming of some missile to end his career, as he had intended at Chickamauga.

One morning an orderly rode up to him and handed him an order to report in person at General Thomas' headquarters. Calling for his horse and for his own orderly, Jakey, to follow, he mounted, and in a feverish mood darted away to obey the order.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

That Tired Feeling

Is a dangerous symptom. It means a lack of vitality in the blood—a decrease of the red corpuscles upon which the strength and richness of the blood depends. It comes especially in the Spring because the system has been subject to unusual demands during the cold weather. The wasted vigor must be re-supplied. That tired feeling must be overcome, or else the approaching hot weather will have most serious effects. The best

Spring Medicine

Is Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it cures That Tired Feeling by purifying, enriching and vitalizing the blood, giving it power to carry health to every organ of the body. It "makes the weak strong," not by stimulating, but by actually giving strength, by building up the wasted energies, restoring the appetite and assisting the stomach and digestive organs in their important functions. The importance of attending to this matter of health now cannot be over estimated. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make a vast improvement in your feelings. It will thoroughly renovate your system and fit you for the duties and pleasures of the spring and summer.

The Wonderful Cures

of scrofula, salt rheum, eczema and other diseases which have been accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla have given it the leading place in the field of medicine. When you take Hood's Sarsaparilla to purify your blood you are not experimenting. The facts all prove absolutely that in Hood's Sarsaparilla you have a medicine tried and true. It has cured thousands of others and it will do you good. Do not be induced to buy any other. Insist upon Hood's and only

Hood's Has Merit

One Bottle Convinced—Farther Use Cured

Hip Disease, Sciatic Rheumatism, That Tired Feeling.

"I read that one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla would convince me of its merits, and I have found this true.

"Some two years ago two ulcers appeared on my hip, which, after being sore a long time, broke and discharged. I also was attacked with sciatic rheumatism, my leg being drawn so that I could hardly get around the house. I hardly knew what a good night's rest was. The hip trouble caused me great trouble and annoyance, and eczema appeared on my hands. Naturally I began to run down, was weak and low spirited. The physician told me my hip would have to be operated upon before I would get any better. At last I decided to take one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. In three weeks my rheumatism entirely disappeared and I found that

I Was on the Gain.

This was very encouraging, and I found that I could sleep well at night. My health steadily improved, and, of course I continued taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. My hip has been restored to good condition, the sores have stopped discharging and healed up. I am able for the first time in three years to do my own housework, and can walk two miles without trouble. I have no symptoms of rheumatism; that tired feeling has entirely left me. My neighbors say I look better than for many years. I do earnestly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all sufferers, especially those afflicted with impure blood." MRS. A. S. BOWER, Olino, Arkansas.

"I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for six months. Before I began taking it I had that tired feeling when I got up in the morning, also a terrible headache and my blood was very impure. Since I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla all that tired feeling is gone, also the headache, and my blood is pure again." WILLIAM GARDINER, 10 Tower St., Fall River, Mass.

Makes the Weak Strong.

"I had a tired and drowsy feeling and my nerves were in a bad condition and appetite was poor, so I concluded I would take Hood's Sarsaparilla. After I had taken the second bottle I began to feel much better and I recommend Hood's to all." ELDER J. WOOLLEY, Jamesburg, New Jersey.

"My brother and myself have had scrofula or salt rheum ever since we were born. We took Hood's Sarsaparilla and commenced to get better. When we had taken one bottle and a half each, we were cured. My mother used to be troubled with headache and pains, but took Hood's Pills and was cured." James Scanlon, 54 Roxford St., Norwich, New York.

Hood's and Only Hood's.

"I took Hood's Sarsaparilla for a tired, worn out feeling, and it has proved the best medicine that I have ever taken. I had a breaking out on my face which I thought was erysipelas. I commenced using Hood's Sarsaparilla and have not had any of that trouble since." MRS. H. B. KEADLE, Pickaway, West Virginia.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Purify Your Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Blood Purifier and True Nerve Tonic.

Secret of True Decoration.

It is essential to good decorative design, whatever its kind, whether it be a book-cover or a wall-paper, a carpet or a tapestry, a carved panel or an inlaid floor, that the artist shall recognize technical limitations, shall perceive technical possibilities, and shall be in sympathy with the material employed. The decorative artist must be swift to seize that one of the processes presenting themselves which will best suit his immediate object. "One reason for our modern failures lies in the multitude of our faculties," suggests Mr. Lewis F. Day in his little book on the "Application of Ornament," and he adds that "the secret of the ancient triumphs is often in the simplicity of the workman's resources." When a man has but a single tool, he must perforce devise ornament which that single tool can accomplish, or else go without ornament altogether. Out of the struggle comes strength.

And yet, nothing venture, nothing save; the decorative artist, if he wishes to get outside the little circle of everyday banality, must try the hazard of new fortunes as often and as boldly as the explorer or the soldier. Often he will discover strange countries fair to see, which he will annex forthwith.—The Century.

Goose for the Colonel.

As a regiment was on the march to Gettysburg, some of the soldiers stepped out of the ranks and "confiscated" a couple of geese, and one of the drummers unheaded his instrument and put the captured birds in the drum. Shortly afterwards the colonel came along, and, noticing the boy skirked his usual drum whacks, rode up to him and said: "Why don't you beat that drum?" "Colonel," said the startled musician, "I want to speak to you." The colonel drew still closer to him, and, bending down his head, said: "Well, what have you to say?" The drummer whispered: "Colonel, I've got a couple of geese in here." The colonel straightened up and gravely said: "Well, if your's sick and can't play, you needn't," and then rode on. The colonel had roast goose that night.—[Argonaut.

Unpopularity of Cremation.

Hoax—Cremation will never be popular with people who think.

Joax—Why not?

Hoax—Because no wants to be cremated as long as he is able to think.—[Philadelphia Record.

Waited Ten Hours for His Picture.

The other morning an English lady who desired to take the portrait of a ragged but "picturesque" Moor whom she met on the street in Algiers, got him in position, but found upon examination that she had neglected to bring an important part of her kodak. So she ran back to the hotel, two blocks away. She there met some dear friends from London who had just arrived, so she forgot all about the Moor and the kodak. After dinner, 8 o'clock, she remembered; so with an escort she hurried to the spot. There the old Moor sat, just as she had left him, facing the instrument.

"Long time take picture," he said. He had been there since 10 A. M., of that day, but the business of sitting still suited him. The English lady, of course, gave him a penny to go and buy a farm with.—[Chicago Post.

Poetry of Rose Culture.

Dean Hole, who knows the drudgery of rose-culture, thus translates it into poetical prose, and one would hardly suspect that he must struggles with insects and soil and all manner of total depravity: "He who would have beautiful roses in his garden must have beautiful roses in his heart. It is the inner garden. He must love them well and always. To win he must woo, as Jacob won Laban's daughter, though drought and frost consume. He must have not only the glowing imagination, the enthusiasm, and the passion, but the tenderness, the thoughtfulness, the reverence of love."

Forsounting a Poet.

John G. Whittier was greatly loved by strangers, who not only called on him, but thriftily insisted on putting up with him all night. "Thee has no idea," said his sister, "how much time Greenleaf spends trying to lose these people in the streets. Sometimes he comes home and says: 'Well, sister, I had hard work to lose him, but I have lost him. But I can never lose a her. The women are more pertinacious than the men; don't thee find them; so, Marla?'"

"I see Billings has made an assignment." "Yes, the long distance telephone broke him." "How was that?" "Well, it cost forty-five cents for three minutes, and his wife got a connection with an old schoolmate in Macon she hain't seen in twelve years."

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Nuts,

At the very lowest possible prices.

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Canaries

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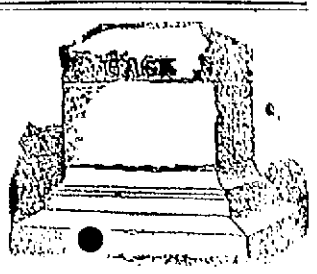

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Automatic Blind Catch

for securing outside blinds.

Has No Equal.

Strong, Durable,

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25 CENTS PER SET.

If you are putting on

STORM SASHES

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I desire to inform my patrons and friends that on and after OCTOBER 1, 1889, my place of business will be No. 18 Market Square. Any one who has umbrellas or parasols will please call for them here.

I shall have larger premises and will carry a full second-hand furniture and antiquities.

ROCCO BARONE, Ferry Wharf.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Traveler's Directory.

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FARES REDUCED—ONLY $2 TO NEW YORK

for limited tickets. Reduced rates to all points beyond New York.

Steamers PURITAN and PILGRIM in commission.

Leave Newport, week days only at 9:15 P. M. due New York, 7:00 A. M.

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For tickets and staterooms apply at New York and Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames street, J. J. Greene, Ticket Agent.

GEO. L. CONNOR, Pass'r Traffic Manager.
O. H. TAYLOR, Gen. Pass'r Agent, New York
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

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RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT CO.,
THE WICKFORD ROUTE.
In effect November 1, 1894.

Leave	A.M.	P.M.	P.M
Newport	10 00	4 20	18 00
Providence, arrive	12 00	6 18	9 55
Boston "	1 15	7 30	11 00
New York "	4 50	11 00	N
	P.M.	P.M	P.M.

Leave	NIGHT.	A.M.	P.M.
New York	*12 00	5 00	1 00
Boston	....	10 00	8 00
Providence	....	11 13	5 00
Newport, arrive	8 35	1 00	7 00
		A.M.	P.M. P.M

*Saturdays excepted. This train runs through to Providence (and connects with 6 40 A. M. train for Newport.

‖Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2:18 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:27 A. M.; Washington, 10:42 A. M.

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For Tickets and Drawing Room chairs apply at Steamer dictional, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 30 Bellevue avenue.

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ON AND AFTER MONDAY, OCT. 1,
LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

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Week days only at 5 A. M. Leave Providence for Newport week days only at 4 P. M.

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All freight must be delivered at wharf thirty minutes before boat leaves to insure shipment.

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1894 TIME TABLE 1894
Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co.

On and after November 8,

STEAMER CONANICUT
WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.30 A. M., 12.00 M., 3.45, 4.15, 5.30*, P. M. Sundays, 10.15 A. M.; 4.30 P. M.

Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 10.45 A. M., 1.30, 3.30, 5.00 P. M. Sundays, 9.45 A. M.; 4.00 P. M.

*Waits for arrival of Providence boat, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Subject to change without notice.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
Old Colony System.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations, may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

ON and after Sunday, Oct. 14, 1894, trains will leave Newport, for Boston, week days, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 1.50, 2.55, 5.20, ‡9.15 P. M. Return 6.45, 8.30, ‡9.30 A. M., 12 M., 3.40, 4.35, ‡5.10, 56, P. M. ‖Middletown and Portsmouth (Grove flag stops), 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 1.50, 5.20 P. M. Portsmouth, 7.35, 10.15, A. M., 2.55, 5.20 P. M. Bristol Ferry, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 1.00, 2.55, 5.20, ‡9.15 P. M. Tiverton, Fall River and Taunton, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 1.50, 2.55, 5.20, ‡9.15 P. M. Middleboro, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.20 P. M. Cape Cod, 7.35, A. M., 2.55 P. M. Plymouth, 7.35 A. M., 2.55 P. M. New Bedford, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.20 P. M. Fitchburg, and stations on Northern Division, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Lowell, 7.35 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., Nantucket, 7.35 A. M. Providence, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 1.50, 5.20 P. M. Return 7.45, 9.05 A. M., 12.45, 4.20, ‡5.30 P. M.

SUNDAYS, for Boston, 6.00 P. M. Return, 8.30 A. M. Middletown, Bristol Ferry, Tiverton, Fall River, Somerset, Dighton, North Dighton, Weir Village, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree and New Bedford, 6.00 P. M.

○Park Square Station.
‖Park Square Station, boat from Fall River.
‡Boat from Fall River.
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A Newport Leader!

It combines style, fit, wear and quality, and you can buy it for $2.

To see this shoe is to buy it. To buy it is to like it. To sell it is to make friends and customers.

The best bargain in the State.

We know it, but we want you to know it.

The T. Mumford Seabury Co.,
214 THAMES STREET.

Clothing.

JUST RECEIVED,

MY

Fall Stock

OF

Clothing, Hats

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JAMES P. TAYLOR'S,

189 THAMES STREET,

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NEW Spring Woolens.

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Ladies' Cloaks, Ulsters and Walking Coats specialty.

Liveries of every description made to order

A NEW LINE OF

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Special Bargains!

For the next 30 days we offer our entire line of

Fall and Winter Woolens

Comprising the best goods and styles to be found in foreign and domestic fabrics, at 15 per cent. less than our regular prices. This we do in order to make room for our Spring and Summer styles, which we will receive about Feb. 15. We guarantee the make-up of our goods to be the best and to give general satisfaction.

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Blank Books, Wholesale or retail, on hand or made to any desired pattern. Book Binding, Paper Ruling, Edge Gilding, Gilt Letter ing, Blanking Perforating and Paper cutting.

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GEO. H. CARR'S,
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SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. MIDY

Sold by all Druggists.

MICHAEL F. MURPHY,
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—AND—
BUILDER
OF MASON WORK

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Filling, Draining and all kinds of Jobbing promptly attended to.

Orders left at

16 Callendar Avenue

A Female Soothsayer.

Representative E. V. Brookshire, who represents the Terre Haute district of Indiana and is one of the brightest and keenest young members of the House, gave an account of the performance of a woman who lives in his own town of Crawfordsville. This story was regarded by those who heard it at the time as entitled to the medal. It was hardly thought that Representative Brookshire was serious.

"I was never more in earnest in my life," said Mr. Brookshire, "than when I related what this woman has done and can do. Whatever I said does not lack support, for it is known to every one within 20 or 30 miles of Crawfordsville, where she lives. I do not profess to explain or even to try to explain how or why she does these things, but the fact remains that she has repeatedly made astounding revelations. Why she finds all the lost horses and cattle in that part of Indiana, and within the last half dozen years she has recovered 300 or 400 head of horses and cattle. Her methods? Why, she drinks three or four big cups of strong coffee, shuts her eyes, deals a well worn pack of cards and proceeds to business. Among my own relatives I know of one remarkable case of her strange power.

"An uncle of mine who was a comfortable man of means lost some money through the failure of a bank and afterward stubbornly refrained from putting his money in one of those institutions. It was his habit for many years to secrete his money about the house in one place or another. He died suddenly without leaving any statement of where his money was to be found, and his widow, knowing well that he must have left more currency than she could find in the familiar places, made a thorough search of all the buildings on the farm, but found no trace of it. Finally she was induced to visit the old lady whom I mentioned. After the usual consumption of coffee and distribution of her ancient pack of cards she said he had money buried in the garden. It was buried at such and such a time, in just such a place, and my aunt returned home and found it in exactly the place indicated, amounting to about $500.

"But this is only one of many cases. One of the most prominent men in our city lost a valuable colt which he believed had strayed in a southerly direction from town. He scoured all that part of the country without getting any sign of his lost property. Then he, too, went to our familiar witch. There was the same process, after which she said: 'You have been looking for this colt; you have been looking south of the city; you should look north. Now, you get into your buggy and drive north of the town to a certain fork of the road (which she named), turn to the right, and as you ascend the second hill you will meet a man driving toward the town with a load of wood. He knows where your colt is and will tell you.' He did as directed, met the man exactly as she had predicted and recovered the colt.

"Now, this is but a sample illustration of about 200 or 300 cases that are familiarly known to the people of my county.

"How does she do it? I do not know. And although I vouch for the accuracy of these occurrences I give them up. They are beyond explanation."

The Proper Thing.

According to an exchange, new pupils in the schools of the future will have to submit to this examination:

Teacher—Johnnie, have you got a certificate of vaccination for smallpox?

"Yes, sir."

"Been treated with diphtheria serum?"

"Yes, Sir."

"Had your arm scratched with cholera bacilli?"

"Yes, sir."

"Have you a written guarantee that you are proof against whooping cough, measles, mumps, scarlet fever and old age?"

"Yes, sir."

"Have you your own private drinking cup?"

"Yes, sir."

"Do you promise not to exchange sponges with the boy next to you and never use any but your own pencil?"

"Yes, sir."

"Will you agree to have your books fumigated with sulphur and sprinkle your clothes with chloride of lime once a week?"

"Yes, sir."

"Johnnie, you have met the first requirements of the modern sanitarians and may now climb over yonder rail, occupy an isolated aluminium seat and begin making P's and Q's as your first lesson."

Willy—We've got a new Sunday school teacher, and I don't like him.

Father—Why so, my son?

Willy—He's Mr. Carver, the butcher, and he talked shop all the afternoon.

Father (surprised)—Talked shop! What do you mean?

Willy—Why he talked about killing the fatted calf, and led like a lamb to the slaughter.

The Latest

improvement in baking powders is the new Horsford's. Superior to all old-fashioned powders. Enormous sales.

DEATH IN THE AIR.

A changeable climate is the most exciting cause of pneumonia. The mild today, cold to-morrow, weather is a prolific breeder of the disease. It is contracted by exposure to wet and inclement weather, from standing or sitting with cold feet; and by going from hot and overcrowded rooms into the keen night air.

The proper way to treat pneumonia is to prevent its development.

Have a care that you are sufficiently clad to meet inclement and changeable weather. See that the wet feet and exposure to draughts do not result in cold. If a cold is contracted check it at once before pneumonia is developed; for it is a well known fact that a protracted cough may suddenly develop into pneumonia, with a slight additional cold. Don't let the disease make any headway. Fortify the system against it by rich, nutritious, liquid food. This can be done in no other way so well as by the use of Ozomulsion, an ozonized preparation of Cod Liver Oil with Guaiacol, prepared by T. A. Slocum Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists. Taken early, when the first symptoms of the cold appear, it cures it promptly and prevents pneumonia. It is a rich, liquid food, and it is a well known fact that strong food is the most formidable foe of pneumonia. It keeps the blood well nourished and the tissues in a condition to throw off the cold and thus resist the disease.

Do not pay the price of B. L. for ordinary tobacco, as

B-L

Tobacco goes more than twice as far as any other kind.

LITTLE WRECKERS.

Scenes Among the Poor Children Who Roam New York's Streets.

As wreckers along the seashore are over on the lookout for derelicts and for property wrenched from the owners by violence of wind and flood, so, along the human tide of the ocean of a great city, there are wreckers on the anxious watch for anything of value that may be abandoned or placed by accident beyond the control of the owners.

Among the great army of these wreckers in New York who gather from the refuse of the city and from the result of fire and other accident a living or a partial support is a vast band of children, who are conspicuous figures in pathetic pictures of metropolitan life. These children come from their habitations, called homes, and wander about, seeking what may be of value to them in the way of aiding the possibility of existence. Value is a relative matter, and what is worthless to one may be a greatly desired prize to another.

I stood at the corner of Broadway and Pine street, attracted by the actions of two little girls, whose added years would not exceed a single dozen, and in the space of time occupied by Trinity bell in tolling the hour of 12 saw emotions of desire, hope, fear, doubt and joy marked on their baby faces. They were thinly clad for the season, and their unkempt hair hung in confusion over their large eyes as they looked on a little pile of very small boards that workmen on the tall building being erected there had thrown in a heap at the side of the street. An anxious desire to possess themselves of the few pieces of wood was quite evident, and it was quickly followed by hope as they moved toward the coveted prize, and then fear took its place when they saw that a workman was observing them, and doubt held them motionless for a second, but this was quickly followed by a look of real joy when the man gave silent consent to their desires by turning from them. How quickly they grasped the opportunity to gather up the boards! If they had been children of fortune searching for offered jewels of great value, they could not have shown greater delight. Soon their little slender bare arms were filled with the wood that made loads too great for their strength, but off they marched, bending under their burdens, as triumphant as conquerors carrying trophies of war.

At Water street their path was crossed by another little wrecker, who was the proud possessor of a wabbly two wheeled cart that would have broken down under the weight of 100 pounds. On the cart were some shavings, a small piece of oilcloth and a rusty tin pan. The commander of the cart looked at the burden the girls were carrying, and they stopped long enough to observe his load. Each was evidently interested in the fortunes of the others in the same line of trade. The girls turned into Front street and a short distance above Fulton market entered a narrow hallway and began to climb the steep stairs that evidently led to their home.

In a junkshop on Greene street I saw three very small boys who were negotiating for the sale of a miscellaneous lot of iron that ranged from a shingle nail up to a suspiciously new grate. The dealer bought without asking questions, and the question that I asked brought no more satisfactory answer than that "the stuff was picked up all over town." The little wreckers received 22 cents for their iron and then adjourned to the sidewalk, where they "tossed up" to see which one should have the odd penny.—New York Herald.

"It is unlucky to have 13 at table!" says the Mannyunk philosopher, "especially if you have made preparation for only two."

Bits of Information.

The salary of the President of Mexico is $30,000.

The highest mountain in Massachusetts is Mt. Greylock, with an altitude of 3535 feet.

The cyclopedia says that the American rabbit does not change its color, and that the American hare does.

The Old Testament contains thirty nine books, 929 chapters, 23,214 verses, 593,493 words and 2,728,100 letters.

Vessels of two thousand tons carry seven anchors, four of a maximum weight of eighteen tons, with about three hundred fathoms of cable.

English is fast becoming the polite tongue of Europe. Mulhall claims the number using the English language in 1893 at over 117,000,000.

What is said to be the first book made of ground wood paper was placed in the Berlin testing office for examination recently. It is said to be in good condition despite the fact that it was printed in 1856.

The presence in the sickroom of flowers with delicate fragrance is generally beneficial. Certain colors are said to act favorably upon the nervous system. Red blossoms are stimulating while delicate blue flowers are soothing.

Greater New York, a topographical statistician points out, will cover an area of 317 square miles; three times the size of London and twelve times that of Paris. Rome, Babylon and Memphis are not to be mentioned in the comparison.

The Navajo Indians, as soon as the weather gets warm in the spring, gather their best ponies and leave the reservation for the ostensible purpose of hunting deer and antelope. When they return they bring with them bunches of sheep numbering anywhere from fifty to five hundred.

The production of distilled spirits in the United States in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, was 117,186,141 gallons, of which 20,931,416 gallons were in bourbon whiskey, 11,845,850 gallons in rye whiskey, 12,260,821 gallons in alcohol, 1,781,312 gallons in rum, 1,223,725 gallons in fruit brandy, and 85,350,120 gallons in pure neutral or cologne spirits.

Common salt is one of the most valuable remedial agents the world contains. Used as a tooth powder, alone or with a little prepared chalk, it whitens the teeth and makes the gums hard and rosy. It is a good gargle for sore throat, and if taken in time will benefit if not cure, diphtheria. It will stop bleeding of the mouth, and in warm water is a good emetic and remedy against several poisons. There is nothing better for sore feet and hands than salt and water, and for ordinary sore eyes, though a painful application, will often effect a complete cure.

Household Fancy Work.

CHILD'S SILK SHIRT.

Use one ounce of Victoria knitting silk and four steel needles No. 16. The body and sleeves are knitted round like the leg of a stocking, and the sleeves are sewed into the armhole.

For the body:

Cast on 210 stitches, evenly divided on to the three needles.

1st round—Plain.

2d, 3d and 4th rounds—Purl.

5th round—Plain.

6th round—Narrow 4 times (*) over, 1 plain, repeat from (*) 6 times (narrow) 6 times, then repeat from (*) until you reach the last 6 stitches, when you will narrow 3 times in succession as before. This completes the 7 decreasing and the alternate increasings of the pattern. Repeat the pattern for the size required or for the number of stitches cast on.

7th, 8th, 9th and 10th rounds plain. Repeat from 6th to 11th rounds, 7 times. This furnishes the lace border for the bottom.

Now knit 3 plain, purl 3 alternately for the first round of the body.

2d and 3d rounds—Three plain, purl 3 alternately.

4th round—Plain.

5th, 6th and 7th rounds—Like second and third rounds.

8th round—Plain.

9th, 10th and 11th rounds—Three plain, purl 3 alternately.

12th round—Plain.

13th, 14th and 15th rounds—Like eleventh round.

16th round—Plain.

17th, 18th and 19th rounds—Like eleventh round.

20th round—Like twelfth.

21st, 22d and 23d rounds—Like eleventh.

24th—Like twelfth round.

Repeat from first to twenty-fifth rounds 6 times; this brings the work to the armhole. Now divide the stitches, putting half on one needle, and repeat the pattern on one half for 26 rows (not rounds), and in knitting back remember to purl the plain and knit the purl on the wrong side, or in the alternate rows, to keep the pattern unbroken. When the 26 rows are finished bind off loosely, and then knit the other half of the shirt the same way for the back. This finishes front and back of shirt.

For the sleeve—Cast on 40 stitches, and knit first round plain.

2d, 3d and 4th rounds—Purl.

5th round—Plain.

6th round—Narrow, narrow, (*) over, 1 plain, (5 times), narrow 5 times in succession; repeat from (*) until you reach the last decreasing, then narrow 3 times only. This, with the two with which you began the round, complete the five decreasings of the pattern.

7th, 8th, 9th, 10th rounds—Plain; repeat from seventh to eleventh rounds 7 times. This furnishes the border of the sleeve.

Now 3 plain and 3 purl, like the body of the shirt, beginning with the first round to the twelfth, inclusive. Bind off loosely, and in sewing or crocheting the sleeves into the armholes put them in smoothly, leaving a portion of each above the shirt for the shoulder strap. Crochet a shell edge round neck and run in narrow ribbon.—[Meg Merrill.

Bill Nye on the Razor Back Hog.

"I shall never," says Bill Nye, "speak lightly of the ridge-rooter again, he is subject to none of the diseases peculiar to corpulence. He breathes good air, eats the pokeberry in mid-summer until his ceilings and wainscotings are as red as a Chinese demonstration; then he eats the wild cucumber which falls from the cucumber tree after the squirrel has had all he wants, and the result is that by November he is ready to take a course of corn in the ear, or elsewhere, and winds up at the glorious yuletide, when the holly berries are red and the mistletoe and persimmon are both ripe, still slender and girlish in figure, but as tender and juicy as a Brazil nut."

An Accomplishment.

The Bashful Lover—Miss Agnes, I—er—hem!

She (sweetly)—Do you, Mr. Mammadear—Now, wouldn't you like to join our sewing class.—[Tid Bits.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Newport Illuminating Company

Light, Heat and Power.

ELECTRIC RADIATORS, Coffee and Teapots, Kettles, Ovens, Sad Irons, Broilers, Toasters, etc., etc.

MOTORS in all sizes.

Stores, offices and residences wired and lighted by INCANDESCENT ELECTRIC LIGHT at lowest rates.

CALL AND SEE OUR NEW LINE OF

ELECTRIC AND GAS SHADES,

IN ALL COLORS AND DESIGNS.

449 to 455 THAMES STREET.

Prepared Coke.

An excellent Summer fuel,
Kindles quickly and
Makes an intense fire,
Especially good for open grates.
Cleanly, convenient and economical.
Delivered anywhere within the compact part of the city.
Leave orders at either office

181 THAMES ST.

—OR—

557 THAMES ST.

THIS IS THE SEASON

When you can secure especial bargains in the common or unprepared coke when taken in quantities of one hundred bushels or upwards at the Works. For terms, apply at either office.

THE NEWPORT
Gas Light Co.

Artistic Beauty and Permanance

are the desirable qualities combined in our

"Mezzo-Tints."

We have a large collection of exhibition at the Studio, and invite you to call and see them.

☞ Particular attention paid to Children's Portraits.

F. H. CHILD,
242 THAMES STREET.

GET YOUR

Ice Cream

—AT—

KOSCHNY'S,
130 & 232 THAMES STREET,

OR AT THE

Branch Store, 16 Broadway.

Cake,
Ice Cream,
Confectionery.

STRICTLY FIRST CLASS and FRESH EVERY DAY.

E. B. HARRINGTON

—HAVING—

Purchased Controlling Interest;

—IN THE—

NEWPORT
Transfer Express Company

Desires to call attention of the public to our unequalled facilities for local express business. This company has the

Exclusive Privilege

of collecting checks, for delivery of baggage on all trains and steamers arriving in Newport.

—ALSO OF—

CHECKING BAGGAGE

—AT THE—

RESIDENCE to DESTINATION.

It has desirable storage warerooms at reasonable rates.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Ave.

Branch Offices, 272 Thames Street, N. Y. Freight Depot, F. R. Line. Newport, R. I., June 1st, 1893. 6-6

TARIFF Reform Bill Beaten

BY

Rice & Hutchin's Solid Shoes,

AT

M. S. BOLMES,
186 Thames Street.

Boys' and Youths' School Shoes. School Shoes for Misses and Children.

Salvator Beer,

during the

HOLIDAYS,

Bottled and in Bulk,

AT

D. W. Sheehan's,

KINSLEY'S WHARF.

The Mercury.

JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor and Manager.

SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1895.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

PROCLAMATION

BY HIS EXCELLENCY D. RUSSELL BROWN, GOVERNOR.

As authorized by law and in accordance with custom, I, D. RUSSELL BROWN, Governor of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, do hereby appoint FRIDAY, May Third, A. D. 1895, to be observed as

ARBOR DAY.

At this time when nature is quickening into new life and the beauties of blossom and leaf abound, all may share in this popular festival.

It is a festival for the home and the community. Rhode Island is justly famed for her rural scenery, yet by the seasonable celebration of this day, individuals and societies may add much to the attractiveness of the landscape and the improvement of highways and public places.

The children may appropriately observe the occasion by planting living memorials of their school days, and by studying under the guidance of parent or teacher the treasures and wonders of forest and field. On this anniversary it is worthy of remembrance that by youthful vote the maple has been chosen as the State tree.

I commend the day to the generous recognition of the people, believing that a sympathetic appreciation of the purpose for which it was established will result in lasting and ever broadening benefits.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Seal of the State at Providence, this fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and the year of Independence one hundred and nineteenth. (L. S.)

D. RUSSELL BROWN.

BY THE GOVERNOR:
CHARLES P. BENNETT, Secretary of State.

Gov. Brown has appointed Friday May 3, Arbor Day.

Yacht Vigilant is on her way home. She left Southampton for New York on Thursday.

The United States Government has lost considerable money in its postoffice department by the clever counterfeiting of the two-cent stamps.

The News, which appeared in a new dress this week, is a more attractive looking sheet than ever, and its new garb is vastly becoming.

One of the largest codfish ever caught around Nantucket was brought ashore Monday morning by John Taber. The fish measured 4 feet 6 inches and weighed over 60 pounds.

The Department of Agriculture at Washington has begun an investigation to ascertain the cause of the recent rise in the price of beef and other meat products.

Captain Nat Herreshoff has apparently recovered his health completely, and he is now giving his full time and energies to pushing the work on the new cup defender.

Captain Samuel Rich, aged 88 years, died on Sunday. He was the oldest vessel master in Provincetown. In 1837 he brought the first catch of mackerel ever brought from bay of St. Lawrence.

That New Bedford newspaper which thinks Rhode Island "has joined the procession" should remember that Rhode Island headed the procession just one year ago. It would have been more correct had it said that the procession had joined Rhode Island. —[Ex.

Governor Brown was the guest of Cumberland Hill Grange No. 2, P. of H. Thursday, and assisted in the dedication of its new hall. The governor is a member of the Burrillville Grange, as is also Secretary of State Bennett who also participated in Thursday's dedicatory exercises.

The Westerly Weekly calls attention to the fact that in Pawtucket last week the largest political Prohibition vote cast was 481 while the vote for no license was 1640, and wonders how the figures can be reconciled to some of the political Prohibition talk. It is a little incongruous, isn't it.

There is the usual speculation regarding the disposition of certain state offices at the coming May session of the legislature, and it is backed by the usual amount of imagination. Well, it furnishes a subject for conversation and helps to provide squibs for the hungry newspapers.

The members of the General Assembly are said to be considerably interested in a picture of the proposed new state house which has been on exhibition at the present executive building this week, and well they may be when it is understood that the attractive sketch is presented as a bid for another million dollars.

The new cup defender, now in course of construction at Herreshoff's works, will have a crew composed entirely of American seamen, some of whom have been masters and mates of vessels. This will be the first "crack" racer to carry an American crew and should the experiment prove successful, it will probably be generally adopted by yachtsmen.

The two income tax deputy collectors stationed in this state have as yet received no official information concerning the United States Supreme Court's decisions as to the unconstitutionality of the Income Tax law. Until information and instructions are received from Collector Byxbee the deputies will continue the administration of their offices as heretofore. No money has been collected under the law.

A powerful organization is said to have been recently effected in Ohio, which is closely allied to the American Protective Association, with the object to go into the political field and to secure the election to office of none but anti-Catholics. The Order was founded by a prominent A. P. A., of Toledo and is called the Knights of the American Flag.

The General Assembly.

The General Assembly came together again Tuesday, after its recess, and has had daily sessions since. Not much business has been transacted, however, the members finding it difficult, apparently, to get back into harness after so long a rest. Acts giving the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court power to fix lost boundaries; providing a standard form for fire insurance, and reducing the number of license commissioners in the city of Central Falls from five to three, were introduced and referred. Petitions were presented in the House by Mr. Rogers of Newport and Mr. Gray of Little Compton, respectively, asking for the incorporation of the Continental Company of Newport, and the incorporation of the Seaconnet Point Land Company.

An Old Warren Newspaper.

A copy of a newspaper which began to be published more than 100 years ago, in Warren, R. I., is owned by S. R. Buffinton, of Fall River. The issue is dated Oct. 10,1793, and shows that the paper was then in its seventh volume. It is 18x22 inches in size. Its name is the *Herald of The United States*, it was published by "Nathaniel Phillips, printer to the State," and was dated "at the Post Office" The copy contains less than a column of advertisements. Three of the four pages are given to foreign affairs; the third page, only, contains matter of national or local interest,—and the local items are chiefly obituary and matrimonial. Burr & Adams, dealers in looking-glasses, codfish, groceries and liquors, are the largest advertisers. The paper has been well kept and will be valuable in the future. The weekly calendar on the first page contains the sapient admonition, "No time in this month must be lost."

The Boston Globe says that Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island is regarded as a strong candidate for the Vice Presidency, and that he would give strength to the ticket. The paper says: "In Washington, and especially among Senators, Mr. Aldrich is regarded as a very strong man. While a strong protectionist, he is not looked upon by the country as being as extreme in his views as McKinley, although if the truth be known Aldrich had as much to do with the framing of the McKinley act as did the man whose name the law bears, and he certainly had more to do with looking out for the interests of the New England protectionists than any one else. He is wonderfully suave and diplomatic in his manner, popular on both sides of the chamber, and endowed with a remarkably keen and perceptive mind. He sees almost at a glance the trend of events so far as they are affected by legislation, and rarely misses his guess. During the last two Congresses he has really been the Republican leader in the Senate, and yet his leadership has been so skillful that the rank and file have rarely suspected that he has been shaping legislation and policies. As an authority on the tariff, he ranks higher than any other man now in public life."

It would also please the Senator's many Rhode Island friends to see him nominated to that high position.

The bright star seen in the west just after sunset is Venus. It is following and rapidly gaining on the earth and has much to do with our weather. The disc, or face, of this planet changes the same as the moon and with a small telescope it may now be seen as the moon appears at first quarter. On the 18th of September it will pass between the earth and sun and will not then be visible as its dark side will be turned towards us as the moon is at new. Venus occupies the position relative to the earth as now at intervals of about nineteen months. At its nearest point it is 22 million miles from the earth and is brightest thirty-six days before and after it passes between the earth and sun and will, therefore, be brightest about August 13th and October 0th.

One of the best stories going around just now is that of an Englishman, an American and a sign. The sign read: "Four miles to the next village. If you can't read, ask the blacksmith." The American bet the Englishman a pound and gave him twenty-four hours to win or lose it, that he couldn't tell what the joke was in that sign. On the fifty-ninth minute of the twenty-fourth hour the Englishman exclaimed: "I've got it. The blacksmith might be out."

Fred Miller, the long-distance pedestrian, who is walking from New York to Jacksonville, Fla., and return on a wager of $5000, completed the first half of his task at 10:15 Wednesday morning. The condition of the wager was that he should walk the round trip in seven months, taking nothing with him and receiving nothing en route except food and clothing.

Forbes E. Mosher, of East Providence, died of pneumonia Sunday, after four days' illness. He was born in Little Compton, and after his marriage resided in Steep Brook, Fall River, where he was well known. He had resided in East Providence about two years. He leaves a wife and one son.

After the first of next September, every school house in Massachusetts, whether in city or town, will be required to fly daily a United States flag of silk or bunting not less than four feet in length—that is when the weather is pleasant; on stormy days the flags must be taken down and displayed within the school houses.

Newport Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, will pay a fraternal visit to Providence Chapter next Thursday evening. They will go by special train, leaving here at 6:15 P. M.

WASHINGTON MATTERS.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, April 6, 1895.

Senator Gorman's friends played one of their highest trumps when they started that demand for a southern man at the head of the next democratic national ticket. Needless to say, it was played against Mr. Cleveland; and so cleverly was it played that it caught the immediate endorsement of Senator Hill, who apparently forgot in his anxiety to thwart Mr. Cleveland's hopes that he was practically committing himself to the Gorman boom. The manner in which this demand was first made public was calculated to blind a great many ordinarily shrewd people to the fact that Senator Gorman was pulling the wires. It was on the editorial page of the Washington Post, an alleged independent paper, that the demand first saw the light, in all the conspicuousness of double-leaded type. Now, it is a fact well known to those who keep posted on such things that the independence of the Washington Post has been upon more than one occasion made a commercial commodity to be exchanged for cash or personal favors. That being the case it did not require a Pinkerton to connect that demand with recent conferences in Washington of prominent democrats who are opposed to any further party favors being granted to Mr. Cleveland, although few of them are actually committed to Senator Gorman's candidacy. The making of the connection was aided by the knowledge that the Post is controlled by a democrat—ex-Congressman Beriah Wilkins, of Ohio, who has the Ohio man's natural love for a political deal and no special liking for Mr. Cleveland, although he doesn't object to asking for, and accepting executive favors.

Senator Gorman was far too smart to have this demand for a southern candidate have any outward appearance of a Gorman boom. Yet that is exactly what it is. While the demand is calculated—in fact, it was intended, to tickle the ambitions of a score of southern democrats, should it grow into a power great enough to control the next democratic nominating convention, there is only one man who is big enough and smart enough to take advantage of it, and his name is Gorman. There may be abler southern democrats than Mr. Gorman, but if there are they have successfully hid their ability, while Mr. Gorman has forced the democratic senate to retain him as leader against the wishes of a democratic president.

Mr. Cleveland recognizes this demand for a southern man as a very shrewd move, and he knows the source from which it emanates. He is afraid of Mr. Gorman, not having forgotten the humiliating defeat he suffered at his hands during the late Congress, but he proposes to fight, not only for himself but to prevent the nomination of Mr. Gorman. These contests for the empty honor of the democratic nomination are decidedly amusing to republicans, who regard the election of a democratic president in 1896 as an impossibility. But they are interesting all the same.

The exceptions to the income tax made by the Supreme Court decision, are calculated to add to the unpopularity of the tax, which will, it is believed, be repealed at the next session of Congress.

Cuban affairs are attracting much attention in Washington just now. It is clear that the revolution is a much more serious affair than it was at first supposed to be, and speculation is rife as to what will be the position of the administration should the Cubans succeed in setting up a government of their own. Without the moral support of this government, or some other, it will be a physical impossibilty for the Cubans to maintain their independence of Spain, even should they succeed in establishing a temporary government. Will this government extend its moral support? That is the question.

The administration must have, through some of its subordinates, been doing something disagreeable to Rudyard Kipling, the talented but eccentric English author who blackguards everything American and still lives in America through choice. Mr. Kipling has been in Washington for a month or so, and is credited with the intention to write a political story in which Mr. Cleveland and all the members of his cabinet are to figure. Whatever his intentions may be Mr. Kipling succeeded in getting himself passed by the sentry boxes, which, by the way, have since been removed, and the cordon of White House detectives and into the Cabinet room, while his Majesty Grover I and his ministers of State were holding a council—perhaps to decide whether the United States should apologize to Great Britain for having raked up such a disagreeable old thing as the Monroe doctrine. Mr. Kipling is as happy over the unusual honor paid him as the small boy is when allowed to visit the menagerie while the animals are being fed. Secretary Lamont, who guided Mr. Kipling through the labyrinth of executive defenses, thinks he will be real mean if he writes anything uncomplimentary about what he saw.

J. B.

Newspapers in Rhode Island Successful.

This is an era of prosperity with the newspaper publishers of Rhode Island. Everywhere success appears to be attending the efforts of the men who mould public opinion. The Providence Evening Telegram has contracted for two Goss straight line three-deck presses of the same type that The Herald put into its own excellent press-room. The Telegram, in 1889, had one Bullock press of 8000 per hour capacity. In 1890 two Bullocks of 16,000 capacity. In 1892 two Hoe presses of 24,000 capacity, and now it will be able to turn out 48,000 eight-page papers per hour. This is a magnificent record, and one that has been honestly attained. The Pawtucket Evening Times follows with a more startling announcement. It will build a $50,000 building of brick, brown stone and terra cotta on Broad street. It will be five stories in height, and will be ready for occupancy next fall. The publisher, Mr. David O. Black, is having an "Observer" press built by Hoe, of 24,000 eight-page and 12,000 17-page capacity per hour. The office is to be equipped with all the latest improvements, including half a dozen Thorne type setting machines. The Times was first published on April 30, 1885, as a little two-page penny sheet. Five years later Mr. Black purchased it from the late George O. Williard the veteran journalist, and made it an eight page paper. When this office is completed it will be the equal of any in the state, and there will be a plant which few publishers can hope to duplicate. In Woonsocket, the Evening Call Company is putting in two Thorne machines, a full telegraphic service, and is generally improving the office. The Call is soon to come out in an enlarged form. In the South county the weekly press is enjoying a season of prosperity, and in Westerly Hon. George H. Utter's daily is booming —[Prov. Corres. Boston Herald.

Two children, aged 11 and 12 respectively, were instantly killed by lightning, in West Philadelphia, Tuesday afternoon, while gathering dandelions.

New Guild House.

The new Guild House for Trinity Church creates a very pleasing appearance, both inside and out, and is a credit to the architect and builder. There are three entrances, from High and Church streets, and from the old Guild house. By means of the latter it is possible to pass from the old house to the chancel without going into the open air, a great convenience for the pastor.

The main hall, which will be used as a lecture room, is 41x63 feet, and contains 8 windows set with ecclesiastical glass. From this a short passage leads to the library, 18x11 feet, the gift of Mrs. Dickey, and the robing room, 9x11 feet. On the left of this passage is the new organ chamber, 10x15, and the chancel, which has been increased 6 feet in depth.

The building was designed by Edwin Wilbur, and built by William G. Gosling. It will probably be completed in about two weeks.

B. W. Pearce's Benefit.

Mr. B. W. Pearce held his sixth annual benefit Tuesday evening and was much pleased by the sight of the large audience composed of his many friends. Although the veteran printer was prevented by a severe cold from taking any part in the entertainment the programme contained such a collection of excellent numbers that the evening was passed very enjoyably by all present. Among the participants were Miss Hattie J. Hayes, soloist; Miss Jennie Hoyle, of Fall River, violinist; Miss Lulu Buffington, elocutionist; and little Madeleine Sampson, who was the recipient of much praise for her repetition of the Hornpipe from "Pinafore." The male performers were the well-known contortionist, Baino, and W. Wells Rainey and C. F. Barker, humorists, who kept the audience convulsed with laughter during their performance.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Richardson entertained about thirty of their friends at their residence on John street Thursday evening, in honor of the 45th birthday of Mr. William H. H. Spooner, of New Rochelle, N. Y., who is their guest. A handsome birthday cake brilliantly lighted was a feature of the occasion. During the evening social games and vocal and instrumental music were enjoyed, Mr. John Merker rendering several zither solos in his usually charming manner. Refreshments were served and at a late—or, rather, early—hour, the guests departed for their homes.

Six weeks from next Tuesday will be 'Lection Day, and there is a movement on foot to honor the occasion with a visit of all the militia of the state, the same as last year. A committee will be called together in a few days to talk the matter over, and take such action as may seem feasible. It is to be hoped that the same interest may be manifest as last year, and that the celebration may be made as grand an affair as possible.

The license commissioners made their annual tours of inspection Monday and Wednesday of this week. They report finding the licensed places as a whole, in far better condition than a year ago, and believe that when the few corrections suggested are made the traffic will be under far better control in Newport than ever before. The Board was accompanied by Chief of Police Read.

Mayor Waters passed a very uncomfortable night, Thursday night, and as we went to press his condition showed no improvement.

How Diplomas Are Made.

Diplomas are engraved in the highest style of the art for about $75, though the kind the colleges give out do not cost quite so much. A man really proud of his academic degree must have a box for his diplomas, and silver boxes for this use cost from $90 to $100. —Chicago Herald.

The late Rev. J. G. Wood said that if a man could eat as much in proportion to size as an insectivorous bird, he would consume a whole baron of beef for his dinner. The robin for instance, is a most voracious insect eater. It has been calculated that to keep a robin up to its normal weight a daily amount of animal food is required equal to an earthworm fourteen feet in length. Taking a man of average weight, and measuring, bulk for bulk, with the robin. Mr. Wood tried to calculate how much food he would consume in twenty-four hours, if he ate as much in proportion as the bird. Assuming a Bologna sausage to be nine inches in circumference, which would be about in proportion to the man as the earthworm is to the robin, he found that the man would have to eat sixty-seven feet of such sausages in every twenty-four hours.

The Rush Hospital of Philadelphia asks for increased funds to be used in caring for and curing consumptives. It announces that it has succeeded in restoring to health those who undoubtedly had the disease. The hospital managers ask an appropriation of $50,000 from the State, and this has been recommended by the State Board of Charities. Three thousand people die yearly from consumption in the city of Philadelphia, and the disease is equally bad in other parts of Pennsylvania. If the Rush Hospital managers are not deceived, we shall probably hear more of its method of curing consumption.

A needle's eye should be a carven in which the souls of some rich men would eternally wander. A miserly ladyman replied to a minister concerned for his salary, much needed and long due: "Why! I thought you preached for souls." The disgusted clergyman replied: "Souls! I cannot eat souls; and, if I could, it would take a hundred thousand such as you have to make a meal."—[Ram's Horn.

The meaning of song goes deep. Who is there that, in logical words, can express the effect music has on us? A kind of inarticulate, unfathomable speech, which leads us to the edge of the infinite.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Tuesday was the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the public school system in New York state, and the occasion was appropriately observed by the 300,000 pupils of the 312 public schools in New York city. There were elaborate exercises in nearly all the schools, which included the singing of patriotic songs. The first appropriation for public schools in this state, 100 years ago, was $100,000. The appropriation for New York city alone now is $3,000,000.

Connecticut Legislators have repealed the "Sabbath law," so called, under which the recent prosecutions for "Sabbath breaking" have been brought. It is a good move, and should be followed by every state where a similar antiquated statute exists. —[Westerly Sun.

A. O'D. Taylor.

Real Estate Agent,

124 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, R. I.

1. Is ready to sell for $3,000, the three lots on Wapping road, Portsmouth, formerly the lower part of the "Van Wilder Farm." One lot 12 acres, one lot 9 acres, one lot 8 acres, total, 29 acres. Have refused to sell the lots separately. All or none. Will not rent. Will lend $1,800 on mortgage.
2. Is ready to rent at $350, a beautiful farm of 45 acres, with house and barns. Good quality farm, not so good for potatoes. Seaweed and gravel privileges. Either call or write promptly.

DEATHS.

In this city, 4th inst., George F. Fowler, in the 82d year of his age.

In this city, 6th inst., John, infant son of John J. and Ellen Shea.

In this city, 7th inst., Michael Henry, son of John B. and Mary Sullivan, aged 24 years.

In this city, suddenly, 11th inst., Rebecca T., widow of Henry N. Ward, aged 65 years.

In New York city, 9th inst., Emelina, widow of Jeremiah Goodspeed, aged 83 years.

In Fall River, April 11, Dennis Joseph, beloved son of Patrick and Julia Shea, aged 17 years and 4 months.

In Providence, 7th inst., Horace Wood Cooke, in his 67th year.

In Providence, 8th inst., Charles D. Kenyon, 71; 8th inst., Sarah, widow of Briggs B. Gray, 78; 4th, Patrick Burke, 80; 6th, Mary Anna Wheaton, wife of Rev. William Moyle Lane; 6th, Rebecca Spaulding, widow of Albert Spencer, 75; 6th, Frances E., widow of Willard W. Gardiner, 73.

In Tuckertown, 4th inst., Isaac E. Howland.

In North Kingstown, 4th inst., Mrs. Lucy W. Gardiner, in her 60th year.

In Pawtucket, 5th inst., Elizabeth S., widow of Andrew Waterman, in her 87th year.

In East Providence, 2d inst., Angus McLeod, in his 83th year.

In Fall River, 8th inst., Carrie E. Munroe, wife of Edward F. Thompson, 26; 8th, Phebe A., wife of John E. Buffinton, 53; 8th, David Luke, 66; 6th, Henry L. Harrop, 59 years, 3 months and 5 days; 5th, John E. Fish, 34 years, 8 months and 24 days.

In Wickford, 6th inst., Rhoda A., widow of James Eldred.

In Cranston, 5th inst., Hannah Sweet, in her 92d year.

In Phenix, 5th inst., Septimus Lambert, in his 72d year.

In Westerly, 7th inst., Albert R. Champlin, in his 41st year.

In Crompton, 8th inst., Hannah, wife of Benjamin A. Whitman, in her 82d year.

BROADWAY Real Estate Agency.

FOR SALE—A cottage with modern improvements, $2600.

FOR RENT—Cottage, 14 Bay View avenue.

FOR RENT—Store on William street.

FOR SALE—Farm of 13 acres and farm buildings, $3600.

Cottage and farm buildings and about 3 acres land, $3800.

Fire insurance placed in leading companies.

SIMEON HAZARD,

94 Broadway, Newport, R. I.

WEEKLY ALMANAC

APRIL 1895.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water Morn	High water Eve
13 Sat	5 6	6 25	11 41	10 19	10 32
14 Sun	5 5	6 25	moon	11 12	11 26
15 Mon	5 3	6 26	0 36	.....	12 16
16 Tues	5 1	6 27	1 30	0 26	1 24
17 Wed	5 0	6 28	1 54	1 34	2 32
18 Thurs	4 58	6 29	2 23	2 39	3 29
19 Fri	4 56	6 30	2 46	3 33	4 16

STANDARD TIME.

First Quarter, 2d day, 4h, 28m., evening.
Full Moon, 9th day, 8h, 43m., morning.
Last Quarter, 16th day, 6h, 22m., evening.
New Moon, 24th day, 8h, 11m., evening

Foster's Weather Bulletin.

(Copyrighted, 1895, by W. T. Foster.)

ST. JOSEPH, MO., Apr. 13.—My last bulletin gave forecast of the storm wave to cross the continent from the 16th to 20th and the next will reach the Pacific coast about the 21st, cross the western mountain country by close of 22d, the great central valleys from 23d to 25th and the eastern states about 26th.

The disturbance will be of very considerable force and while only a small portion of the country will receive rain from it the principal rainfall of the month may be expected as it crosses the continent.

The warm wave will cross the western mountain country about 21st, great central valleys 23d and eastern states 25th. The cool wave will cross the western mountain country about 24th, great central valleys 26th and the eastern states 28th.

FRAUDS

will be

Perpetrated for Gain,

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely assimilated in every detail, to Carter's Little Liver Pills.

In this way they hope to profit by the merit of Carter's Little Liver Pills, and palm off an imitation on the unsuspecting sufferer and purchaser.

It is the source of wonder to honest people, that there are men ready and willing to perpetrate such frauds.

Let them beware; a day of reckoning will surely come, there are "upright judges" in the land who will punish such people.

When you go for a bottle of Carter's Little Liver Pills, ask for "CARTER'S" insist upon having "CARTER'S," and see that you get "C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S"

The proprietors of Carter's Little Liver Pills have spent hundreds of thousands of dollars to make their value known. True merit always wins with the people. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS have won.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price

Why Not Drop In

and see us when you are selecting a Spring Suit. Whatever can be done elsewhere you may depend you will be quite as well off in what you purchase here. We know what good clothing is and we are not going to lose our reputation by selling poor things. We can give you a splendid All-Wool Suit for $10 and a very stylish one in various shades for $12, and of finer cloths $14, $15 and up.

If an All-Wool Black Cheviot will serve you we can give you a fair one at $6 75, a much better one at $8 50 such as are usually sold at $10 and $12.

Don't believe what we say. Cold type isn't always truth. Come in and let us back up our statements with facts. Just one more word on the HAT topic—we've an elegant assortment of Soft and Stiff Hats, probably a larger line than our competitors; may be cheaper. Come in and see. Your money back if you want it.

Look for the Gold Star

Star Clothing Co.,

UP TO DATE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS,

238 Thames, cor. Mill St.

Grand Easter Attractions

—AT—

Schreier's Queen Anne Millinery Establishment.

Hats and Toques

Elegantly Trimmed at Extremely Low Prices.

Children's HATS —IN— GREAT VARIETY.

The Largest AND MOST COMPLETE SELECTION OF ANY HOUSE IN THE City.

Special Attention GIVEN TO ORDERS.

Open every evening during the coming week for Ester Trade.

SCHREIER'S—The largest Exclusive Millinery House and Leader in Fashions.

Peas, Corn, Tomatoes and Pumpkin,

10 cents.

California Cherries, Apricots, Peaches, Green Gage Plums, Damson Plums, at 20 cents.

DON'T BUY YOUR

Window Screens Yet.

S. S. THOMPSON,

172 & 176 BROADWAY.

SEED OATS.

1 car Vermont Seed Oats.

1 car New York State Seed Oats.

1 car Michigan Seed Oats.

Clean, Heavy and free from Foul Seed.

BRIGGS & CO.,

COMMERCIAL WHARF.

Spring Curry Comb

Clock Spring Blade. Soft as a Brush. Fits every Curve. The Only Perfect Comb. Used by U. S. Army and by Barnum and Forepaugh Circuses, and Leading Horsemen of the World. Ask your Dealer for it. Sample mailed post paid 25 cents. See our name on the handle. SPRING CURRY COMB CO., 100 Lafayette St., South Bend, Indiana.

THE HIGH GRADES OF

Stockbridge Manures

are $2.00 per ton cheaper than last year.

For a Cheaper Phosphate try

Hill and Drill, or Farm and Garden, or Sure Crop.

Chemicals, Ammoniates, Phosphates, Potash, Plaster, &c.

CAN I SELL YOU?

A. A. BARKER,

162 & 164 BROADWAY.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

Saturday, April 6.

Two warships ordered to Turkish waters to protect Americans and American interests in the Levant——Four men killed and 18 injured, two fatally, in a freight wreck near Alton, Ills——Oscar Wilde found guilty of immoral conduct and arrested in London —— Operatives in silk mills at Northampton offered 5 per cent increase in wages——Haverhill shoe manufacturers will probably accept the new list of wages —— Hervey N. Gould settles the Newton (N. H.) bond matter with the Powow bank——President Angell of the Massachusetts Humane society denounces child insurance——"Colonel" West sent to Massachusetts state prison for three years on forgery charges——William Cathcart, who fell down stairs with a lamp at his home on Jewett avenue, Lowell, Wednesday night, died from his injuries——Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Floyd of Lowell celebrated the 60th anniversary of their wedding. Mr. Floyd is 87 years of age and Mrs. Floyd 81 years —— The Penobscot river practically open to navigation——William P. Wingate died at Bangor, aged 85 years——Smallpox epidemic at Hot Springs, Ark., ended——British Columbia seeking a loan in England of $2,000,000——Japan demands of China $00,000,000 yen, Formosa, Liao Tung and Port Arthur——Veterans on both sides gathering at Shiloh, Tenn., for commemoration of the struggle there —— The widow of John Fitzgerald, ex-president of the Irish National league, secures a final award of $300,906 against the Missouri Pacific railroad company.

Sunday, April 7.

The New England Methodist conference at Salem practically repudiated Dr. Lansing's utterance about President Cleveland——Two men arrested for the murder of a schoolgirl at Benton, Md——Belgium to support France in her claim in the upper Nile region——B. B. de Garmendia of New York won the national court tennis championship——The Massachusetts legislative mill committee is at Augusta, Ga ——Deaths in Boston last week numbered 307——A Lynn man, crazed by grief, tried to kill his wife and daughter —— The Kansas supreme court recognizes hypnotism both a defense and ground for conviction of crime——General John F. Farnsworth died at Washington—— Great Britain to land troops in Nicaragua unless the indemnity demanded is paid ——Starch works in Columbus, Ind., burned. Loss, $200,000——The Boston board of police appointed 81 reserve officers as regular patrolmen——Two boys shot from ambush near Ashville, N. C ——The Carson City mint has been dishonestly conducted for many years—— M. Vischnegradsky, Russian minister of finance, is dead——Charles Auguste Merlin, French senator, died in Paris. He was in his 70th year——The new and quicker Atlantic mail service begun with the departure of the steamship Lucania from Liverpool——Premier Rhodes is preparing the way to federate the government of the colony of Rhodsia with that of Cape Colony——The London board of trade returns show that during March the imports increased £655,855 and the exports increased £124,137 as compared with those for the corresponding month last year.

Monday, April 8.

Debs reports the American Railway union thoroughly reorganized along the Great Northern system——Report that the full bench of the supreme court has overruled the exceptions in the Haverhill aldermanic conspiracy cases——Populists and Republicans organized a silver club at Athens, Ala——Hope for the recovery of Governor Marvill of Delaware——Luther C. Crocker, inventor of conductors' punches, died at East Braintree, Mass—— John Lynch of Sterling, Mass., injured and daughter killed in a carriage accident——James S. Austin of Portland, who has been missing, reappeared——First Congregational society of Hudson, Mass., dedicated its new place of worship——Two officers of Belgian steamer arrested at New York for smuggling diamonds——Body of an unknown man found at Enfield, Mass——Chinese commanders profess that they know nothing about the armistice—— Bismarck advises the premier of Bulgaria not to offend Russia——Death of Rev. Edmund Worth, oldest Baptist clergyman in Maine——British ship wrecked on coast of South Africa——Proposed permanent occupation of the Tigre region by Italy—— Weavers of the Atlantic mills, Olneyville, R. I., voted to strike——A farmer living between Cheshire and Dalton, Mass., fatally shoots one of three men who were kicking down the door of his house—— Negro desperado killed two men and wounds three others at Jacksonville, Fla ——Governor Clarke and Representative Jones of Arkansas had an encounter—— Death of Captain Samuel Rich of Provincetown——A receiver was appointed for the Mather Electric company of Manchester, Conn——Death of Nelson Whitcomb at Athol, Mass——Rockland block in Northampton was destroyed by fire——Edward C. Neal of Lynn attempted suicide——A. R. Patten of Rockville, Conn., disappeared, leaving financial affairs in a peculiar condition——Services in St. Barnard's church, West Newton, disturbed by a lunatic——The First brigade of the British force moving to the aid of Mr. Robinson, the British agent at Chitral, India, had an engagement with 5000 Swatis, who were trying to block the Malakand pass. The enemy was put to flight after losing many killed.

Tuesday, April 9.

Rev. Mr. Lansing tendered his apology to the president and to the public for statements concerning Mr. Cleveland—— General Miles' wife stricken with apoplexy in a New York street——World's gold production for 1894 shows an increase of about $1,000,000 a month——Mr. Kitfield appointed assistant appraiser at Boston ——Maximo Gomez to head the Cuban provisional government when formed—— Jack the Hugger thought to have broken out again in Somerville —— Gloucester schooner Bessie M. Wells struck a rock near Burn Island, N. F —— Governor Clark of Arkansas pleaded guilty to carrying a pistol and fined $50 ——Two persons injured by an explosion in the South dye works at Salem—— Poor German living in Norwich, Mass., falls heir to $50,000——Mexico and Guatemala came to a settlement——Twenty-one men were killed by a mine explosion at Lake Whatcom, Wash.——Local veto bill introduced in the house of commons—— North Brookfield, Mass, voted to raise $20,000 by taxation this year for water works extension——Ex-Governor Kemper of Virginia died——Death of Governor Marvil of Delaware —— New York legislative committee on Brooklyn strike blames both labor and capital—— Frank L. Fairbanks of Manchester, N. H., deliberately attempted to murder his sister——John Guilfoyle, a Lynn tailor, is missing since March 30——Coal sales agents recommend an advance in prices—— Western business improved greatly last week——A merchant of Wilkinsburg, Pa., robbed of $500——Daniel M. Sullivan committed suicide at Quincy——Prince of Naples to wed Princess Alexandra of Saxe-Coburg——The Kansas supreme court decided that all property must be assessed on the same basis——Tulips and other early comers in the beds at the Boston Public Gardens nearly six weeks later than last year.

Wednesday, April 10.

Dr. William Farnsworth probably fatally shot by Charles Witham at Malden ——Freshets causing damage in New Hampshire——Railroad trestle at Barre, Vt., carried away by flood——Governor McKinley spoke at a banquet at Hartford ——Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton appointed governor of South Australia——Italy decided not to occupy the territory of Adua, in Abyssinia——Republic of Hawaii recognized by Great Britain——Frank S. Bliffins of Fall River attempted suicide—— Sweep for the Republicans in New Jersey charter elections——Fear that the British will bombard Corinto, Nicaragua——Counterfeit 2-cent stamps discovered in Chicago ——William H. Hunt, manager of the St. Albans (Vt.) Messenger, is dead—— Boston's Newfoundland relief fund amounts to almost $12,000 —— George Davis elected superintendent of police at Lowell——Haverhill board of conciliation adopted a price list for cutting shoes—— Rhode Island and Connecticut chiefs of police organized a union——New Hampshire bank commissioners know of no crookedness on the part of Treasurer Olcott—— Sumner P. Lawrence was appointed chief of police at Gardner, Mass——Speaker Watson took the oath of office as governor of Delaware —— The National Sporting league was organized in Cleveland—— Hawaiian government is in possession of the constitution which Liliuokalani had prepared——A woman who died in apparent destitution in Peabody, Mass., had a bankbook calling for $1600—— More money for additional Russian cruisers granted —— Floods doing immense damage in southern Hungary——Jones & Meehan offer to build the entire Boston subway for $3,272,733 —— W. Jenning Demorest, publisher, Prohibitionist and founder of the Demorest medal, dead—— An electric belt line talked of from Massachusetts through New Hampshire, and Maine to Quebec.

Thursday, April 11.

Harvard overseers voted to permit football; the game, however, will be for college men on college grounds——Fire in the business section of Monson, Mass., did $25,000 damage——Wages of 1800 operatives in iron works mill at Fall River is to be voluntarily restored——Immense damage was caused by floods in Vermont—— George H. Wright, alleged horse thief, swindler and bigamist, arrested in Lynn ——Operatives in the Atlantic mills at Olneyville, R. I., voted to strike——Chicago's alleged boodle ordinances repealed ——Rev. William R. Goss of New York Methodist conference found guilty of "general immorality" and expelled from the ministry——Chicago packers deny that they are trying to control the beef market——Louis Kossuth's son elected a member of the Hungarian reichstag——Umra Khan's forces in Chitral on the retreat before the British——Defeat of Conservatives in the general elections in Denmark—— Reading will not submit to arbitration of the anthracite coal matter——Free silver movement in Illinois said to be a boom for Altgeld——Captain Mahan to go on duty at the Naval War college at Newport——Schooner Lizzie W. Hannum, with cargo of curiosities, wrecked in Buzzard's bay——Oliver Curtis Perry, the train robber, escaped from an insane asylum——Three more whiskey trust directors resigned——Bank treasurer Olcott died at Charlestown, N. H.——Miller, the pedestrian, arrived in Jacksonville on foot from New York—— Bartholomew Mahar of Malden missing ——Judge Doe refused to grant an injunction against the Portsmouth police commission —— President Greenhut denies charges against him in Receiver McNulta's suit——A messenger boy rescued a girl from a negro assailant at Providence——Representative of all boot and shoe workers' organizations of the country decided to form one national union—— Six men injured by a dynamite explosion at Melrose, Mass——Governor general of New South Wales will suffer a reduction of salary——Russia has an eye to the exhausted oil wells of America, with a view to subsequent monopoly——Harvard overseers upheld the athletic committee in its attitude on the intercollegiate football question.

Friday, April 12.

Court decided that only five sufferers can have the $2,000 left over from the Eastport (Me.) relief fund of 1886——Two old ladies, sisters, found dead in their home at Haverhill, one having been burned to death——Commissioner Miller issued supplementary instructions to collectors regarding the income tax——General sentiment among Fall River operatives to demand a restoration of wages in all the mills——Lockout of the Atlantic mills operatives at Olneyville, R. I——Belief that Dr. W. H. Farnsworth, shot by C. S. Witham at Malden, has a chance of recovery——Anthracite coal situation again relapses into uncertainty——Mrs Jane Hobley, being insane, murdered her 7-year-old boy at Wrentham, Mass——Petroleum touched 189, the highest price in 18 years——Canadian government refuses to give a license to a Provincetown fishing steamer——Lieutenants Fowler and Edwards of the British garrison at Chitral the victims of treachery —— Steamship Kansas sighted at sea minus her propeller —— Refugees report a reign of terror in Cuba ——"Jack the Hugger" again attempted to assault a young woman at Rowley, Mass—— Manhattan elevated must pay taxes on personal property——New York defeated Chicago in a game of water polo ——Newfoundland and Canada will probably agree on union——Hawaii fears unreasonable demands from Japan on the termination of the war with China—— Eight-year-old Alice Sterling mysteriously missing from Dorchester (Boston)——Man and woman arrested in Muskegon, Mich., charged with killing the woman's first husband —— Barge sunk and captain drowned in Pollock Rip channel——Wells Fargo express treasury box, containing $15,000 stolen by masked men near Cripple Creek, Col.—— Hiccoughing since last July caused the death of a Lynn woman——The National Guard of South Dakota to lose all state government support——Charles J. Morrill, treasurer of the Provident Institution for Savings, died at Boston —— President Cleveland says that Dr. Lansing's retraction "only aggravated the original offense" —— The Standard Oil company made a third purchase of wells, having expended $2,420,000 recently.

Shot His Sister.

MANCHESTER, N. H., April 9.—Frank L. Fairbanks, a plumber, 35 years old, unmarried, made a murderous attempt on the life of his sister, Mrs. Matthew McDonald, last night, firing three shots at her with a revolver, one taking effect in the back of her head. Mrs. McDonald will recover. Fairbanks had not been on good terms with his sister for a long time.

Matters Reached a Crisis.

MALDEN, April 10.—Dr. William Farnsworth of Boston was shot and seriously, but not fatally, wounded, by Charles S. Whitham on a street here last night. Farnsworth is alleged to have been paying considerable attention to Mrs. Whitham, on account of which he and the husband have had words on several occasions.

Badly Scorched.

SALEM, April 12.—The shoe factory of Dennis Brady caught fire last night and $5500 damage resulted.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE OLD RELIABLE

SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE

Has stood the Test of Time

MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

GOVERNOR MARVIL DEAD.

William T. Watson Will Thus Become Governor of Delaware.

LAUREL, Del., April 9.—Governor Joshua H. Marvil died at 9:15 last night at his home here. Death was caused by a complication of bright's disease, erysipelas and heart failure. At 8 o'clock last evening he became insensible, lingering in that condition until death came. The members of the immediate family and the physicians were at the bedside at the end.

GOVERNOR MARVIL.

William Thorp Watson, who, by the death of Governor Marvil, becomes governor of Delaware, was born in Milford, Kent county, Del., on June 22, 1849, and is the son of Bethune and Ruth Watson, and grandson of Governor William Watson, who was chief executive from January, 1847 to January 1851.

Wages Go Up.

FALL RIVER, April 11.—The Fall River iron works mills yesterday posted notices of a restoration of wages to all operatives to the schedule in force previous to last November, the new prices to go into effect April 22. The reduction in November was 10 per cent. The mills employ 1800 hands. The action of the iron works mills officials will probably result in a demand for a general restoration of wages in all mills.

FALL RIVER, April 12.—Agent Cunneen of the Seconnet mills announced yesterday that he would follow the example of the iron works mills and concede an advance of 10 per cent in order to secure the best class of operatives for the new Seconnet mill No. 3, which is just starting up. The Seconnet is not in the Manufacturers' association.

CENTRAL FALLS, R. I., April 12.—The Rhode Island Cotton company's mills here yesterday restored the rate of wages which existed prior to the summer of 1894. The restoration means an increase of 10 per cent over the present schedule prices.

Fatal Affray Near Pittsfield.

PITTSFIELD, April 8.—Martin Costigan of Cheshire was shot shortly after midnight by H. S. Andrews, at the latter's farmhouse on the Cheshire road, about half-way between Cheshire and Dalton. Costigan died an hour and a half later at the House of Mercy in this city. Andrews claims three men made an attack upon his home, and that he gave a timely warning and then used his gun to defend himself.

An Important Discovery.

CHICAGO, April 12.—In the Kent laboratory at the Chicago university, a new compound has been found which has sweetening powers in excess of those possessed by saccharine, which has been hitherto considered the sweetest substance known to chemists. Candy makers and druggists who have examined the new chemical say it will prove valuable in many ways.

Expelled From the Ministry.

PROVIDENCE, April 9.—The Southern New England Methodist Episcopal conference found Rev. G. D. Dunbar of Stoughton, Mass., guilty of borrowing money without having the means to pay it back, and he was expelled from both the ministry and the church. He appealed.

May Not Die After All.

MALDEN, April 12.—There is but little change in the condition of Dr. William H. Farnsworth, who is suffering from a bullet wound inflicted by Charles S. Witham. If anything, Dr. Farnsworth is slightly better. It is now thought that he has a chance of recovery.

Hard Times Ahead.

WESTERLY, R. I., April 10.—All the weavers and spinners, 100 in number, employed at the Westerly Woolen company's mill struck yesterday. Three hundred other employes were also thrown out of work, the management deciding to close down the mill.

Mrs. Dewey Gets $500,000.

BOSTON, April 9.—The Hall will contest settled, and Mrs. Kate Dewey is made richer by $500,000. Elven Dean died Jan. 4, 1893, leaving an estate valued at over $901,000. Mrs. Dewey fought the will, which left the bulk of the estate to two nephews.

Old Mother Hubbard
Went to the cupboard
For a can of Le Page's Glue;
When she got there
The cupboard was bare;
So she went out and bought two.

Dollar=saving is easy

with Le Page's Glue. It is the *strongest known*, and the most flexible; you can mend even leather with it—and anything else about the house. *Always ready!* No boiling nor messing. It "sticks" slowly; you can put things smoothly together; then they "*stick fast!*" The United States Government names Le Page's Glue as the standard in the official requisitions. It won't stain the most delicate material, because it has *no acid* in it. 4t

Not Liked by the Towns.

LITTLE COMPTON 1895.

To Mercury Publishing Co.
NEWPORT, R. I.

Your communication of the 27th, stating that as I did not include a copy of the proposed Amendment to the Constitution in my notice of the April Town Meeting in Little Compton, you had taken the liberty to do so. Allow me to say I did not think it was necessary, because Article XIII of the Constitution says:

"The said proposition shall be by said clerks inserted in the warrant or notices by them issued Chapter 35 Section 8."

"The notices to the electors to meet in a town meeting prescribed by law shall be given by the town clerk issuing his warrant, directed to the town sergeant, or one of the constables, of said town, requiring him to post at least seven days before the day appointed for said meeting, written notifications in three or more public places in the town, of the time when and the place where said meeting is to be holden, and of the business required by law to be transacted therein."

Chapter 1317 passed last June requires that further notice be given by advertisement in some newspaper etc. The warrant issued by me contained in full the proposed Amendment to be read at the April election.

I submit that by the provision of the Constitution, I have quoted, that is sufficient, and that in the paper it is unnecessary that it should be inserted verbatim, but that notice that a proposed amendment to the Constitution would be read in town meeting answers the law.

That six towns and the city of Newport constituting the county of Newport, should each be required to have printed in full every proposed amendment to the Constitution, that is simply to be read in Town Meeting, thus making seven insertions of the same matter in possibly the same issue of the same paper is absurd.

No one believes that any candidate for the Legislature will receive or lose a single vote on account of his approving or opposing such proposition. If the legislator who passed chapter 1317 supposed that the lengthy propositions of amendment to the Constitution, which are of such frequent occurrence, were to be by the provisions of that chapter, required to be printed in some newspaper at the expense of every town and city in the state before such proposition could be lawfully read in town meeting and then again after passage by the second General Assembly, he must have been financially interested. The whole chapter is to the county towns a useless provision of law entailing unnecessary expense and of no benefit to any one but the newspapers.

F. R. BROWNELL.

The Newport Christian Endeavor Union will hold its first annual meeting at the Second Baptist Church Tuesday evening.

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NATHAN BARKER hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., Administrator de bonis non with will annexed on the estate of HENRY O. TIFFT, late of said Newport deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Administrator.

Newport, R. I., April 12th, 1895.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER hereby gives notice that she has been appointed Executrix of the last will and testament of SARAH A. SHERMAN, late of Portsmouth, deceased, and is qualified to act as such Executrix.

CHARLOTTE SHERMAN,
4-13 Executrix.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 1st day of April, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ON THE PETITION, in writing, of Albert E. Honnen, presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate of

SARAH BOWLEY,

late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, may be granted to him or some other suitable person:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 22d day of April, 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury*, once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT,
1-6 Probate Clerk.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATRIX.

HONORA J. HUNT, of the City, County and State of New York, hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., Administratrix de bonis non, on the estate in Rhode Island, of JAMES F. HUNT, late of the City of New York, deceased, and that she is qualified to act as such Administratrix.

Newport, R. I., April 6th, 1895.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ON THE PETITION, in writing, of George F. Crandall, of said Newport, presented this day, praying that an instrument in writing presented therewith, purporting to be the last will and testament of

NANCY G. CRANDALL,

late of Newport, deceased, may be proved, approved, allowed and recorded, and that letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased may be granted to him, the Executor named therein:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 15th day of April, 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT,
3 30 Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ROBERT B. Franklin, Administrator on the estate of

MICHAEL BUTLER,

late of Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account of administration on said estate, and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 15th day of April, 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week, at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT,
3 30 Probate Clerk.

Probate Clerk's Office, Middletown, R. I., March 23, A. D. 1895.

FRANCIS E. LEWIS has this day filed in this office his petition, in writing, to the Court of Probate of said Middletown praying that an instrument in writing, therewith filed, bearing date August 21, 1894 purporting to be the last will and testament of his father,

ROWLAND LEWIS,

late of said Middletown, deceased, may be proved, approved allowed and recorded as such, and that letters testamentary on his estate may be granted to him, said petitioner, as the sole Executor of said will. And said petitioner has applied to me to give due notice of the filing and pendency of his said petition according to law.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that said petition will be considered and acted upon, at the Court of Probate, to be held at the Town Hall in said Middletown on Monday, the fifteenth day of April next, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock A. M.

ALBERT L. CHASE,
3 30 Probate Clerk

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

SAMUEL GREASON hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., Administrator on the estate of ANNIE GREASON, late of said Newport, deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Administrator.

Newport, R. I., March 30th, 1895.

New Advertisements.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT

Notice of Applications

—FOR—

Liquor Licenses.

At a meeting of the BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS of the City of Newport, held Tuesday, March 26, 1895, the following named persons made application for liquor licenses under the provisions of Chapter 816 of the Public Statutes of Rhode Island, to sell pure spirituous, intoxicating and malt liquors within the limits of the city, viz:

First Class.

Bryer, P. & Son, 25 & 27 Broadway.
Corbett, Patrick H., 603 Thames street.
Denniston, Thomas, 27 & 29 Kinsley wharf.
Garrettson, Frederick P., 16 & 20 Washington Square.
Horgan, Patrick H., 224 Thames street.
Lyon, Timothy J., 5 & 5 Bull's wharf.
Martin, John T., 658 Thames street.
Sayer Brothers, 283 Thames street.
Sheehan, Dennis W., 18 & 20 Kinsley wharf.
Sweeney, Robert J., 3 DeWolfs street.
Voigt, Ernst, 528 & 530 Thames street.

Second Class.

Alexander, John, 98 Levin street.
Adam, John, 104 Thames street.
Anthony, Joseph S., 6 Market square.
Anderson, Christen, 36 Prospect Hill street.
Beakhurst, Albert, 285 Thames street.
Biser, Benjamin J. and Nolan John H., 37 Bath road.
Boyle, James H., 48 East Bowery street.
Burke, Patrick S., 1 West Broadway.
Burkinshaw, Albert 424 Thames Street.
Barker & Groff, 89 Bridge street.
Barry, Lawrence J., 470 Thames street.
Burns, John, 76 West Broadway.
Buckley, Daniel J., 511 Thames street.
Curran, Crohane D., 38 Bath road.
Conn, Joseph V. 111 Long wharf.
Coffey, John J., 86 West Broadway.
Conheeney, James J., 48 Hammond street.
Conheeney, James A., 622 Thames street.
Curran, Michael, 25 West Broadway.
Condon, Patrick R., 55 Long wharf.
Campbell, John, 45 West Broadway.
Denniston, Thomas, 27 & 29 Kinsley wharf.
Egan, James 48 West Broadway.
Finn, John H., 497 Spring street.
Garth, William, 440 Thames Street.
Groves, James, 9 DeWolfs court.
Horgan, James J., 66 West Broadway.
Horgan, Patrick H., 58 West Broadway.
Horgan, Maurice S., 13 & 15 Franklin street.
Heilinger, Richard, Germania Hotel, State street.
Hughes, Edward F., 489 Thames street.
Hertzog, Paul, 32 Washington square.
Hunt, Patrick, 132 Long wharf.
Hidler, James D., 277 Thames street.
Johnson, Michael J., 110 Thames street.
Kelley, Joseph, 16 Dennison street.
Lowney, John, 128 Long wharf.
Lyden, Patrick, 518 Thames street.
Lawton, Richard J., 77 William street.
Lawrence, Abbott, 10 Franklin street.
Murphy, Thomas, 441 Thames street.
McDermott, Charles, 18 Prospect Hill street.
Malgan, John, 110 Levin street.
Murphy, Michael J., 428 Thames street.
Murphy, Thomas, 140 Long Wharf.
McGowan, Daniel J., 11 Washington square.
Martin, Michael, 520 Thames street.
McLoughlin, Cornelius, 499 Thames street.
Murphy, James, 52 Dixon street.
Mead, James M., 19 Long wharf.
Mahogany, Dwight H., 125 Thames street.
Nolan, Patrick, 108 William street.
O'Connell, Timothy B., 83 Long wharf.
O'Neill, Michael, 16 Long wharf.
Ormsby, William, 293 Thames street.
O'Brien, William S., Perry House, 11, 13, 15 Touro street.
Owen, John A., 7 Duke street.
Parsons, Joseph F., United States Hotel, Thames and Pelham streets.
Quinn, George, 13 Long wharf.
Rile, William D., 269 Thames street.
Ritt, Charles, 32 Market square.
Rile, Urian, and Vincent, Louis, 338 Thames street.
Shea, Daniel, 659 Thames street.
Sheehan, Daniel B., 3 West Broadway.
Sullivan, Charles H., corner West Broadway and Collins street.
Sullivan, Michael A., 8 Duke street.
Shea, John J. 42 Burnside avenue.
Sullivan, Henry J., 109 Long wharf.
Simpson, Joseph, 8 Prospect Hill street.
Sullivan, Daniel J., 604 Thames street.
Sullivan, William P., 3 Kinsley wharf.
Stone, Alfred, 515 Spring street.
Sullivan, Patrick, 670 Thames street.
Sheehan, Patrick, 50 West Broadway.
Sullivan, Daniel K., 47 William street.
Sullivan, Timothy, 44 Bath road.
Sullivan, Jeremiah T., 457 Thames street.
Trager, Charles A., 8 Middleton avenue.
Tucher, Joseph, 57 West Broadway.
Tiff, John H., 149 and 151 Thames street.
Voigt, Ernst, 528 and 530 Thames street.
Walsh, Patrick, 596 Thames street.
Weaver, Alvah F., 704 Thames street.
Wilkinson, Thomas B., 295 Thames street.
Walsh, Peter A., 25 West Broadway.
Yates, William, 454 Thames street.

THE BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS will be in session at their office in the Mercury Building on **Tuesday, April 16, 1895, at 2 o'clock P. M.**, when opportunity will be given for remonstrances to be heard before acting upon said applications or granting licenses under them.

Published by order of the License Commissioners.

3-30 E. W. HIGBEE, CLERK.

Notice.

OFFICE OF THE LICENSE COMMISSIONERS, Mercury Building March 26, 1895.

At the regular meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of Newport, held this day, it was voted to grant no liquor licenses for the ensuing year until the places, for which the applications are made, are in the condition required by Section 55, Chapter 816 of the Public Laws of the State which is as follows:

"Every person licensed to sell intoxicating liquors shall cause to be removed on his licensed premises all obstructions of whatever kind that may prevent a clear view of the interior of the same from the outside thereof, by the passer by, through the window, during the entire day of each Sunday; and every person violating the provisions of this section shall be fined twenty dollars."

It was further voted to grant no license to sell liquor in any place with windows or doors opening other than on a public traveled way until such windows and doors shall have been covered with wire screening, or otherwise securely closed; excepting such places as are provided with tavern licenses from the Board of Aldermen of the city of Newport.

By order of the License Commissioners,

E. W. HIGBEE Clerk.

MUNSEY

and all other

MAGAZINES

For April.

W. P. CLARKE,

PEOPLE'S LIBRARY BUILDING.

ANNUAL

Clearance Sale.

My entire stock of Framed Pictures, Wall Pockets, Easels and Picture Frames at 25 per cent discount, until March 15th, to make room for new goods.

W. H. ARNOLD.

12 Broadway.

BROWN STONE.

In consequence of the very dull times, and a general depreciation in values, we are selling all classes of

GROCERIES and PROVISIONS

lower than have ever been sold before, and much lower than any OTHER STORE in the city.

FLOUR—Very best Haxall, warranted,	$4 00
PORK—Nice lean ends,	per lb. 8c
BUTTER—Fresh Creamery,	6 lbs. $1 00
LARD—Pure Kettle Rendered,	15 lbs. $1 00
MOLASSES—Best grades N. O.,	38c
SOAPS—Welcome and Babbitts,	per box $4 00
BEANS—N. Y. State Mediums,	per quart 8c
RICE—Clean, white, whole Rice,	5 lbs. 25c
STARCH—Large lumps,	6 lbs. 25c
MACARONI—Pound packages,	3 packages 25c
JAMS—Strawberry, Raspberry, etc.,	in glass 15c
SARDINES—In oil,	6 cans 25c
WINES—Tokay, a medicinal beverage,	per bottle 25c
" —Port and Sherry, rich California Wines,	per gallon, $1 00
" —Claret, a good sound Wine,	" " 79c
Old fashioned N. E. Rum,	" " $1 75

P. H. HORGAN,

TELEPHONE. 224 THAMES STREET.

Miscellaneous.

Farm Wanted For Rent.

HAVING application for a small farm with a comfortable house on it, I would like to hear from any one who has a farm or that description in the market.

2-23 R. C. DERBY, 138 Bellevue Avenue.

FOUND.

The best place in Newport to buy your

SEEDS.

All the leading varieties for the

Farm and Garden,

FLOWER and VEGETABLE

Seeds

FOR EARLY SOWING NOW READY.

SEED POTATOES,

FERTILIZERS,
FARMING TOOLS,
GARDEN TOOLS,
HARDWARE, WOODENWARE
and TINWARE,
and POULTRY SUPPLIES.

Do I give away premiums in seeds? No! As my quality of seeds will not allow it.

Catalogues.

I have a few, 1,000 of

J. M. THURBURN & CO.'S Gilt Edge Catalogues, which are like his seeds I handle. Unsurpassed.

CALL AND GET ONE.

JAMES GOHM,

54 Broadway,

HATS!

HATS!!

SATURDAY, March 2,

WITH A FULL LINE

—OF—

MEN'S

STIFF HATS

—AND—

MEN'S

SOFT HATS,

Latest Patterns.

JOHN E. SEABURY,

218 & 220 Thames-st.

March 2, 1895.

Miscellaneous.

Print Butter.

THE FINEST

VERMONT

Creamery Butter,

Light Salted,

especially for our fine trade.

Try it and we will number you among our regular customers.

A. A. Hunt & Co

151 THAMES STREET.

VALENTINES!

From 1c to 75c,

—AT—

JOHN VARS' MUSIC STORE,

Young's Block, 126 Thames Street.

Flagg's Bargain Store

12 FRANKLIN STREET,

(Opposite the Post Office.)

Christmas Goods.

Dolls, 5c, 10c, 25c 50c; Games 5 & 10c; Picture Books 5 & 10c; Dominoes 10c, Checkers 5c; Checkerboards 10c; Clocks 10c; Transparent Slates 10 & 20c; Metalaphones 10c; Crayon Chalk 10c box; Jack in the Box 5 & 10c; Paints 5 & 10c; Child's Dishes 10c box; A B C Blocks 10c; Calipers 10c; Rattles 10c; Clapping Figures 10c; Toilet Soap 5c Box; Soap 4 cakes 10c; Savings Banks 10c; Drums 40, 50, 75c; Humming Tops 10c; Trumpets 10c; Pocket Knives 5, 10, 20, 25, 50c; Hair & Clothes Brushes 10c; Kitchens 10c; Child's Bibs 5c; also musical goods, tinware, hardware, wooden ware and 1000 other articles, Cheapest place in Newport to buy Christmas goods. Come in and see for yourselves.

Grand Opening,

SATURDAY, March 9, '95,

of the only

DELICATESSEN STORE

IN THE CITY,

Where you can find the best variety of fine Table Delicacies, Canned Goods, Teas, Coffees and Staple Groceries, at popular prices.

Cheese to suit all connoisseurs. All goods guaranteed as represented.

L. EHRHARDT, JR.'S,

271 THAMES STREET.

corner Kinsley's wharf.

Telephone.

★ D. L. CUMMINGS, ★

Watchmaker and Jeweler, 146 THAMES STREET.

Umbrellas

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PARASOLS

Recovered as good as new.

WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
PANS, &C.,
REPAIRED.

★ NEWPORT, R. I. ★

SPECTACLES!

We have just received a new invoice of

Spectacles

—AND—

Eye Glasses,

they are fine, call and get a pair.

Your WATCH a moment slow, and you
Have lost your train and temper, too;
The loss of time is loss of wealth,
Your wear of nerves is waste of health.
If ill-like these you'd never see,
And prompt "on time" would ever be,
Have your Watch repaired and regulated at

DENHAM'S,

276 Thames street.

Poetry.

Incompleteness.

Not he who first beholds the rice grow
May think to gather upon his perfect flower;
He tends, he hopes, but ere the blossom blow,
There needs a century of sun and shower.

He shall not see the product of his toil;
Yet were his work neglected or ill done,
Did he not prove the keenness and dig the soil,
That perfect flower in vain might meet the sun.

Perhaps he has no prescience of its hue,
No sight its form and fragrance to foretell;
Yet in each sun-shaft, in each dew-drop, each shower,
Faith, putting knowledge, tells him he does well.

Our lives, O fellow-mortals, pass even so;
We watch and toil, and with no seeming gain;
The future, which no mortal may foreknow,
May prove our labor was not all in vain.

But what we sow we may not hope to reap;
Perfect fruition may not seek to win;
Not till, work-weary, we have fallen asleep,
Shall blossom blow, or fruit be gathered in.

Let it be so. Upon our darkened eyes
A light more pure, than noontide rays shall shine,
If pain of ours have helped our race to rise,
By just one hair's breadth, nearer the Divine.

Upward and onward, plant-like, life extends;
Grows fairer as it doth the more aspire;
Never completed, evermore it sends
A branch out, striving higher still and higher.

Because so great, it must be incomplete,
Have endless possibilities of growth,
Strength to grow stronger, sweetness still more sweet,
Yearning towards God, who is the source of both.

Chambers' Journal.

Selected Tale.

PETRUCHIO IN PICCADILLY.

Everybody—excepting, of course, the bride's mamma—said what a mistake it was when Lord Vanlees married the Honorable Blanche Beltarmine. It was unanimously agreed that she should have had a firmer hand on the matrimonial reins than his were likely to prove. Not that there was any harm in her, you understand, but as a girl she had been frolicsome and darling to an alarming degree, and the increase of liberty obtained by marriage was not likely to improve her in this respect. Whereupon society pitied Lord Vanlees at 5 o'clock teas, and little wagers were booked in the precincts of Pall Mall, and the Countess of Grundy watched, like a grim and elderly edition of the cherub in the nursery rhyme, not over the life of poor Jack, but for backslidings on the part of Lady Vanlees.

For the first few weeks of marriage the beautiful Blanche was propriety itself—a tractable angel in a Bond-street gown. But when the honeymoon was over and they were back in town her interest in mundane affairs revived, and she found that the stained, glass window attitude palled upon her and that a halo was heavy. Whereupon she doffed them to play on the borders of Tom Tiddler's ground in her old irresponsible fashion, and Vanlees began to drop in pretty frequently to the club.

Was he satisfied? He was such a very impassive young man that it was impossible for outsiders to tell. If sometimes he ventured upon a private remonstrance it never degenerated into a scene, and nobody, not even the servants, was any the wiser.

The average woman would have been grateful for this serenity of temperament—not so Lady Vanlees. She was not to be measured by the ordinary standard of inconsistency. Had he opposed her escapades violently she would have retaliated by additional recklessness, and posed as a martyr into the bargain, but this fact did not weigh with her in the least.

"If only he would lose his temper sometimes!" she deplored, on a culminating day. "Great heavens! to live with a man who is too tame to answer one! Oh, he bores me! Everything bores me! What do I live for?" and she flung down the novel which she had not the patience to read and yawned aggressively.

She was not at all tired of her life, I may say, but she thought the sentiment sounded nice and blase and Ouidaish. And, besides, she was a little out of sorts this afternoon. A new costume had proved frightfully disappointing; her pug had been unwell at luncheon, and Vanlees had insinuated, in a quite heartless way, that the "little beast" had been overeating itself as usual, and then declined to quarrel; and she was expecting her mother-in-law to tea.

She gave vent to her utter weariness of spirit in a little moan, and began to sweep restlessly about the room.

In the course of her perambulations she stopped upon a folded pink journal. Perhaps it had been dropped there by the gentleman who is reputed always to find mischief for idle hands to do; perhaps it was the property of one of the maids. She stooped for it and there revealed itself beneath her smoothing hand a tasteful first sheet, with scalloped edges and a title within a border of hearts and darts, "The Torch of Hymen: the only genuine medium for the promotion of matrimony among the nobility and gentry of Great Britain and Ireland."

Lady Vanlees looked amused. She glanced down the columns and her interest deepened. A pensive, far-away expression came into her beautiful eyes, the outcome of a pleasant fancy.

"And why not?" she asked herself. "It would be an experience, and, of course, I should have my letters addressed to a library."

She was stamping an envelope at a little rosewood escritoire when her mother-in-law arrived. Blanche showed herself throughout the interview the essence of meekness and amiability. The dowager was quite charmed. They parted the best of friends.

. . . . . .

Through the post in masculine writing:

"Would 'Hero,' whose advertisement appeared in yesterday's, 'Torch of Hymen,' care to communicate with the undersigned? He is tall, fair, of independent means, and thinks he may safely lay claim to the other requirements (the loving heart, blue eyes, etc.) mentioned by her. He therefore encloses a recent photograph, as desired, and hopes that if 'Hero's reply be favorable to his hopes, she will appoint an early rendezvous, and, meanwhile, begs to inscribe himself, with respectful compliments, hers faithfully,

'LEANDER'.

"P. S.—Please address care of the editor, office of the 'Torch.'"

Through the post in feminine writing:

"'Leander's' portrait and letter represent him so favorably to 'Hero' that she will be charmed to make his personal acquaintance at 9 A. M., on Tuesday (weather permitting) on the south side of the Round Pond, Kensington Gardens.

"'Leander' may know 'Hero' by the spray of orange blossom in her dress."

This was how it came to pass that Lady Vanlees left her home one morning at an hour when she was usually sipping her chocolate in bed, to "take a walk," and why after visiting a florist's in Piccadilly, she took a hansom instead.

The desolation of Salisbury Plain on a wet day reigned over the precincts of the Round Pond as she crossed the turf to the encircling gravel path. It wanted five minutes to the hour of her appointment; but she did not have to wait. As she paused and glanced at her watch a man rose from a chair beside a tree trunk and strode toward her. A little additional pink tinged her cheeks, her heart beats quickened with that delicious thrill of fear familiar to every schoolboy out of bounds, and her gloved hand dallied with the blossoms at her breast. Their eyes met; they smiled in concert.

"Is it 'Hero?'" he asked.

Doubt was dispelled, "Leander" stood before her.

Lady Vanlees was more than a little surprised. She had expected to meet a bashful, respectable young fellow of a certain class, probably from the country, who would afford her an hour's amusement and be shaken off without trouble. Instead she found herself bound to a tete-a-tete with a smart, rather military-looking man, in appearance the reverse of unsophisticated. But she felt herself equal to the occasion.

"Shall we sit down on this seat?" he said. "It was awfully kind of you to be so punctual. I hardly dared to hope 'twas 'Hero' when I saw you coming. I I expected to meet an elderly spinster in a false front, y' know—the sort of person one reads of in the comic papers."

"Then I wonder you had the courage to write to me."

"Well, you see," explained 'Leander,' in a tone of easy confidence, "the truth is it was a bet with a fellow. I don't think I need tell you that I've no serious intentions toward matrimony. I'm sure you're much too smart and all that to believe me if I said I had, and I haven't the heart to try and humbug a pretty woman like you!"

Lady Vanlees bit her lips, and her color deepened. This was not at all the the position she had seen herself in; she felt as though the tables had been somehow turned on her.

"In that case," she said, "I see no reason to prolong the interview."

"Oh, come now, don't be angry with me. If you won't be friends, I shall feel so beastly guilty for disappointing you."

This was a little too much for her histrionic powers.

"Conceited wretch!" she thought. Aloud she said, rather frigidly: "Oh, salve your conscience, pray. I am no more in earnest than you."

"Aren't you? That's jolly! Do you know, I more than half suspected it. But surely you won't be cruel enough to desert me already?"

Lady Vanlees' response was an inarticulate murmur and a rather uncertain smile. To tell the truth she was a little nervous, and, in her heart, rather sorry that she had come.

But the idea of a flirtation with a nice-looking man whom she would never see again was not without its attraction, and after all, since she was there.

"Well, just for half an hour," she said recklessly. She regretted the concession before long. A few people had begun to appear, and she wished that he would take his arm away from the back of the seat behind her and not look so ridiculously amorous. She grew quite hot when a man, in strolling past, glanced at them with a palpable amusement. The incident caused her to remark that time was passing, and that she really must go.

"I was hoping that you would let me take you down to Richmond for a nice little luncheon," he said. "We could drive back in the cool of the afternoon. Wouldn't you like that?"

"It would be very nice, but I'm afraid I couldn't come, thanks."

"You mean you won't. Awfully cruel of you, 'pon my soul it is! But at any rate you must let me see you home."

She had not contemplated this, and his evident determination not to lose sight of her gave her an unpleasant shock.

"Thanks, I do not require an escort."

"Let me put you into a hansom, then?"

"We will part here, if you please," she said, firmly.

"Oh, I say, that's too bad. And I don't even know where you live. If I submit like a lamb will you reward me by meeting me again another day?"

To facilitate her escape she acquiesced. The idea that he might have the impertinence to follow her home scared her to death.

"You angel!" he said. "I thought you wouldn't have the heart to dismiss me like that," and the arm on the seat pressed her waist suddenly, and he leaned over and kissed her.

Lady Vanlees' gloved hand descended smartly on his face, and she sprang to her feet, white to the lips.

"How dare you!" she gasped.

The man had risen, too, and was surveying her with a rather queer expression.

"I'm sure I beg your pardon if I've made a mistake," he said, "but I naturally concluded from your presence here that you would have no great objection—"

Lady Vanlees turned and fled.

When she gained home she locked herself in her room and wept a great deal. She was thoroughly unnerved and repentant, and made sundry vows of a salutary nature, which detectable frame of mind brought her down to the luncheon table very meek and well disposed towards Vanlees, who commented upon her pale cheeks.

Indeed, her chastened mood lasted even till the fading of the day, and induced her to suggest to her husband that, after all, balls and receptions were vanity, and that a quiet evening at home with him was not without its charm. He threw cold water on the suggestion at once, much to her relief, and she immediately brightened under the sense of duty done, and went out in a brand-new toilette and a smile.

But she was not to be allowed to forget so easily. A ruthless retribution was at her heels. In the crush at Lady Wilmot's Vanlees strolled up to her with a companion.

"Here, Somerville, let me introduce you to my wife. Blanch, Capt. Somerville is an old chum of mine just home from India."

"Delighted, I'm sure," murmured Lady Vanless.

Her conventional smile of greeting was a trifle absent. She was trying to recall where she had met her husband's friend before. He enlightened her almost at once.

"I have already had the pleasure of seeing Lady Vanlees," he said, lightly.

"She was enjoying nature in Kensington Gardens this morning in the neighborhood of 9 o'clock. I didn't think London ladies were such early risers."

She knew then. He was the man who had glanced back at her and "Leander" on the seat. For one sickening moment the walls spun round her; she had never felt so horribly out of a night mare. But the training of a lifetime stood the test.

"Not in Kensington Gardens, Capt. Sommerville," she said, sweetly. "I'm afraid you must be mistaken."

He looked at her very hard and straight. The consciousness that he knew she was lying made her loathe herself, but she dared not own the truth before her husband.

"You were wearing—"

"Oh, pray spare me a masculine description of a lady's toilette," she interrupted, laughing with lips that twitched, "If it were mine, you know, I might be gratified by your good memory. I haven't been into Kensington Gardens since—dear me! I forget how long ago it is."

The mute appeal of her eyes took effect.

"In that case, Lady Vanlees, of course I am silenced."

"Must have been somebody like her," said her husband, carelessly. "By the way Blanch, whatever possessed you to go out for a walk at such an unearthly hour this morning?"

"Oh, a whim. I thought I would give a forgotten order to my dressmaker myself. How frightened our hostess is of fresh air! The temperature of these rooms is making me feel quite faint. If Capt. Sommerville would kindly take me into the conservatory—"

When they were seated and alone in a palm screened corner. "I'm sure I don't know what you must think of me," she said. "My conduct must seem so strange to you. If only it were not so difficult to explain!"

"My dear Lady Vanlees, why try to explain?" He was smiling rather unpleasantly, and she conceived an instant dislike to him. "The situation was obvious. But I have not met Vanlees for years, and his affairs no longer greatly interested me, so you need not fear that I shall feel called upon to give him gratuitous information. There, I have put the position in a nutshell for you! Shall we think of something else?"

"No, certainly not," she said energetically. "Capt. Sommerville, the tone you have chosen to adopt is an insult to me. You must, you shall, hear my story—not because I owe you any account of my actions, but for the sake of my own self respect. My companion of this morning was a stranger. For a jest I inserted an advertisement in a matrimonial paper. He replied to it, and, foolishly, I agreed to meet him. I had never seen him before, I shall never see him at all. That is the truth of what you saw this morning. I have been reckless, indiscreet, but after all I have done no great harm."

"Since you view the matter so lightly, I wonder you were so anxious to hide it from your husband," he remarked, with a dry smile. "Ah, my dear Lady Vanlees, how fortunate it is for you that I am not one of your lady friends—your charming sex is so bad at keeping secrets, and it would be such a pretty little scandal to circulate. But how pale you look! Surely you are ill—or perhaps I have teased you too severely? Believe me, I only wish to point out to you the tiresome seriousness with which society regards such little jests. But I am not one of your lady's friends, and I assure you once more that your secret is safe with me. Shall I get you some wine—an ice?"

"Nothing," she replied, faintly. "I should like to go home. Will you find my husband for me and tell him I am tired?"

To say that she passed an uneasy night would be to detract from the truth. She was miserable, she was unnerved, she had scarcely a wink of sleep. That Sommerville knew her secret was galling enough to her, for she was a proud woman in her way, but additional worry lay behind. She had no faith in him and his protestations of silence. And, of course, plenty of people would not believe in the matrimonial advertisement and the ephemeral nature of her acquaintance with the man on the seat. Worst of all, there was Vanlees—and his family.

When at length she fell asleep, as the dawn was breaking, it was only to dream of revelations and consequences. It will be perceived, that she was taking herself very seriously indeed for once in her life. Somehow her favorite motto, *coute quescoute*, did not seem quite equal to the occasion.

She awoke in the morning pale and unrefreshed, and appeared at the breakfast table to find a letter waiting for her. It was rather a curious letter. The handwriting outside the envelope was obviously different from the handwriting within. It ran:

"Dear Lady Vanlees—When a man is in difficulties he must perforce ask aid of his friends, and I think I have a right to claim you as my friend. I am in imperative need of £600. Will you lend it to me? It is extremely painful to me to be obliged to appeal to you, but in spite of our short acquaintance I know no one upon whose kindness I can safely rely. I am, dear Lady Vanlees, very faithfully yours.

"T. ROYSTON SOMMERVILLE."

Lady Vanlees folded it mechanically.

"The toast, please," she said to her husband. Her voice was the voice of an old woman.

"You don't seem to like your letter, my dear," he remarked, jocularly. "Who is your correspondent? Let me give you one of these little birds."

For an instant she regarded him with kindling eyes. The impulse was upon her to hand Sommerville's letter to him, to cry *mea culpa*, and trust to his good nature. But she changed her mind, and sent the money instead. Of course, it was weak and foolish—she knew that. Having once submitted to blackmail, she was always liable to further exactions. However, she had worked herself into a nervous state when even temporary security seemed cheap at any price.

In the course of the next few weeks she had ample realization of her fears. Sommerville appealed to her again and again, and she was not rendered more comfortable by a casual remark on her husband's part that he had heard that Sommerville had taken to the turf, and that his position was decidedly "fishy."

By degrees she was forced to part with such articles of her jewelry as Vanlees was least likely to miss; but that only postponed the inevitable. It came one day with a note from her parasite to the effect that ruin stared him in the face. Unless she could let him have £5000 before midday he would be forced to appeal to her husband. And he went on to intimate, in tolerably plain terms, that perhaps Lord Vanlees might find it worth his while, if she did not, to pay for the suppression of certain facts which would not redound to the credit of his wife. Of course she had no means of raising such a sum. She could only buoy herself with the hope that, after all, the man might not have the audacity to fulfil his threat. There she was wrong.

Vanlees was yawning in her boudoir when a servant knocked at the door. She prayed that it was only luncheon, but her foreboding spoke the truth.

"An express for your lordship."

"Thank you," said Vanlees, who was always polite to servants. "Ah, from Sommerville, I see."

He leisurely began to open the envelope, which was sealed.

The woman who had fancied she was alone unto herself swept swiftly across the room, with genuine tragedy in her face, and stayed his hand.

"Arthur, don't open that letter!"

"My dear Blanche, why not?"

"Because—oh, Arthur, listen to me, be gentle to me! I've been foolish, culpable, but it was only thoughtlessness—it was, indeed. I—oh—oh—oh!"

She began to sob hysterically, and he put her into an armchair, and fetched her smelling salts with remarkable self-possession for a young man, and the hour of revelations had come.

He heard her very quietly, and made no comment until she had quite finished, and then he began to talk himself. What he said was very much to the point and hit deep. He was master of the position, and made the most of it. She promised anything he liked. She was as submissive as a child. And then, with surprising magnanimity, he gave her a kiss of peace and went down stairs to write to Sommerville.

He did not show the letter to his wife. This seemed a pity, for it would have interested her very much. He merely informed her afterward that she need no longer fear a public scandal. This is what he wrote:

Dear Old Man—The little plot has succeeded—the lesson is learned. She has confessed, she is repentant in tears. At last she has awakened to the fact that her reputation is actually as valuable to her as other women's are to them. *Entre nous*, I do not think my beautiful Blanche will give me any further cause for uneasiness.

And I owe this delightful sense of security to you and Decie. Thanks to you both, no end! But although I am infinitely obliged to your military friend for answering her "ad," and flourishing her note of appointment round for me to see, I am not obliged to him for kissing her. You told him some of the circumstances, although he doesn't know who she is, and his instructions didn't go as far as that. But she smacked his face, Tom. By Jove, I think just for that I shall soften my heart and "manage to trace" some of the jewels she sent you. Kissed her, indeed! Baily cheek! Lucky he's gone to Curragh; I might have felt tempted to tell him so.

Of course I must see you before you leave town. I would ask you to dine here, only Lady V. might object. Shall we say the club at 7 sharp tomorrow?

Yours always. VANLEES.

. . . . . .

Today there is no stricter matron in society than Lady Vanlees. But people cannot understand why it is that she has never a fair word for her husband's friend.—[London Truth.

Japan's Proposed Eiffel Tower.

Japan is to have its own Eiffel Tower. The Eastern World, published in Yokohoma, announces that a number of Japanese patriots in Tokio have conceived the idea of so commemorating their victories. The tower will be a thousand feet high, and the lowest story is to contain an exhibition of natural industries, while the highest will be a Walhalla devoted to the statues of Japanese patriots who have died for their country. The cost is to be $350,000, and European contractors are invited to send estimates.—[Pall Mall Gazette.

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ADMITTED
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"Articles that are in any way dangerous or offensive, also patent medicines, nostrums, and empirical preparations, whose ingredients are concealed, will not be admitted to the Exposition."

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At the
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Chicago, 1893.
Why not get the Best?

Get Pure Blood

For it is the basis of health. Not only is the origin of most diseases impure blood, but the first step to a cure in all is to purify the blood. This can be most quickly, thoroughly and gently effected

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the best preparation of that greatest natural blood purifier and tonic—Sarsaparilla. At this season of the year especially, health can most surely be obtained and retained by a thorough course of the one remedy that prevents disease as well as cures it.

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2-11

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NOTICE!

AGENCY OF A. S. SHERMAN
MERCHANTS' BANK

THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES heretofore represented in Newport by Mr. Job T. Langley, deceased, having been transferred to me, policies and renewals in the same will be written at this office, where transfers and endorsements can be made:—

Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn.
Queen Ins. Co. of London.
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester.
Scottish Union & National of Edinburgh and London.
Northern Assurance Co., of London.

The above companies in addition to those already represented by me, enable me to write for any amount desired, at the lowest rates, and the high standing and character of the companies offer the strongest indemnity against fire.

Niagara Ins. Co. of N. Y.	$2,080,95
American Ins. Co. of Philadelphia	2,301,8
Fire Association of Philadelphia	4,250,56
Phenix Ins. Co. of Hartford	4,700,52
Imperial Ins. Co. of London	3,727,00
Guardian Ins. Co. of London	7,865,19
Providence Washington Ins. Co. of Providence	960,42
British American Ins. Co. of Toronto	832,41
Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn	6,833,17
Queen Ins. Co. of London	7,978,09
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester	6,498,18
Scottish Union & Nat'l Ins. Co of Edinburgh	5,332,05
Northern Assurance Co. of London	6,389,81
Phenix Assurance Co. of London	1,887,17

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7-2

California Wines,
Tokay, Port & Sherry,
Very rich and at the low price of
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Old Zinfandel, at 70 cts. gallon.
Riesling and Hock, at 75 cts. gallon.
Full line of Fine Liquors.
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Having again secured a large stock of
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A GOOD second hand Carryall, one new Tip Cart and one new 1-horse Lumber Wagon. Apply to
J. B. BACHELLER,
Commercial Wharf.

IN THE APIARY.

Bees Store Most Honey In Large Receptacles, Says an Expert.

Which colony will store the more surplus honey—the one provided with one pound sections, or the one having two pound sections? The foregoing query was propounded in The American Bee Journal, and the answers were almost unanimously in favor of the two pound sections, although everybody agreed that when it came to selling the honey, it was much better to have it in one pound sections. To the farmer who keeps but a few colonies and who wishes to produce honey for his family use the question of sale is but secondary, and he desires, above all things, to get as much product as possible from the few colonies of bees that he keeps. It is therefore important for him to know whether there is really an advantage in using large honey sections. With a view to settling this matter are here appended the opinions of that expert bee man, Charles Dadant, as expressed in a letter to Prairie Farmer:

Bees in a state of nature lodge themselves in the hollows of trees. They store honey in provision of future needs. Their instinct leads them to place the honey at the upper part of their hive above the brood and far from the entrance, so that, the cluster of bees being placed between their stores and the entrance, they can better defend those against intruders. They also want the honey in a place easily accessible during cold weather, and therefore as near the brood nest as possible. When we give our bees an empty box above their breeding room, we act according to their requirements, but when the box is cut up into small compartments they readily perceive that some parts of this surplus room may become difficult of access to them during the cold weather, and they work in them much more reluctantly.

The first step taken for the securing of surplus honey, after the invention of the movable frame hive, was the invention of a small box, glassed on four sides and holding about four pounds of honey. The bees had access to this small box through only one hole about an inch in diameter. It was soon perceived that there was less honey harvested in this style of box than formerly in the old wooden bucket plan, laid bottom side up on top of the box hive. We used these boxes for a short time, but after the invention of the extractor in 1867 we tried surplus cases of full size with open frames right over the brood combs and without any partition or honey board. These frames were used for extracting. The result was so much in favor of the large frame that we soon discarded the glass boxes altogether. A little later on the honey section, holding about a pound, was invented and found just the thing for the comb honey market. We tried these sections in broad frames to hold them in the supers, and we used them side by side with the long extracting frames. The result was by far in favor of the latter, and were it not that the city trade demands honey in small packages we dare the assertion that no one would think of using anything else.

To show how evidently the bees prefer a long, open frame to a small section we will say that we tried both the long frames and the frames containing four sections each, side by side in hives, placing the small sections in the center over the brood nest. In every instance the bees filled the large open frames first, although they were placed in a less favorable place. In a comparative test between large and small sections the result was similar, although the difference was not so plainly marked. This shows that it is best to use long open frames, or large sections, in the supers, when the intention of the beekeeper is to produce honey especially or exclusively for his family's use. But if honey for market is wanted one must either use the one pound sections, which are the only comb honey package of marketable value, or he must use the long, open frames with the honey extractor.

Improvement In Eastern Apples.

American Agriculturist reports that, despite the partial failure of the apple crop in New York state, the metropolitan market has been more than well supplied with apples the present season. There are some notable facts apparent in this season's show of fruit. There seems to be a greater variety of apples than is commonly seen at this season, and among these are some, now quite plentiful, which have of late years been extremely scarce, such as Newtown pippin, Esopus spitzenburg, Jonathan, Rawle's Genet, Swaar, Seek No Further and Dominie. All of these have been more or less plentiful, of fairly good quality and free from scab.

There is no other possible explanation of this seeming revival of apparently dying out varieties, says the authority referred to, than that it has been brought about by spraying and in some cases by a more intelligent fertilization. That this is the correct solution is further shown by the improved quality of the commoner varieties which come from orchardists who are up to date, such as the Baldwin, Northern Spy, Talman Sweet, Rhode Island Greening, Ben Davis, Hubbardston, Tompkin's King and earlier in the season of Gravenstein and Fameuse.

Why Use So Much Fertilizer?

A New Jersey farmer was asked by the author of "Chemicals and Clover" why he used so much fertilizer. Here is his answer:

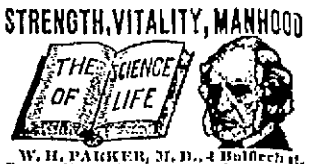
When we put fertilizers on our potatoes, we look forward two years to the grass crop. That is why we use so much. For years and years we thought, with other farmers, that fertilizers were so soluble that it was only safe to put on just enough for one crop. That is all nonsense. On ordinarily level ground we find fertilizers as safe in the soil as out of it—safer, too, with wheat and grass coming along to make use of them. The more fertilizers I use the more money I make.

The Difference.

"You called me a liar, sir!" shouted the angry citizen to the other citizen. "You will live to regret that yet, sir!"

"That jist shows the difference in fellers," remarked Rubbernek Bill, who happened to be in town with a load of steers. "When a feller calls me a liar he don't live to regret it. No!"

STRENGTH, VITALITY, MANHOOD



W. H. PARKER, M. D., 4 Bulfinch st., Boston, Mass., *chief consulting physician of the* Peabody Medical Institute, to whom was awarded the GOLD MEDAL by the NATIONAL MEDICAL ASSOCIATION for the Prize Essay on *Exhausted Vitality, Atrophy, Nervous & Physical Debility*, and all *Diseases* and *Weaknesses of Men*, the *young*, the *middle-aged* and *old*.

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Gives immediate relief to
CHAPPED HANDS & LIPS,
Used after Shaving it has no equal.

Rum and Quinine
Will not cause the Hair to grow where there is none,
But it will prevent the hair from falling out; remove dandruff and stimulate the growth of the hair, and at all times is a luxuriant dressing.

Beef, Wine & Iron.
This valuable tonic is well known.
Ours is not the cheapest but the best. Only the finest materials used in its composition.

DRINK
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AND AVOID DISEASE.
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GOOD IRON OR STEEL ROOF,
For 3 1-2c. per Sq'r. foot.
Write for Particulars.
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Enterprise Store,
No. 64 Thames St.,
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N. B.—Teas have been selected with great care by experienced herbalists, and all are warranted.
B. W. PEARCE.
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Prevents and Cures a Cold.

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FINE STATIONERY,
FINE LINEN PAPER,
CREAM WOVE AND LAID, AT
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The Best is the Cheapest
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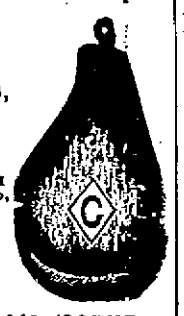
HAMS,
SHOULDERS,
AND
BACON
Are cured from R. I. Corn Fed Pork and Corn Cob Smoked, and are the Best



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CASKETS, COFFINS, ROBES, &c.,
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FURNITURE
Repaired, Re-covered or
MATTRESSES made over for
LOWEST PRICES,
GO TO
J. W. HORTON & CO.,
42 CHURCH STREET.
J. W. HORTON. F. A. WARD.

New Carpets
—AND—
Wall Papers.
We are daily receiving new carpets and wall papers and are prepared to show a fine line of
New Patterns.
Prices as low as Anywhere.
W. C. Cozzens & Co.,
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Aluminum Ware,
a large new stock just in.
Baby Carriages,
best selection in the city,
—AT—
W. K. COVELL'S,
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DR. Z. J. LEWIS,
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On Diseases of the Nervous System, Brain and Spinal Cord, Impotency, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Diseases of the Genito Urinary Organs, Acute or Chronic Syphilis and secondary symptoms cured in three or four days. All Female Complaints skillfully treated. Dr. Lewis will give a written guarantee to cure all cases undertaken by him. Cases that have been pronounced incurable by other physicians solicited.
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For Sale.
In Southern Rhode Island a farm containing 120 acres, beautiful location and commanding fine views. The farm-house is of large dimensions and in good order. Stable built seven years. This place has great prospective value, besides being worth double the price asked for it, for farming purposes, as it has a fine seaweed privilege; just the farm for raising potatoes, and one could pay for it in two years from this crop alone. Price only $100—about $12 per acre. Schoolhouse and church near by. About four miles from railroad station.
DANIEL WATSON,
211 Thames St., Newport, R. I.

YOUNG GIRLS.
INTERESTING CONCLUSIONS.
Mothers Agree on One Vital Subject.
[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

Young girls, to the thinking mind, are ever subjects of the deepest interest. Some lead lives of luxury, while others toil for mere existence. Separate, however, as their paths in life may lie, Nature demands of them the same obedience. All are subject to the same physical laws, and suffer in proportion to their violation.

Young girls are reticent through modesty, and often withhold what ought to be told.

Yet they are not to blame, for information on such subjects has been withheld from them, owing to the false interpretation of a mother's duty.

In such cases they should do as thousands of young ladies are doing every day: write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., giving as nearly as possible their symptoms, and receive her freely given advice and timely aid.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the young girl's most trusty friend. It can be obtained of any druggist, and speedily relieves and cures irregularities, suspension, retention, and all derangements of the womb and ovaries.

It banishes promptly all pains, headache, backache, faintness, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholia, etc. Young girls must know that *self-preservation is the first law of nature.*

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WE DOUBLE IT.
We will duplicate all first premiums offered in 1895 by any Horticultural or Agricultural Society in the United States, that may be secured with the produce of seeds or bulbs purchased of us. We will pay the amount on presentation of the certificate of the society's award, accompanied by a statement that the seeds from which the prize winners were grown, were BRECK'S SEEDS.
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Full particulars of this offer on application. Ask for our 1895 Illustrated catalogue. Mailed free. Replete with news about novelties, standard varieties of flower and vegetable seeds, the most approved agricultural and horticultural implements, and particulars of "Everything for Farm, Garden and Lawn."
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5th. Koal-spar prevents soot and cinders.
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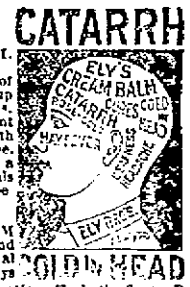
CREAM BALM.
Apply a particle of the Balm well up into the nostrils. After a moment draw strong breath through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.



ELY'S CREAM BALM opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays
COLD IN HEAD
Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

A great English wit, Mark Lemon, told of a chubby faced little urchin who passed his conceited instructor upon the street without bowing. The schoolmaster stopped and frowned. "What has become of your manners, sir?" he roared. "It seems to me that you are better fed than taught." "Yes, sir," replied the little boy; "that's because you teaches me; but I feeds myself."

Woman's Dep't.

The Size of South Australia.

A correspondent of the Woman's Journal writes:

In South Australia woman suffrage is established by the new law over nearly a million square miles. Women are made voters in a region larger than the combined areas of New York, Massachusetts, Maine, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Kentucky, Tennessee, West Virginia and Indian Territory.

This Act commits to full woman suffrage the government of a territory much larger than the United States from the Atlantic Coast to the Mississippi River, and from Canada frontier to the Florida Keys. This region is greater than England, Wales, Scotland, Ireland, France, Spain, Sweden, Norway, Portugal, Denmark, Switzerland, Holland and Belgium. It is greater than all Germany, Austria, Hungary, Italy, Turkey, Finland, Greece, Roumania, Bulgaria, Servia and Montenegro; larger than all British India; far larger than New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, Prince Edward's Island, Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba and British Columbia; greater than Venezuela, Colombia, Peru, Chili and Patagonia.

Another interesting fact is that this victory is the result of experience with partial woman suffrage, which has existed in South Australia for many years.

An Object Lesson.

Another object-lesson as to the need of woman suffrage is furnished in the following telegram from Atlanta to the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette:

Among the subjects received yesterday by the Southern Medical College was that of a female convict from the camp at Rising Fawn, and her babe. Carrie Massey was the name of the unfortunate woman who was thus the victim of the bad management which characterizes the lease system. The child with which she died was the fourth one born during the term of her imprisonment. This is but another in a series of cases, the most notorious being that of Alice White, who was pardoned by Governor Northen purely to free her from the persecution to which a female prisoner is subjected. The Legislative Committee, last November, reported the existence of this state of affairs, but no steps were taken to break it up.

How long would such a state of things be allowed by legislators to exist, perfectly well known, but with "no steps taken to break it up," if the women of Georgia had votes?

The Best Women Voted.

It is constantly predicted that the bad and ignorant women will be more willing to vote than the good and intelligent. In all the 23 states where women now have school suffrage, the exact contrary has proved to be the case. Ohio has just granted school suffrage to women, and is having the usual experience. A Cleveland paper says in regard to the primary election just held in that city:

"The best women in town voted—and the worst did not. One may mean a great many things when he says the 'best' women. All of those things are included in the foregoing statement. The women who voted are the ones whose names one sees through the season appended to accounts of pink teas and blue receptions, the women who take the lead in church affairs, the ones who do most for charity, the women who evidenced their ability to publish a metropolitan newspaper, the women who—well, the women, in brief, whom men are glad to know and recognize as their equals in all things and their betters in many. They were the women who voted.

"The women who did not vote were the demi-mondaine. The newspaper man who visited the voting booths in the Tenderloin district was unable to learn of a single instance where such a vote had been cast.

"The rainy, sloppy weather did not deter the women from voting. They picked their way through the mud with as much alacrity as they would have shown had their destination been a society gathering instead of the performance of a social duty. The old ladies and the young ladies and the middle-aged ladies were all interested. One old lady was driven up to the very door of the booth and assisted into the voting stall by her daughter and her grandaughter, and all three voted in turn for a woman. It was hard to tell from their faces which was the proudest, the old lady with her memory of the past battles for suffrage, or the youngest one with the possibilities of the future for women opening out before her."

The Troy Buckeye says:

From every part of Ohio where the women have held meetings and nominated candidates comes the same report, to wit: That the meetings were attended by women of character and education, and the candidates selected are representative types of the best in womanhood and motherhood in each locality.

Utah has adopted a woman suffrage clause in its constitution, thus making a third state with such a privilege.

Partners.

He—"Do you remember the first night we met?"

She—"Certainly, dear."

He—"What a lot of soft things I said."

She—"Do you think so?"

He—"Yes. But that was nothing to what came after. Do you ever think of that moonlight sail on the lake?"

She—"Often."

He—"So do I. What a real genuine all around donkey I did make of myself! I believe I took your hand, or something of that sort. Said I had felt so utterly lonely until I had met you. Spoke of the great love that had stolen over me. Bah! It makes me sick. Then think of that night you said you'd have me!"

She—"I remember it well."

He—"What a lot of fiddle-faddle I did get off!

"Hand in hand down the great highway of life! Kisses that burn! Never get tired of them. Ha! ha! the idea! A love that would grow and grow. Just to sit at your feet was all I asked—to be your slave, to worship you. Cæsar's ghost, what an unmitigated ass a man does make of himself! And those letters I wrote! Oh, what a fool, what a—"

She—"But there is one consolation, dear. A woman is just as big a fool."

He—"No she isn't. Doesn't begin to be."

She—"But she is—exactly."

He—"How do you make that out?"

She—"Why, dear, don't you remember the day I married you?"—Harper's Bazar.

"Java is the Malay word for "land of nutmegs."

S.S. Department.

Sunday School Lesson—April 14.

THE WICKED HUSBANDMAN.

Mark 12:1-12.

Lesson Introduction.

The section includes the whole of Jesus' experiences and discourses in the courts of the temple on Monday and Tuesday, April 3 and 4, A. D. 30, largely in Mark, chapters 11 and 12. On Sunday Jesus had offered himself to the Jews as their Messiah King, by entering Jerusalem in triumphal procession. With kingly authority, on Monday, he cleansed the temple area, having on the way cursed the barren fig tree. On Tuesday it was noticed that the fig tree had withered away (Matt. 21:20-22; Mark 11:20-25); our Lord's authority was questioned (Matt. 21:23-27; Mark 11:27-33; Luke 20:1-8); as the temple also was delivered the parable of the two sons (Matt. 21:28-32). This Tuesday was Christ's last great day of teaching in Jerusalem. Probably the parable of the lesson came next. The parallel passages are Matt. 21:33-46 and Luke 20:9-19. With these compare Isa. 5:1-7.

"These parables are severe and threatening, 'but the spirit of them is love.' 'In the deepest sense he spoke them not against the Pharisees, but for them.' . . . 'His object was to carry home to their hearts the conviction of sin, and to impress them with a sense of their danger before it was too late. It was their only hope of salvation.

Explanatory Notes.

1 And he began to speak unto them in parables. A man planted a vineyard, and set a hedge about it, and digged a pit for the winepress, and built a tower, and let it out to husbandmen, and went into another country.

In parables: As the best method by which now they could be convinced of the truth. A parable is a comparison, a similitude. It is a species of fable or fiction from which a moral is drawn for instruction. A man planted: Matthew calls him "a householder." He was the owner. This householder represents God, who is creator and owner of all things. A vineyard: The most valuable plantation, but requiring the most constant labor and care; an apt figure of the theocracy (Isa. 5: 1-7, 3: 14; Cant: 2: 15), here representing the Jewish people, as the Old Testament kingdom of God. "A secondary application to the external church in later times is required by verse 9, where the vineyard is represented as passing over from the husbandmen to others." A hedge about it: Probably a hedge of thorns, possibly a wall. "God had separated his people from other nations, and guarded them from heathen influences, by the law (comp. Eph. 2: 14) and by external marks of distinction. God's special proprietorship and care are plainly seen." Digged a pit: The pit was a receptacle into which the juice flowed, and where it was kept cool; the winepress was the place where the grapes were trodden out. This seems to be added to complete the description. A tower: For the watchman who guarded the vineyard against depredations. "In time of the vintage, used for recreation, no doubt, as in European countries." "This represents the provision made by God for the protection and prosperity of his people, especially the Old Testament church. To husbandmen: Probably for a part of the fruit." The husbandmen represent the rulers of the Jews (Matt. 21: 45), but the people as individuals may be included. "The vineyard is the people as a chosen nation." Into another country: Not "far country," there being no reference to distance.

2 And at the season he sent to the husbandmen a servant, that he might receive from
3 the husbandmen of the fruits of the vineyard. And they took him, and beat him,
4 and sent him away empty. And again he sent unto them another servant; and him they wounded in the head, and handled
5 shamefully. And he sent another; and him they killed; and many others; beating some and killing some.

At the season: At the time when the fruit was ripe. "God expects fruit after such careful preparation." A servant: The servants represents the prophets of the Old Testament. Again he sent unto them, etc.: The maltreatment of the servants differ in all three accounts, showing that no special interpretation is to be given to the different sendings. "In general, however, this treatment points to the persecution of the prophets (Elijah, Jeremiah, Isaiah); compare Neh. 9: 26; Matt. 23: 29-31, 34, 37; 1 Thess. 2:15; Heb. 11:32-38; Rev. 16:6; 18:24. God's messengers in later times have often suffered at the hands of the official personages of the external church." Him they killed: "The gradation is: beating, trying to kill, actually killing." The climax in Mark is the killing of a servant, in Matthew the stoning.

6 He had yet one, a beloved son: he sent him last unto them, saying, They will rever-
7 ence my son. But those husbandmen said among themselves, This is the heir; come
8 let us kill him, and the inheritance shall be ours. And they took him, and killed him, and cast him forth out of the vineyard.

They will reverence my son: The Son appears here not in the character of Redeemer, but in that of a preacher, a messenger demanding the fruits of the vineyard. "This implies that God is not willing that any should perish (2 Pet. 3:9)." This is the heir: Christ is heir to all things (Heb. 1:2.) Did the Jews know that they were putting to death the heir, the Son of God? They did not realize it. "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do;" but they knew they were doing wrong. The inheritance shall be ours: Canon Tristram says: "The husbandmen are represented as relying upon the custom of the East, that if an owner is not to be found, and the occupier pays the tax to the government for six years, the latter is looked upon as the proprietor." But they showed folly in addition to their wicked resolve; the householder still lived. "This assumes an unwilling conviction of the Messiahship of Jesus on the part of the rulers. Up to this point the parable was history; here it becomes prophecy. In the attempt to maintain their own authority, which he had challenged, by putting him to death, they foolishly defied God. Some of them might have thought, If we try to kill him, he will save himself, if he is the Messiah; but this prophetic word should have banished that thought." Killed him . . . cast him forth, etc.: Matthew and Luke invert the order. This may be a warning not to interpret the details of a parable too closely. "Our Lord here recognizes the fixed purpose of the rulers to kill him. Yet there is still love in the warning."

9 What therefore will the Lord of the harvest do? he will come and destroy the husbandmen, and will give the vineyard
10 unto others. Have ye not read even this scripture:
The stone which the builders rejected,
The same was made the head of the corner:
11 This was from the Lord,
And it is marvellous in our eyes?
12 And they sought to lay hold on him; and they feared the multitude; for they perceived that he spoke the parable against them: and they left him, and went away.

What therefore will the Lord, etc.: The question is asked that they may be scared and condemned out of their own mouth. Matthew gives the answer in its fuller form. "They say unto him, He will miserably destroy those miserable men, and will let out the vineyard to other husbandmen, which shall render him the fruits in their seasons." "The destruction of the husbandmen points to the destruction of Jerusalem, which is therefore the coming of the Lord of the vineyard." The heir who was killed becomes himself the Lord of the vineyard. This scripture: Ps. 118:22. Head of the corner: The most important foundation stone, joining the two walls. For they perceived, etc.: Matthew gives the more general reason for their fear, "because they [the multitudes] held him as a prophet." Their desire to seize Jesus was increased by the parable, but their fear of the multitudes was also increased.

Couldn't See It.

In a suit for separation counsel for the plaintiff pleaded, among other reasons, incompatibility of temperament. He depicted the character of the husband as "brutal, violent and passionate." The husband's advocate rose in his turn and described the wife as "spiteful, short-tempered and sulky."

"Pardon me," interrupted the judge, addressing both limbs of the law, "I cannot see, gentlemen, where the incompatibility of temperament comes in."—[Green Bag.

An Ingenious Device.

An ingenious device is being brought out in Birmingham for locking the steering gear of bicycles. At a turn of the key, it is stated, the front wheel of the machine can be locked in any position. If the bicycle is left standing at the side of the pavement with the steering gear locked, and a thief jumps on to ride off with it, he will soon find himself in difficulties.—[Chicago Times-Herald.

A Vanderbilt Necklace.

At a recent sale of silver plate and jewelry in London a pearl necklace, with diamond clasp, comprising thirty-nine well-matched pearls, weighing 024 grains, was disposed of. The bidding commenced at $7,500, and proceeded by hundreds to $14,500, at which sum it was sold to the representatives of Mr. W. Vanderbilt, of New York.

Weeks: "Well, how are things over in Boston? Have they named any new pie 'Aristotle' yet?" Wantman: "No-o. But, I heard a man there ask for Plato soup."

The latest results of pharmaceutical science and the best modern appliances are availed of in compounding Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Hence, though half-a-century in existence as a medicine, it is fully abreast of the age in all that goes to make it the standard blood-purifier.

Prussia was at first Borussia, the country of the Borussi.

Nervous People

And those who are all tired out and have that tired feeling or sick headache can be relieved of all these symptoms by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives nerve, mental and bodily strength and thoroughly purifies the blood. It also creates a good appetite, cures indigestion, heartburn and dyspepsia.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25c.

Canada is an Indian word meaning "collection of huts."

"A friend in need is a friend indeed."
A friend advised me to try Ely's Cream Balm and after using it six weeks I believe myself cured of catarrh. It is a most valuable remedy.—Joseph Stewart, 624 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.
My son was afflicted with catarrh, I induced him to try Ely's Cream Balm and the disagreeable catarrhal smell all left him. He appears as well as any one.—J. C. Olmstead, Arcola, Ill.
Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

Bolivia was called in honor of Simon Bolivar.

Spring Time

It when nearly everyone feels the need of some blood purifying strength invigorating and health producing medicine. The real merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla is the reason of its widespread popularity. Its unequalled success is its best recommendation. The whole system is susceptible to the most good from a medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla taken at this time, and we would lay special stress upon the time and remedy, for history has it recorded that delays are dangerous. The remarkable success achieved by Hood's Sarsaparilla and the many words of praise it has received, make it worthy of your confidence. We ask you to give this medicine a fair trial.

Columbia was thus called in honor of Columbus.

As baldness makes one look prematurely old, so a full head of hair gives a mature life appearance of youth. To secure this and prevent the former, Ayer's Hair Vigor is confidently recommended. Both ladies and gentlemen prefer it to any other dressing.

Mexico is the city of Mexitli, the Mexican god of war.

Hood's Sarsaparilla gives great bodily, nerve, mental and digestive strength, simply because it purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood.

Finland is properly Fenland, "the land of marshes."

Have no equal as a prompt and positive cure for sick headache, biliousness, constipation, pain in the side and all liver troubles, Carter's Little Liver Pills. Try them.

The Transvaal is the country beyond the Vaal.

Must not be confounded with common cathartic or purgative pills. Carter's Little Liver Pills are entirely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

Chili is a Peruvian word, signifying "the land of snow."

WHY WILL YOU

Allow your health to gradually fail? If you are closely confined indoors with little or no exercise, and desire good health, you must take care of yourself. Use Sulphur Bitters, and you will have a sound mind and a strong body.

Costa Rica is a Spanish expression signifying "rich coast."

IT IS FOOLISH

To send for the doctor every time you don't feel just right. My doctor's bill for years was over a hundred dollars a year, which made a pretty big hole in my wages. For the past two years I only spent ten dollars, with which I bought a dozen bottles of Sulphur Bitters, and health has been in my family since using them.—Roneer Johnson, Machinist.

Corsica has a Phœnician name, meaning "wooded islands."

A Gorgeous Trophy.

Visitors to the recent Nelson Bazar and Exhibition in London had an opportunity of examining "Alumma's Umbrella," which attracted a great deal of attention. It is a big sunshade, the nine sections of which are make of silk—each of a different color, and is trimmed with two rows of rich gold lace. The whole is mounted on a staff of solid silver nine feet long. This gorgeous trophy was the principal personal property of Alumma, a West African chief, and was captured by British bluejackets in the autumn of last year at Brohamie, the stronghold of Nana, Alumma's son. It was sent to London for preservation as a memento of the capture of the slave raider's headquarters.—[New York Sun.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

AS IN YOUTH
Ayer's Hair Vigor
CORDIALLY INDORSED.

RESTORES
Natural Growth
OF THE
HAIR
—WHEN—
ALL OTHER
Dressings
FAIL.

"I can cordially indorse Ayer's Hair Vigor, as one of the best preparations for the hair. When I began using Ayer's Hair Vigor, all the front part of my head—about half of it—was bald. The use of only two bottles restored a natural growth, which still continues as in my youth. I tried several other dressings, but they all failed. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the best."—Mrs. J. C. PREUSSER, Converse, Texas.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.

Writing Lessons in Japan.

One of the most remarkable occurrences one meets in Japan is the instruction in chirography given to a Daimio, a member of the Japanese military nobility, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The writing teacher, who is called a professor there as well as here, prepares the copies in secret, so they can be used only for the little prince in question. A swarm of maids are busy waiting on the Daimio, fetching and preparing what pupil and teacher need. At the appointed hour the professor makes his appearance. Without saying a word, and with the most funeral countenance, he approaches his pupil. A white napkin covers his mouth, so that his breath cannot offend the little prince. The Japanese are very sensitive in this regard. After exhausting every possible form of silent greeting, the professor sits down, rules the paper and begins the instruction. When the Daimio has scribbled over several of the lines, it is the duty of the teacher to go into raptures over the wonderful talent of the youngster. Tears of joy must fill his eyes, but all must be done in silence, not a word must be spoken to the Daimio. All the professor is permitted to do is to call the head maid, commissioning her to express, in proper language, his most devoted admiration.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," at least so they all say, and their husbands say so too. Carter's Iron Pills equalize the circulation, remove nervousness and give strength and rest. Try them.

Sumatra means the "happy land."

To make the hair grow a natural color, prevent baldness, and keep the scalp healthy, Hall's Hair Renewer was invented, and has proved itself successful.

Hayti means "mountain country."

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by inaction of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Use Epps's Cocoa for Breakfast and Supper, pure and healthful, and their FAMILY CHOCOLATE for drinking and cooking, cakes, pudding, creams, etc.

DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT—In all the world there is but one cure.
Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.
It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and today believe that they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O. 4-2-1m

A Safe Investment

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of the Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. Its pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at Chas. M. Cole's drugstore.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Chas. M. Cole, druggist.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Chas. M. Cole.

Mother: Mary that young man is too presumptious. We shall have to sit him up. Mary: Leave that to me, ma. I intend to it the next time he comes.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

LITTLE COMPTON.

Mrs. Abby C. wife of Alexander C. Wilbour died suddenly Sunday evening 31st, aged 64 years 9 months. Funeral services were held Thursday at 1.30 P. M., from the residence of her husband on Sesconnet road, a large number of relatives and friends being present. Mrs. Wilbour was held in much respect by the community in which she lived. She was a woman of great benevolence and intellectual capacity and was largely interested in Woman's Suffrage, dress reform and in all subjects that tended to promote the welfare of mankind. Mrs. Wilbour was the daughter of the late Willard Gray. The homestead on the West Road where she was born, is known historically as the birth place of Elizabeth Peabody the first white woman born in New England. The interment was in the Wilbour family burying ground. Besides her husband Mrs. Wilbour leaves one daughter to mourn her loss.

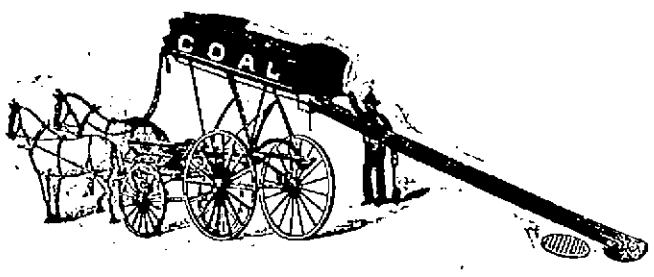
Plowed Up a Watch.

General E. W. Price, of Keytesville, Mo., recently recovered a hunting-case silver watch that he lost in 1856 while riding through the woods. A colored boy plowed it up near the spot where it was lost.—[New York Post.

Mrs. Comely: "I am delighted to see you, Mr. Stonefence. I hope you will call often." Mr. Stonefence: "You are so kind, Mrs. Comely, I shall take advantage of your invitation." Mrs. Comely: "Please do. You are the only man in New York of whom my husband is not jealous."—Alex. Sweet, in Texas Siftings.

Watts: "Mrs. Potts just looked stunning in her new outfit this afternoon." Mrs. Watts: "How was she dressed?" Watts: "I can't exactly describe the rig, except that it had these pneumatic sleeves.—Cincinnati Tribune.

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER.



COAL and WOOD

Of the best quality and ALWAYS at LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

Perry Mill Wharf, 341 Thames St.

TIVERTON.

Mr. George O. Ballou, of Fall River, is seriously ill with pneumonia.

Mrs. Isabel B. Dawley, of Fall River, has been visiting in town.

Abner Wilfred Pierce, of New Bedford, and eldest son of Orlando G. Pierce, of this town, died at his father's residence Sunday morning, after a week's illness, aged 22 years and 3 months. He leaves a widow and one child. Funeral services were held Thursday, 11 A. M., at the Free Baptist church, the Rev. James E. Gosline officiating. The choir rendered several selections. The pall bearers were Herbert B. Cook, Isaac Gray, Charles R. Gray and Herman Manchester. The interment was in the family lot in Pleasant View cemetery.

At the usual monthly meeting of the Town Council and Court of Probate held Monday, of last week, a full board present, the business transactions were: Notice ordered on petition of Mary T. Connell that Thomas W. Robinson, of Pawtucket, may be approved as the guardian of her person and estate.

Notice ordered on petition of Henry Durfee for allowance of first and final account as administrator on the estate of Edwin Seabury.

Notice ordered on petition of Andrew Sawyer for allowance of annual account as guardian of William Sawyer.

Permission given to Daniel G. Deane to build a wharf from his land under the direction of the Town Council.

Notice ordered on petition of Walter Cornell that Mrs. Lydia A. Wright, of Providence, be appointed his guardian.

Inventory taken at the Town asylum ordered to be recorded.

The following names were drawn as petit jurors, to serve in the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court as may be required: 1, E. Philip Kass; 2, Charles F. Negus; 3, Christopher Manchester; 4, Charles F. Wilcox; 5, Julian A. Manchester; 6, Joshua T. Durfee; 7, Samuel M. Rose; 8, Warren B. Mosher; 9, John Schlegel; 10, Harry C. Hambly; 11, Joseph Williams; 12, George F. Cottrell.

The schools in districts Nos. 2 and 3 have closed for the spring vacation.

Samuel R. Stewart, contractor, is building for Mrs. Pemberton a 1½ story cottage, 25x31, with ell 12 feet square on Canonicus street, North Tiverton.

James Holden contemplates having a two tenement house erected on Main street, North Tiverton.

A bazaar held at the Primitive Methodist church from Thursday to Saturday evening was the means of drawing together a large and sociable company. The programme for each evening was attractive, the sale of fancy needle work, ice cream and cake adding much to the interest. The proceeds were devoted to defraying the expenses of the church.

A school meeting was held in district No. 1, at which Squire M. Chase was elected trustee; Warren W. Almy, treasurer; Frederick Wilcox, clerk.

Archdeacon Tucker, of Pawtucket, preached at the Parish house, Sunday.

PORTSMOUTH.

The town council and court of probate held its first session for the municipal year in the town on Monday afternoon, all the members present, and the newly elected members were duly engaged, and at once proceeded to business.

PROBATE MATTERS—The will of Sarah A. Sherman was proved and ordered recorded, and Miss Charlotte Sherman, was confirmed as executrix, and gave her personal bond in the sum of $6000. Henry Anthony, Edward R. Anthony and John B. Cornell were appointed appraisers of the estate.

John L. Borden was appointed administrator on the estate of Mahala Borden and qualified by giving bond in the sum of $3,500, with Perry G. Randall and William B. Mott, as sureties. Edward F. Dyer, Perry G. Randall and Philip C. Chase were appointed appraisers of the personal estate, an inventory of which was received and recorded.

COUNCIL MATTERS—Philip B. Chase appointed Wm. F. Brayton deputy town clerk for the year ensuing, and the appointment was approved by the council.

Voted, That the providing of outside blinds for the town hall windows, which was ordered in town meeting, be referred to President Rescom P. Manchester.

Voted, That Winfield S. Sisson be a committee to ascertain the cost of making a stable of the old town hall, and report to a future meeting of the council.

Voted, That Edward R. Anthony reseed the yard around the town hall and remove as much of the dirt under the hall as he needs for his use, the removal to be at the expense of the town.

Voted, That an additional sum of $600 be appropriated to construct a road in Black Point Lane, to be laid out under the supervision of the surveyor of highway in District No. 2.

Voted, That the compensation for labor on the highways be as follows, viz: For a pair of oxen with cart, twenty cents per hour; a pair of horses and wagon, twenty-five cents an hour; a single horse with a wagon, fifteen cents an hour; a man, twenty cents per hour; boys to be paid at the discretion of the surveyor; a plough, ten cents per hour while in actual use.

Voted, That bounties on minks, be $1; skunks, 50 cents; hawks, 25 cents.

Voted, That Councilman George R. Hicks be a committee to ascertain the cost of a new safe for the town records and report at a future session.

Voted, That the town hall be painted and Councilman R. P. Manchester, W. S. Sisson and C. Carr be a committee for that purpose.

Voted, That Councilman Seth Anthony be a sub-committee to have charge of the letting of the town hall.

The following officers were elected for the year ensuing; Appraisers of damages done by dogs, Wm. W. Anthony, Albert Sisson and John S. Albro; tramp constables, Cornelius S. Greene, Charles Wilcox and Wm. T. Harvey, at a salary of $15 each; dog constable, Wm. T. Harvey; tenant officer, Wm. T. Harvey; his compensation to be twenty-five cents an hour for the time actually spent in performing the duties of the office; Stone bridge commissioner, Lorenzo D. Tallman; committee to hire draw tender at Stone Bridge, Lorenzo D. Tallman; police constables, Wm. T. Harvey and Charles I. Coggeshall; health officer, Wm T. Harvey; bird constables, Albert W. Lawrence and Charles S. Sisson; committee to furnish the public schools with necessary supplies, John B. Cornell, salary $75.

Henry Hedley, George B. Thomas, John H. Chase, George Anthony, Alfred C. Chase, Frank R. Tallman, Perry G. Randall, John B. Cornell, Sidney C. Thomas, George E. Sisson; Holder Almy and Gardner T. Sherman were drawn to serve as petit jurors when summoned.

Bills against the town were allowed and orders given for their payment as follows: Gideon Manchester, for services as draw tender at Stone Bridge, three months, $37.50; Cornelius S. Greene, services as tramp constable, $15; Joseph Coggeshall, furnishing school supplies to the public schools as per vote of the town $175; of David B. Anthony, George A. Brown, Charles L. Fish and Charles E. Harvey, service as supervisor of election April 3d, 1893, $3 each, of Fillmox Coggeshall, services as building committee of the town hall and improving the surroundings $200; of Solomon Gardner, repairing roads in Dist. Nov. 4, $26.25; of Asa B. Anthony, road machine purchased by a vote of the town, $20; of Benj. B. White, shovelling snow in Dist. No. 11, $2; of Mr. T. Harvey, stove pipe, boxes and freight, $1.20; Wm. F. Brayton, for services as deputy town clerk, April 3, $3 of Wm. T. Harvey, services as tramp Constable, 1$5; of same for services as Overseer of the poor $30; of Joseph G. Dennis, for service as moderator April 3; $5; of T. T. Pitman, advertising canvassers meeting and notice to dog owners, $18.88, Mercury printing company eight half sheet cards, $2; of Wm. T. Harvey assistance to outside poor four weeks $11; of Winfield S. Sisson, councils allowance this session, $2.50.

The school committee held its first regular session in the new town hall on Monday afternoon. They organized by electing Jonathan A. Sisson chairman, Joseph Coggeshall clerk, John F. Chase superintendent, and Joseph Coggeshall committee on qualification.

The school terms for the next year were arranged as follows, viz: First or summer term, from April 29 to June 28, nine weeks; second, or fall term, September 2 to November 22 twelve weeks; third or winter term, December 2 to February 15, eleven weeks; fourth or spring term, February 17 to April 10, eight weeks.

The following is the distribution of the appropriation for the year; Dist. No. 1, for teaching; $450 incidentals $50; Dist. No 2, for teacher $450 incidentals $50; Dist. No. 3 for teacher $450 incidentals $50; Dist. No. 4, for teacher $450 incidentals $50; Dist. No. 5, primary for teacher $350, incidentals $30.

District No. 6, for teacher $450, incidentals, $50; District No. 7, for teacher $200, incidentals, $25.

The petition from Rev. George Herbert Patterson asking for an appropriation for an additional teacher in District No. 1, created considerable discussion, and was finally laid on the table.

Mr. Joseph Coggeshall was appointed a committee to purchase school supplies for the ensuing year.

Mrs. Henry W. McCrone and her three children have gone to visit relations in Philadelphia. It is hoped the change will be of great benefit to her, as she has been quite ill with the grip and has gained very slowly.

Mr. Wm. H. Harrington was out to the Post Office, Thursday, the first time since the early part of winter, having been housed with rheumatism.

The officers elected at the election of April 3 are:

Pound Keeper—William T. Harvey.
Field Drivers—Alfred H. Borden, Winfield S. Sisson, Henry C. Anthony and Owen Riley.
Special Constables—William Field, Charles Carr and William T. Harvey.
Surveyor of Land—Joseph Coggeshall, John Roberts, and John H. Cross.
Corders of Wood—Henry F. Anthony, Charles H. Dyer and Cornelius S. Greene.
Inspectors of Measures for measuring Fish and Ashes—Wm. T. Harvey, John C. Mott and John H. Cross.
School Committee for three years—John S. Albro and Henry F. Anthony.
Fence Viewers—Joseph Coggeshall, Albert Sisson and Colby C. Mitchell.
Surveyors of Highways—Dist. No. 1, L. D. Tallman; 2, Solomon Gardner; 3, Henry Anthony; 4, Wm. W. Anthony; 5, Herbert F. Hall; 6, Benj. S. Anthony; 8, Colby C. Mitchell; 9, Frank Slocum; 10, Charles H. Dyer, 11, Jacob Marz; 12, Cornelius S. Greene; 13, Josiah C. Gifford; 14, Abraham C. Chase; 15, John F. Chase.

The surveyor for Prudence Island was left to the town council.

BLOCK ISLAND.

Tuesday the annual financial town meeting was held in this town. The meeting was called to order by the moderator, Mr. Ransom Kenyon and the report of the committee appointed to settle with the town treasurer was read, received and ordered placed on file. The report showed a balance in the treasury of $2,373.94.

A tax of ten mills on a dollar of the ratable property of the town was ordered assessed before June 15, and collected before Sep. 15, all taxes, unpaid after the latter date to be charged one per cent. interest per month. It was voted to appropriate for the support of the public schools an amount equal to that furnished the town by the other state. The bills of Alamanza Littlefield for $50, and Dr. J. C. Champlin for $36.25 were ordered paid. It was voted to hold an annual town business meeting on the first Tuesday of June in each year hereafter, instead of the two now held in March and April.

The town officers elected at the town meeting April 3 were Ransom Kenyon, moderator; Ray G. Lewis, assistant moderator; Edward P. Champlin, town clerk; John P. Champlin, 1st warden; Daniel Mott, 2d warden; Samuel L. Hayes, Lovell H. Dickens and A. N. Littlefield, councilmen; Thaddeus A. Ball, town treasurer; A. Mott, town sergeant; Charles Littlefield, overseer of the poor; Simon R. Ball, tax collector; Silas N. Littlefield, George W. Conloy, Ransom Kenyon, Simon R. Sheffield, tax assessors.

Administrator's Sale

OF REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

At Public Auction.

WILL BE SOLD at Public Auction on the premises lately occupied by Susan J. Sisson, deceased, known as a Road House, situated in Tiverton, R. I., about one-half mile north of Bliss' Four Corners, and about five miles from Fall River, Mass., on the Stafford Road, (so called) on SATURDAY May 11th, 1895 at eleven o'clock A. M., the following described parcels or lots of Real Estate:—

1st lot is situated on the Stafford Road leading from Fall River to Bliss' Four Corners, a short distance south of the city limits, and contains about one half acre, having 142 ft front on Stafford Road. This lot is very pleasantly situated on a hill and desirable for a house lot.

2d lot is a wood lot of a number of acres situated in Tiverton on the east side of Crandall road near Westport line.

Lot No. 3, is a house lot on east side of Stafford Road just south of (so called) Sandy woods; on this lot is a good well of water.

Lot No. 4 is the Road House place comprising about six acres more or less, upon which is a two story French roofed house with large pleasant rooms, well arranged, nine of which are arranged for stoves. There is also a large horse stable, sheds, cook house, and other out buildings.

This property is very pleasantly situated about five miles from City Hall, Fall River, on the westerly side of Stafford Road and borders on Stafford Pond.

Immediately after the above sale will be sold at Public Auction all the personal property on said premises consisting of beds, chamber sets, parlor sets, chairs, lounges, carpets, cuspadores, crockery ware, boats, farming tools and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms at time and place of sale. If stormy the sale will take place the next fair week day.

ABRAHAM MANCHESTER,
Administrator.
Adamsville, R. I., April 8, 1895.
BY WM. B. M. CHASE & CO.
Auctioneers.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale contained in a Mortgage deed executed by Robert Wilson, Carrie T. Wilson, his wife, joining therein, to Joseph M. Hammett, dated April 22d, A. D., 1887, and Recorded with the Land Evidence of Newport, Book 21, of Mortgages pages 352 and 353 I will sell by public auction on the premises in Newport on SATURDAY, May the 11th, 1895 at 12 o'clock noon all of the right, title and interest of the said mortgagors in and to that parcel of land on the west side of Broadway in the City of Newport, bounded South Easterly, forty feet on Broadway, South Westerly, on land now or late of Caroline T. Wilson one hundred and thirty-four feet; Westerly on land of John Gibson forty feet; North and North easterly, on land of Joshua G. Brown one hundred and thirty-four feet, or however otherwise the same may be bounded or described, the condition of the Mortgage having been broken.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his intention to bid at said sale.

JOHN S. COGGESHALL,
Executor of the Will of Joseph M. Hammett,
Mortgagee.
Newport, April 12, 1895—4-13.

New Advertisements.

THE F. F. TEBBETTS CO.,

121 WESTMINSTER STREET,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

New Spring Garments.

The many expressions of sincere praise by the visitors to our store have stimulated us to still further strive to win the approval of all by offering at this time several desirable styles of garments at most popular prices.

Tan and Black Jackets, full satin faced, at $5, fully worth $7.50, others up to $25.

Black Capes, fine all wool cloth, handsomely braided and trimmed with satin, at $3.75, fully worth $5, others at $5, $7.50, $10 up to $50.

Separate in Black Mohair and Silk Brilliantine at $6.50 and $8.50, fully worth $ .75 and $10, others in Serge Crepon, Moire and Satin up to $25.

Silk Waists in perfect fitting styles, at $3.95, $5.00 and $5.75 in black and fancy silks, others up to $20.

Children's Jackets in Red and Navy Cloth, handsomely braided, sizes 4 to 12 at $1.75, others up to $10.

Sign of The Great White Bear,

BUTLER EXCHANGE.

Annual Statement

For the Year Ending December 31, '94,

OF THE

Northwestern Masonic Aid Association,

A Natural Premium Company, organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Rhode Island.

PRESIDENT, DANIEL J. AVERY,
SECRETARY, CHAS. A. CAPWELL.

Insurance written in Rhode Island in 1894	$315,500
Ceased to be in force during 1894	136,000
Insurance written in Newport in 1894	210,000
Ceased to be in force in Newport in 1894	10,000

BALANCE SHEET.

Amount of net or invested assets December 31 of previous year	$ 744,226 06
Income during 1894	2,355,505 58
Total resources	$3,099,731 64
Total disbursements during 1894	2,337,311 55
Balance December 31, 1894	$762,420 09
Invested assets	$761,094 70
Interest accrued	2,122 05
Total assets	$763,216 75
Liabilities	$41,530 16
Total policies in force	48,081
Insurance in force	$141,151,500

Approved:
A. C. LANDERS,
Ins. Commissioner of Rhode Island.

E. B. PRATT, General Agent,
3-30-3w NEWPORT, R. I.

New Advertisements.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

Notice of Applications for Liquor Licenses.

AT A MEETING of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Newport, held Tuesday, April 9, 1895 the following named persons made application for liquor licenses, under the provisions of chapter 818 of the Public Statutes of Rhode Island, to sell pure, spirituous, intoxicating and malt liquors within the limits of the city, at retail only:

Walsh, Daniel J., 8 West Marlboro St.
Sullivan, Dennis J., 601 Thames St.

The Board of License Commissioners will be in session at their office in the Mercury Building on Tuesday, April 30, 1895, at 2 o'clock P. M., when opportunity will be given for remonstrances to be heard before acting upon said applications or granting licenses under them.

Published by order of the License Commissioners.

E. W. HIGBEE, CLERK.
4-13-3w

Town Sergeant's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of execution, numbered 125, issued from the District Court of the First Judicial District, holden at Newport in the County of Newport, on the 23d day of January, A. D. 1895, returnable to said court, April 22, 1895, wherein Alvin H. Sprague, Administrator, is plaintiff, and Manton J. Allen is defendant, will be sold at public auction, on SATURDAY, the 11th day of May, A. D. 1895, at 12 o'clock noon, at the dwelling house on the following described premises, all the right, title and interest of Manton J. Allen, in and to a certain lot of land and buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the western part of the said town of New Shoreham and County of Newport, and bounded and described, as follows: Southerly, on land now or formerly belonging to Anderson B. Dickens; Westerly, on land now or formerly belonging to Mary A. Allen; Northerly, partly on land of John C. Champlin and partly on land belonging to the estate of Samuel H. Dickens, deceased, and Easterly, on land belonging to the said estate of Samuel H. Dickens, to satisfy said execution if sufficient.

HAMILTON A. MOTT,
Town Sergeant of New Shoreham.
4-13-4w

TOWN OF MIDDLETOWN,

Notice to Owners and Keepers of Dogs.

TOWN CLERK'S OFFICE of Middletown, R. I., March 11, A. D. 1895.

PURSUANT to the requirements of law, notice is hereby given to the inhabitants and people of Middletown, that every owner or keeper of a dog of whatsoever, should annually, in the month of April, cause such dog to be registered, numbered, described and licensed from the first day of the ensuing June, in this office; and should cause it to wear a collar around its neck distinctly marked with its owner's name and with its registered number; and should pay to the Town Clerk, for such license, one dollar and fifteen cents for a male dog and five dollars and fifteen cents for a female dog.

Any person may have his or her dog licensed as aforesaid, in the month of May in any year, upon paying to the Town Clerk, two dollars and fifteen cents for a male dog and six dollars and fifteen cents for a female dog.

Any person who may become the owner or keeper of a dog of whatsoever, after the last day of May in any year, and prior to the first day of April following, shall cause the same to be licensed as aforesaid, from this office, within thirty days after becoming such owner or keeper, by paying the sums of money required for dogs licensed in April.

Witness my hand.

ALBERT L. CHASE,
3-16-7w Town Clerk.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage Deed made by Thomas Connolly and Ellen Connolly (with Annie Connolly in release of dower), to the Savings Bank of Newport, dated November 16, 1881, and recorded in Volume 14, pages 528 and 529, of the Mortgages Land Evidence of the City of Newport in the State of Rhode Island; Said mortgagee, the said Savings Bank, will sell at public auction, on MONDAY, April 22, 1895, at twelve o'clock noon (breach having been made in the condition of said mortgage), that parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereof, bounded Easterly, on spring street, thirty-six feet and eight inches; Southerly, on land formerly of Weden T. Underwood, sixty-five feet; Westerly, on land of John Eagan, thirty-six feet and eight inches, and Northerly, on Bachellor's court, sixty five feet, be said measurements respectively, more or less; said land to be sold being the same granted in and by said mortgage.

And said mortgagee hereby gives notice that it intends to bid for said property at said sale thereof.

SAVINGS BANK OF NEWPORT,
by G. P. TAYLOR, Treasurer.
Newport, March 29, 1895—3-30 4w

OLD OAK

Chamber Set,

Wire Springs

AND

SOFT TOP MATTRESS,

for $25.00,

—AT—

BRYER'S.

A Good Piano

Is a profitable and lasting investment. A poor piano is money thrown away. We will sell you a good Piano for a low price on easy terms. You are invited to call.

JAMES H. BARNEY, Jr. & Co.,

154 Thames Street.

REBELS GAINING.

Spanish Troops Lose Heavily In Skirmishes With Cubans.

Maceo Joined by Many of His Old Soldiers—British Schooner With Rebel Recruits Aboard Sunk Off Baracoa.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.—Late reports by steamer from Havana assert that the steamer Manuelita has just arrived from Santiago with more than 800 wounded Spanish soldiers. They were taken to the hospitals there because the hospitals at Santiago are crowded.

A letter from Santiago mentions a battle at Trocones, near the Canto river, in which the Spanish general, Salcedo, with 1000 men, engaged a band of revolutionists under Rabi about March 26. The Spanish loss was said to be 330, while the Cubans lost four killed and 80 wounded. The Spanish troops were mostly boys. The letter states that in the battle pity was taken on many who were caught and their life spared.

Maceo has organized a large force in Santiago province. Since his arrival, 800 soldiers who fought under him in the former revolution, have joined him. They are principally from Mujaquabo, Maceo's old home.

Some Startling Details

of the successful efforts of the insurgents to get an entrance into the port of Baracoa, Cuba, and the wreck of the small British schooner that brought them to the entrance of that place, the shooting of her master by the Spanish soldiers and the imprisonment of her entire crew was told by the officers of the Norwegian steamship Spero, which arrived yesterday from that port.

Excitement runs high at Baracoa, and the majority of the residents of this place seem to sympathize with the insurgents. The large number that were landed from the British schooner, which foundered before her name could be learned, made good their escape after a hot fight with the Spanish soldiers, 15 of whom were dangerously wounded and are in the hospital.

This occurred on April 1, but until the time the Spero left, April 5, none of them had been captured, and they are supposed to be proceeding overland to El Cobre, outside of Santiago, the scene of most of the insurrection.

The condition in Baracoa, which is the center of nearly all the banana plantations of northern Cuba, is assuming serious shape, and nearly all the laborers are being pressed into the service of the revolutionists. Over 1000 men gave up work the day the Spero left and joined the ranks of the insurgents.

The harbor of Baracoa is being watched by the Spanish gunboat Espana, and any further landing of troops from the insurgent forces at this point will probably be prevented. Those who gained entrance by the British schooner came, it is thought, from either Nassau or some of the United States ports in the gulf. They were well armed, and fought their way through the city and out over the mountains, which lie to the southward of the quaint old settlement.

Captain Shot Accidentally.

One of the Spero's passengers said that the shooting of the English captain was an accident, as it happened while he was being taken to jail by the Spanish soldiers. He was shot through the hand and instantly killed. No one in Baracoa seemed to know his name nor the name of the vessel he commanded.

The sailors who were on board have all been cast into the dungeons at Baracoa and are being closely guarded. The insurgents that were on board the schooner were well armed and supplied with a lot of gold.

The distance overland to Santiago is not far, but the country is mountainous in this locality, and they would not be able to reinforce the insurgent forces for a week or 10 days.

On the night of April 1 a Spanish mail steamship landed at Baracoa 200 troops, brought up from other sections of Cuba. The Spero visited Mtaya and Uyumuro, two small towns in Cuba, but all was quiet there.

The Farn line steamship Monkslaton, Captain Beazley, arrived from Santiago in Cuba yesterday, but no news of the condition of affairs at this place could be learned. The management of the Farn Line Steamship company has issued orders prohibiting any of the officers of these ships to give to the public information of any sort regarding the Cuban affairs.

GULLY IS SPEAKER.

Chosen by the House of Commons by a Very Narrow Margin.

WILLIAM COURT GULLY.

LONDON, April 11.—The house of commons yesterday elected William Court Gully, Liberal, as speaker, by a vote of 285 to 274 for Sir Matthew Ridley. Mr. Gully expressed his thanks to the house for his election, and his appreciation of the honor and great responsibility which they had conferred upon him. Sir William Harcourt and Mr. Balfour congratulated Mr. Gully on behalf of their respective parties, and the house adjourned.

Killed Herself and Babe.

MYSTIC, Conn., April 11.—Mrs. Anthony Parker deliberately ended her own life and that of her 6-weeks'-old babe, by throwing herself in front of a locomotive yesterday, with her babe in her arms. Temporary insanity, resulting from sickness, attending upon the child's birth, is thought to have led to the act.

Held Honorable Positions.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., April 10.—W. H. Hunt, aged 45, state senator from Franklin county, paymaster of the Central Vermont railroad and business manager of the St. Albans Messenger company, died here last evening.

Not Much to Live Upon.

WATERBURY, April 10.—Two hundred and twenty-five employes at the union city malleable iron foundry struck yesterday afternoon for a readjustment of wages and hours, and 175 other employes are thrown out of work owing to the stoppage of machinery caused by the strike. Trimmers received 80 cents per day of eight hours, and the floor hands, numbering 100, were getting $1 for eight hours' work.

New Advertisements.

BUY RELIABLE FLOWER SEEDS

From A. C. LANDERS'

167 Thames Street,

FOR 3 CENTS A PACKAGE.

Every package warranted fresh and now and will grow if properly planted. Hundreds who have used these seeds pronounce them strictly reliable.

"Stop and Get a List of Seeds"

SOMETHING

—TO—

"Holler" About.

The pretensions which some of our would-be competitors make to appear what they are NOT, remind us of a gentleman who met a quiet newsboy selling papers. "Is there any news, sonny?" inquired the gentleman. "Lots of news," replied the boy. "But there's nothing wuth 'hollerin' about." Just so, and so their customers find out in the end. But when we "holler" you may be sure there's news worth hearing.

For example, we offer in connection with our regular stock of

Clothing, Hats and Caps

—AND—

Furnishing Goods,

MEN'S

BUSINESS SUITS,

$5 00,

Sold Elsewhere at $7.50.

MEN'S

All Wool Suits

$7 50,

Sold Elsewhere at $10.00.

MEN'S PANTALOONS,

$1 25,

Sold Elsewhere at $2 00.

$14 & $15

SPRING OVERCOATS,

—AT—

$10 00.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

208 Thames Street. 208

For 50c. a Fine Shovel or Spade.

30c. buys an Oliver Plow Point. $18 a Fine Express Harness.
$10 a Fine Driving Harness. $25 a Field Roller.
$20 a Wheel Harrow.

With every sale of $4 worth of FLOWER OR VEGETABLE SEEDS, we give a year's subscription to the "American Gardening."

USE THE SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW. | SMOOTHING HARROWS at reduced prices for '95. | ALL KINDS SEED PLANTERS.

Breed's Universal Weeder AT A PRICE TO COMPETE WITH ANY ON EARTH.

FORKS, SPADES, RAKES, SHOVELS, PICKS, etc.

THE WEAVER LAWN RAKE outwears three of any other pattern.

Our seeds are the best. Prices the lowest.

FERTILIZERS for the garden or lawn. Send in your LAWN MOWERS to be repaired and sharpened

The GEO. A. WEAVER CO.,

THE ONLY AGRICULTURAL SUPPLY HOUSE IN NEWPORT,

19, 21, 23 Broadway.